

MOS INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

μ PD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, 780024A, 780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, 780024AY

8-BIT SINGLE-CHIP MICROCONTROLLERS

DESCRIPTION

The μ PD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, and 780024A are members of the μ PD780024A Subseries of the 78K/0 Series. Only selected functions of the existing μ PD78054 Subseries are provided, and the serial interface is enhanced.

The μ PD780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, and 780024AY are the μ PD780024A Subseries with a multimaster supporting I²C bus interface, which makes them suitable for AV equipment.

Flash memory versions, the μ PD78F0034A and 78F0034AY, that can operate in the same power supply voltage range as the mask ROM versions, and various development tools, are also supported.

Detailed function descriptions are provided in the following user's manuals. Be sure to read them before designing.

μ PD780024A, 780034A, 780024AY, 780034AY
Subseries User's Manual: U14046E
78K/0 Series User's Manual Instructions: U12326E

FEATURES

- Internal ROM and RAM

Part Number	Item	Program Memory (Internal ROM)	Data Memory (Internal High-Speed RAM)	Package
μ PD780021A, 780021AY		8 KB	512 bytes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05mm (750)) • 64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
μ PD780022A, 780022AY		16 KB		
μ PD780023A, 780023AY		24 KB	1024 bytes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
μ PD780024A, 780024AY		32 KB		

- External memory expansion space: 64 KB
- Minimum instruction execution time: 0.24 μ s (@ $f_x = 8.38$ MHz operation)
- I/O ports: 51 (N-ch open-drain 5 V withstand voltage: 4)
- 8-bit resolution A/D converter: 8 channels ($V_{DD} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V)
- Serial interface: 3 channels
 - μ PD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, 780024A: UART mode, 3-wire serial I/O mode (2 channels)
 - μ PD780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, 780024AY: UART mode, 3-wire serial I/O mode, I²C bus mode
- Timer: 5 channels
- Power supply voltage: $V_{DD} = 1.8$ to 5.5 V

APPLICATIONS

Telephones, household electrical appliances, pagers, AV equipment, car audios, office automation equipment, etc.

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Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

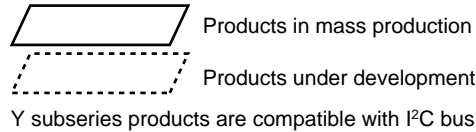
★ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package
μ PD780021ACW-xxx	64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
μ PD780021AGC-xxx-AB8	64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
μ PD780021AGK-xxx-9ET	64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
μ PD780022ACW-xxx	64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
μ PD780022AGC-xxx-AB8	64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
μ PD780022AGK-xxx-9ET	64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
μ PD780023ACW-xxx	64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
μ PD780023AGC-xxx-AB8	64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
μ PD780023AGK-xxx-9ET	64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
μ PD780024ACW-xxx	64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
μ PD780024AGC-xxx-AB8	64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
μ PD780024AGK-xxx-9ET	64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
μ PD780021AYCW-xxx	64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
μ PD780021AYGC-xxx-AB8	64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
μ PD780021AYGK-xxx-9ET	64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
μ PD780022AYCW-xxx	64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
μ PD780022AYGC-xxx-AB8	64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
μ PD780022AYGK-xxx-9ET	64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
μ PD780023AYCW-xxx	64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
μ PD780023AYGC-xxx-AB8	64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
μ PD780023AYGK-xxx-9ET	64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
μ PD780024AYCW-xxx	64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
μ PD780024AYGC-xxx-AB8	64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
μ PD780024AYGK-xxx-9ET	64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)

Remark xxx indicates ROM code suffix.

78K/0 SERIES LINEUP

The products in the 78K/0 Series are listed below. The names enclosed in boxes are subseries names.



78K/0 Series	Control			
	100-pin	μPD78075B	EMI-noise reduced version of the μPD78078	
	100-pin	μPD78078	μPD78054 with added timer and enhanced external interface	
	100-pin	μPD78070A	ROM-less version of the μPD78078	
	100-pin	μPD780018AY	μPD78078Y with enhanced serial I/O and limited function	
	80-pin	μPD780058	μPD78054 with enhanced serial I/O	
	80-pin	μPD78058F	EMI-noise reduced version of the μPD78054	
	80-pin	μPD78054	μPD78018F with added UART and D/A converter and enhanced I/O	
	80-pin	μPD780065	RAM capacity of the μPD780024A increased	
	64-pin	μPD780078	μPD780034A with added timer and enhanced serial I/O	
	64-pin	μPD780034A	μPD780024A with enhanced A/D converter	
	64-pin	μPD780024A	μPD78018F with enhanced serial I/O	
	64-pin	μPD78014H	EMI-noise reduced version of the μPD78018F	
	64-pin	μPD78018F	Basic subseries for control	
	42-/44-pin	μPD78083	On-chip UART, capable of operating at low voltage (1.8 V)	
		Inverter control		
	64-pin	μPD780988	On-chip inverter controller and UART. EMI-noise reduced.	
		VFD drive		
	100-pin	μPD780208	μPD78044F with enhanced I/O and VFD C/D. Display output total: 53	
	80-pin	μPD780232	For panel control. On-chip VFD and C/D. Display output total: 53	
	80-pin	μPD78044H	μPD78044F with added N-ch open-drain I/O. Display output total: 34	
	80-pin	μPD78044F	Basic subseries for VFD drive. Display output total: 34	
		LCD drive		
	120-pin	μPD780338	μPD780308 with enhanced display function and timer. Segment signal output: 40 pins max.	
	120-pin	μPD780328	μPD780308 with enhanced display function and timer. Segment signal output: 32 pins max.	
	120-pin	μPD780318	μPD780308 with enhanced display function and timer. Segment signal output: 24 pins max.	
	100-pin	μPD780308	μPD78064 with enhanced SIO, and increased ROM, RAM capacity	
	100-pin	μPD78064B	EMI-noise reduced version of the μPD78064	
	100-pin	μPD78064	Basic subseries for LCD drive, on-chip UART	
		Bus interface supported		
	100-pin	μPD780948	On-chip D-CAN controller	
	80-pin	μPD78098B	μPD78054 with added IEBus™ controller. EMI-noise reduced.	
	80-pin	μPD780701Y	On-chip D-CAN/IEBus controller	
	80-pin	μPD780833Y	On-chip controller compliant with J1850 (Class 2)	
		Meter control		
100-pin	μPD780958	For industrial meter control		
80-pin	μPD780852	On-chip automobile meter controller/driver		
80-pin	μPD780824	For automobile meter driver. On-chip D-CAN controller		

Remark VFD (Vacuum Fluorescent Display) is referred to as FIP™ (Fluorescent Indicator Panel) in some documents, but the functions of the two are same.

The major functional differences between the subseries are listed below.

• Non Y subseries

Subseries Name	Function	ROM Capacity	Timer				8-bit A/D	10-bit A/D	8-bit D/A	Serial Interface	I/O	V _{DD} MIN. Value	External Expansion										
			8-bit	16-bit	Watch	WDT																	
Control	μPD78075B	32 K to 40 K	4 ch	1 ch	1 ch	1 ch	8 ch	-	2 ch	3 ch (UART: 1ch)	88	1.8 V	√										
	μPD78078	48 K to 60 K									61	2.7 V											
	μPD78070A	-																					
	μPD780058	24 K to 60 K	2 ch	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-										
	μPD78058F	48 K to 60 K												3ch (time division UART: 1ch)	68	1.8 V							
	μPD78054	16 K to 60 K												3 ch (UART: 1ch)	69	2.7 V							
	μPD780065	40 K to 48 K												4 ch (UART: 1ch)	60	2.7 V							
	μPD780078	48 K to 60 K												2 ch	-	8 ch	52	1.8 V					
	μPD780034A	8 K to 32 K												1 ch	8 ch	-	51	3 ch (UART: 1ch)					
	μPD780024A	8 K to 60 K												-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	μPD78014H																						
	μPD78018F	8 K to 60 K												-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
μPD78083	8 K to 16 K	1 ch (UART: 1ch)																					
Inverter control	μPD780988	16 K to 60 K												3 ch	Note	-	1 ch	-	8 ch	-	3 ch (UART: 2ch)	47	4.0 V
VFD drive	μPD780208	32 K to 60 K	2 ch	1 ch	1ch	1ch	8 ch	-	-	2 ch	74	2.7 V	-										
	μPD780232	16 K to 24 K	3 ch	-	-	-	4 ch	-	-	-	40	4.5 V	-										
	μPD78044H	32 K to 48 K	2 ch	1 ch	1ch	-	8ch	-	-	1 ch	68	2.7 V	-										
	μPD78044F	16 K to 40 K	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 ch	-	-	-										
LCD drive	μPD780338	48 K to 60 K	3 ch	2ch	1ch	1ch	-	10 ch	1 ch	2 ch (UART: 2 ch)	54	1.8 V	-										
	μPD780328										62												
	μPD780318										70												
	μPD780308	48 K to 60 K	2 ch	1 ch	-	8 ch	-	-	3 ch (Time division UART: 1 ch)	57	2.0 V	-											
	μPD78064B	32 K	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 ch (UART: 1 ch)	-	-	-											
	μPD78064	16 K to 32 K	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-											
Bus interface supported	μPD780948	60 K	2 ch	2 ch	1 ch	1 ch	8 ch	-	-	3 ch (UART: 1 ch)	79	4.0 V	√										
	μPD78098B	40 K to 60 K	-	1 ch	-	-	-	-	2 ch	69	2.7 V	-											
Meter control	μPD780958	48 K to 60 K	4 ch	2 ch	-	1 ch	-	-	-	2 ch (UART: 1 ch)	69	2.2 V	-										
Dash board control	μPD780852	32 K to 40 K	3 ch	1 ch	1 ch	1 ch	5 ch	-	-	3 ch (UART: 1 ch)	56	4.0 V	-										
	μPD780824	32 K to 60 K								2 ch (UART: 1 ch)	59												

Note 16-bit timer: 2 channels
10-bit timer: 1 channel

• Y subseries

Function Subseries Name	ROM Capacity	Timer				8-bit A/D	10-bit A/D	8-bit D/A	Serial Interface	I/O	V _{DD} MIN. Value	External Expansion		
		8-bit	16-bit	Watch	WDT									
Control	μPD78078Y	48 K to 60 K	4 ch	1 ch	1 ch	1 ch	8 ch	-	2 ch	3 ch (UART: 1 ch, I ² C: 1 ch)	88	1.8 V	√	
	μPD78070AY	-									61	2.7 V		
	μPD780018AY	48 K to 60 K	2 ch	1 ch	1 ch	1 ch	8 ch	-	-	3 ch (I ² C: 1 ch)	88	1.8 V		
	μPD780058Y	24 K to 60 K									68			2.7 V
	μPD78058FY	48 K to 60 K									69			2.0 V
	μPD78054Y	16 K to 60 K									52			1.8 V
	μPD780078Y	48 K to 60 K									51			2.7 V
	μPD780034AY	8 K to 32 K									53			2.0 V
	μPD780024AY	8 K to 32 K									51			2.7 V
μPD78018FY	8 K to 60 K	53									2.0 V			
LCD drive	μPD780308Y	48 K to 60 K	2 ch	1 ch	1 ch	1 ch	8 ch	-	-	3 ch (Time division UART: 1 ch, I ² C: 1 ch)	57	2.0 V	-	
	μPD78064Y	16 K to 32 K												2 ch (UART: 1 ch, I ² C: 1 ch)
For bus interface	μPD780701Y	60 K	3 ch	2 ch	1 ch	1 ch	16 ch	-	-	4 ch (UART: 1 ch, I ² C: 1 ch)	67	3.5 V	-	
	μPD780833Y										65	4.5 V		

Remark The functions of non Y subseries and Y subseries products are the same, except for the serial interface.

OVERVIEW OF FUNCTIONS

Item		Part Number	μPD780021A	μPD780022A	μPD780023A	μPD780024A
			μPD780021AY	μPD780022AY	μPD780023AY	μPD780024AY
Internal memory	ROM		8 KB	16 KB	24 KB	32 KB
	High-speed RAM		512 bytes		1024 bytes	
Memory space			64 KB			
General-purpose registers			8 bits × 32 registers (8 bits × 8 registers × 4 banks)			
Minimum instruction execution time			On-chip minimum instruction execution time cycle variable function			
	When main system clock selected		0.24 μs/0.48 μs/0.95 μs/1.91 μs/3.81 μs (@ 8.38 MHz operation)			
	When subsystem clock selected		122 μs (@ 32.768 kHz operation)			
Instruction set			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 16-bit operation • Multiply/divide (8 bits × 8 bits, 16 bits ÷ 8 bits) • Bit manipulation (set, reset, test, Boolean operation) • BCD adjust, etc. 			
I/O ports			Total: 51 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMOS input: 8 • CMOS I/O: 39 • N-ch open-drain I/O (5-V withstand voltage): 4 			
A/D converter			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8-bit resolution x 8 channels • Low-voltage operation available: AV_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V 			
Serial interface			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • μPD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, 780024A UART mode: 1 channel 3-wire serial I/O mode: 2 channels • μPD780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, 780024AY UART mode: 1 channel 3-wire serial I/O mode: 1 channel I²C bus mode (multimaster supporting): 1 channel 			
Timers			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 16-bit timer/event counter: 1 channel • 8-bit timer/event counter: 2 channels • Watch timer: 1 channel • Watchdog timer: 1 channel 			
Timer outputs			3 (8-bit PWM output capable: 2)			
Clock output			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 65.5 kHz, 131 kHz, 262 kHz, 524 kHz, 1.05 MHz, 2.10 MHz, 4.19 MHz, 8.38 MHz (@ 8.38 MHz operation with main system clock) • 32.768 kHz (@ 32.768 kHz operation with subsystem clock) 			
Buzzer output			1.02 kHz, 2.05 kHz, 4.10 kHz, 8.19 kHz (@ 8.38 MHz operation with main system clock)			
Vectored interrupt sources	Maskable		Internal: 13, external: 5			
	Non-maskable		Internal: 1			
	Software		1			
Power supply voltage			V _{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V			
Operating ambient temperature			T _A = -40 to +85°C			
★	Package		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750)) • 64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14) • 64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12) 			

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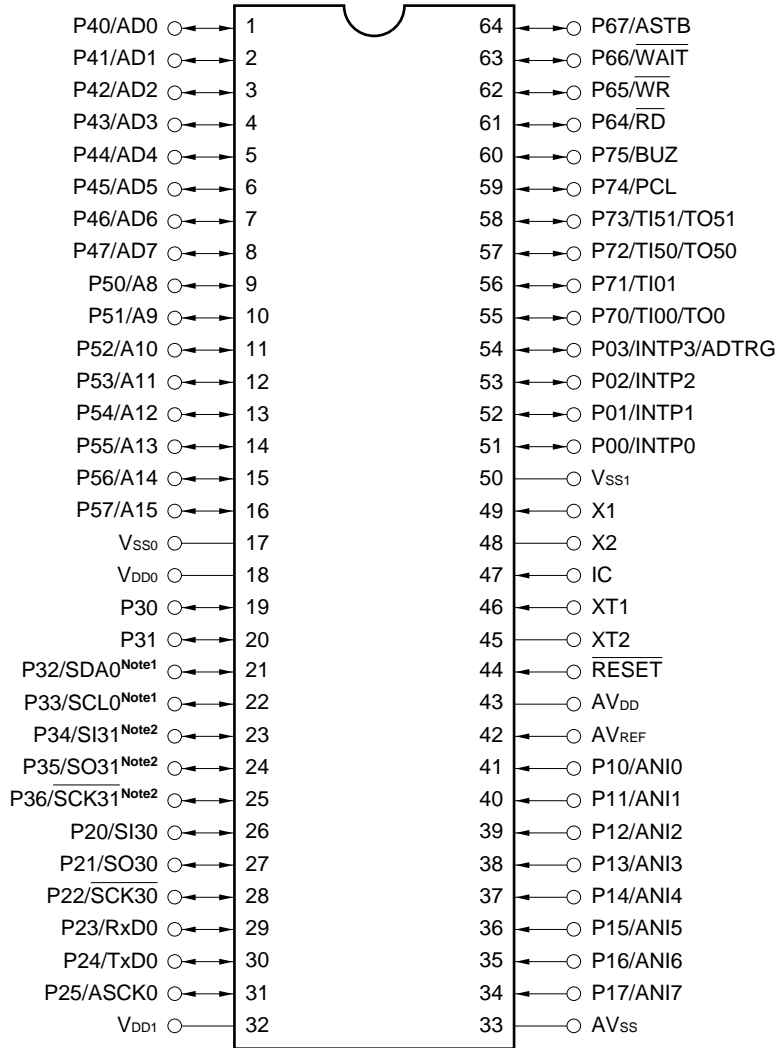
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1. PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)

• 64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))

μPD780021ACW-xxx, 780022ACW-xxx, 780023ACW-xxx, 780024ACW-xxx

μPD780021AYCW-xxx, 780022AYCW-xxx, 780023AYCW-xxx, 780024AYCW-xxx



Notes 1. SDA0 and SCL0 are incorporated only in the μPD780024AY Subseries.

2. SI31, SO31, and SCK31 are incorporated only in the μPD780024A Subseries.

Cautions 1. Connect the IC (Internally Connected) pin directly to VSS0 or VSS1.

2. Connect the AVSS pin to VSS0.

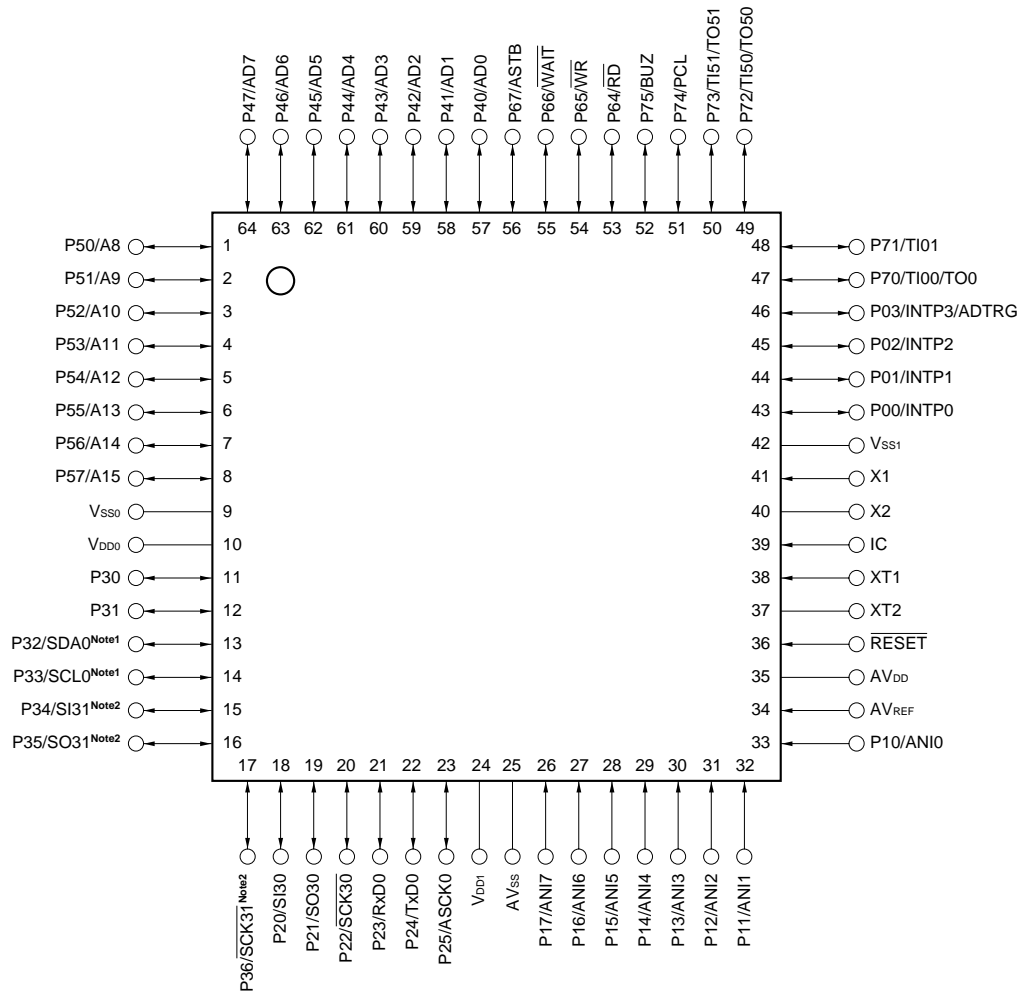
Remark When the μPD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, 780024A, 780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, and 780024AY are used in applications where the noise generated inside the microcontroller needs to be reduced, the implementation of noise reduction measures, such as supplying voltage to VDD0 and VDD1 individually and connecting VSS0 and VSS1 to different ground lines, is recommended.

• **64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)**

μPD780021AGC-xxx-AB8, 780022AGCxxx-AB8, 780023AGC-xxx-AB8, 780024AGC-xxx-AB8,
μPD780021AYGC-xxx-AB8, 780022AYGCxxx-AB8, 780023AYGC-xxx-AB8, 780024AYGC-xxx-AB8

• **64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)**

μPD780021AGK-xxx-9ET, 780022AGKxxx-9ET, 780023AGK-xxx-9ET, 780024AGK-xxx-9ET,
μPD780021AYGK-xxx-9ET, 780022AYGKxxx-9ET, 780023AYGK-xxx-9ET, 780024AYGK-xxx-9ET



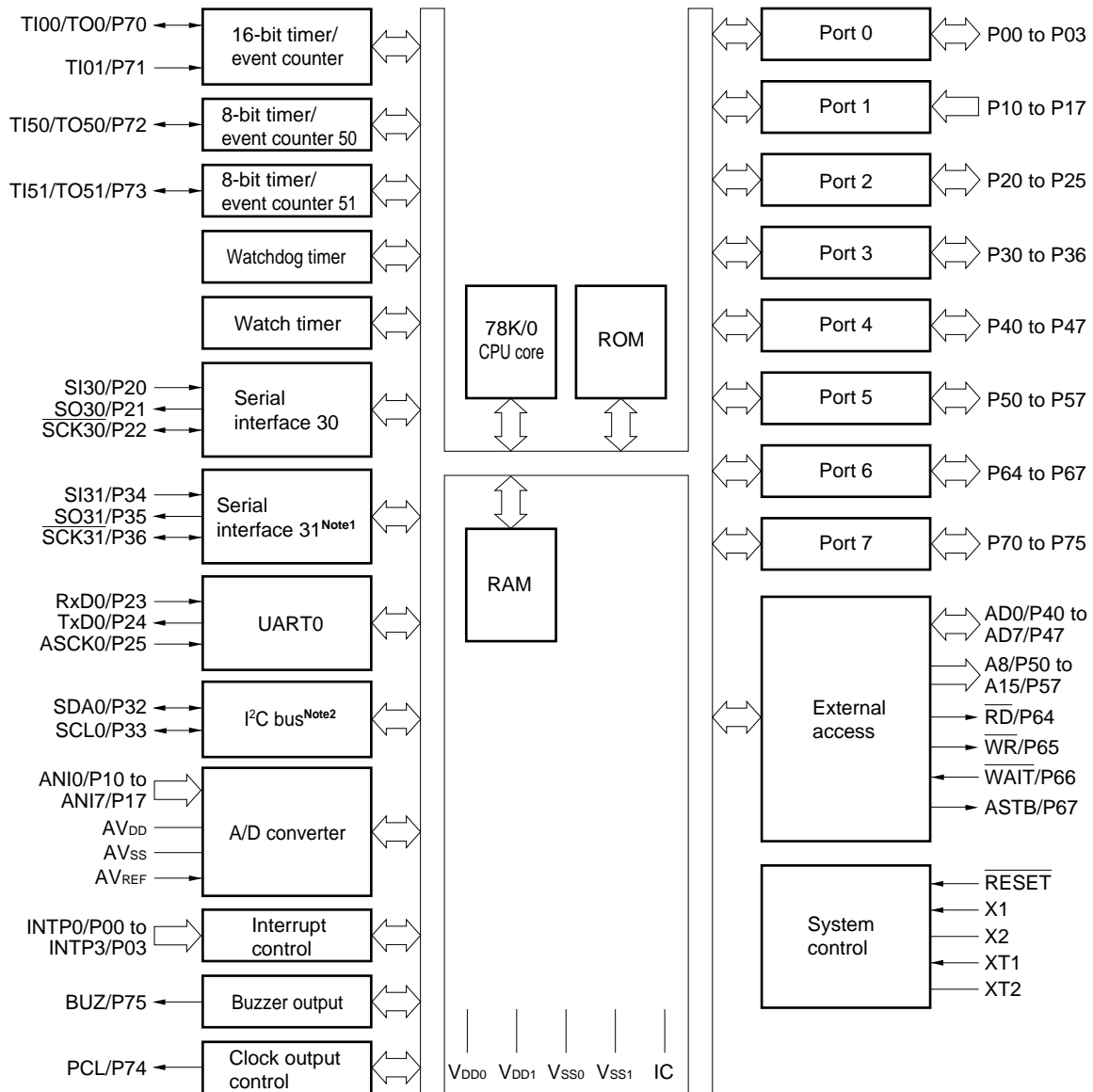
- Notes**
1. SDA0 and SCL0 are incorporated only in the μPD780024AY Subseries.
 2. SI31, SO31, and SCK31 are incorporated only in the μPD780024A Subseries.

- Cautions**
1. Connect the IC (Internally Connected) pin directory to VSS0 or VSS1.
 2. Connect the AVSS pin to VSS0.

Remark When the μPD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, 780024A, 780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, and 780024AY are used in applications where the noise AYgenerated inside the microcontroller needs to be reduced, the implementation of noise reduction measures, such as supplying voltage to VDD0 and VDD1 individually and connecting VSS0 and VSS1 to different ground lines, is recommended.

A8 to A15:	Address Bus	P64 to P67:	Port 6
AD0 to AD7:	Address/Data Bus	P70 to P75:	Port 7
ADTRG:	AD Trigger Input	PCL:	Programmable Clock
ANI0 to ANI7:	Analog Input	\overline{RD} :	Read Strobe
ASCK0:	Asynchronous Serial Clock	RESET:	Reset
ASTB:	Address Strobe	RxD0:	Receive Data
AV _{DD} :	Analog Power Supply	$\overline{SCK30}$, $\overline{SCK31}$, SCL0:	Serial Clock
AV _{REF} :	Analog Reference Voltage	SDA0:	Serial Data
AV _{SS} :	Analog Ground	SI30, SI31:	Serial Input
BUZ:	Buzzer Clock	SO30, SO31:	Serial Output
IC:	Internally Connected	TI00, TI01, TI50, TI51:	Timer Input
INTP0 to INTP3:	External Interrupt Input	TO0, TO50, TO51:	Timer Output
P00 to P03:	Port 0	TxD0:	Transmit Data
P10 to P17:	Port 1	V _{DD0} , V _{DD1} :	Power Supply
P20 to P25:	Port 2	V _{SS0} , V _{SS1} :	Ground
P30 to P36:	Port 3	\overline{WAIT} :	Wait
P40 to P47:	Port 4	\overline{WR} :	Write Strobe
P50 to P57:	Port 5	X1, X2:	Crystal (Main System Clock)
		XT1, XT2:	Crystal (Subsystem Clock)

2. BLOCK DIAGRAM



- Notes**
1. Incorporated only in the μPD780024A Subseries.
 2. Incorporated only in the μPD780024AY Subseries.

Remark The internal ROM and RAM capacities vary depending on the product.

3. PIN FUNCTIONS

3.1 Port Pins (1/2)

Pin Name	I/O	Function		After Reset	Alternate Function
P00 to P02	I/O	Port 0 4-bit I/O port Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be connected by means of software.		Input	INTP0 to INTP2
P03					INTP3/ADTRG
P10 to P17	Input	Port 1 8-bit input only port		Input	ANI0 to ANI7
P20	I/O	Port 2 6-bit I/O port Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be connected by means of software.		Input	SI30
P21					SO30
P22					SCK30
P23					RxD0
P24					TxD0
P25					ASCK0
P30	I/O	Port 3 7-bit I/O port Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units.	N-ch open-drain I/O port An on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by the mask option. LEDs can be driven directly.	Input	—
P31					SDA0 ^{Note 1}
P32					SCL0 ^{Note 1}
P33		SI31 ^{Note 2}			
P34		SO31 ^{Note 2}			
P35		SCK31 ^{Note 2}			
P36					
P40 to P47	I/O	Port 4 8-bit I/O port Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be connected by means of software. The interrupt request flag (KRIF) is set to 1 by falling edge detection.		Input	AD0 to AD7
P50 to P57	I/O	Port 5 8-bit I/O port LEDs can be driven directly. Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be connected by means of software.		Input	A8 to A15
P64	I/O	Port 6 4-bit I/O port Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be connected by means of software.		Input	\overline{RD}
P65					\overline{WR}
P66					\overline{WAIT}
P67					ASTB

- Notes**
1. SDA0 and SCL0 are incorporated only in the μPD780024AY Subseries.
 2. SI31, SO31, and SCK31 are incorporated only in the μPD780024A Subseries.

3.1 Port Pins (2/2)

Pin Name	I/O	Function	After Reset	Alternate Function
P70	I/O	Port 7 6-bit I/O port Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be connected by means of software.	Input	T100/TO0
P71				T101
P72				T150/TO50
P73				T151/TO51
P74				PCL
P75				BUZ

3.2 Non-Port Pins (1/2)

Pin Name	I/O	Function	After Reset	Alternate Function
INTP0	Input	External interrupt request input for which the valid edge (rising edge, falling edge, or both rising and falling edges) can be specified	Input	P00
INTP2				P01
INTP2				P02
INTP3				P03/ADTRG
SI30	Input	Serial interface serial data input	Input	P20
SI31 ^{Note 1}				P34
SO30	Output	Serial interface serial data output	Input	P21
SO31 ^{Note 1}				P35
SDA0 ^{Note 2}	I/O	Serial Interface serial data input/output	Input	P32
SCK30	I/O	Serial interface serial clock input/output	Input	P22
SCK31 ^{Note 1}				P36
SCL0 ^{Note 2}				P33
RxD0	Input	Serial data input for asynchronous serial interface	Input	P23
TxD0	Output	Serial data output for asynchronous serial interface	Input	P24
ASCK0	Input	Serial clock input for asynchronous serial interface	Input	P25
TI00	Input	External count clock input to 16-bit timer/event counter 0	Input	P70/TO0
TI01		Capture trigger input to capture register 01 (CR01) of 16-bit timer/event counter 0		P71
TI50		External count clock input to 8-bit timer/event counter 50		P72/TO50
TI51		External count clock input to 8-bit timer/event counter 51		P73/TO51
TO0	Output	16-bit timer/event counter 0 output	Input	P70/TI00
TO50		8-bit timer/event counter 50 output (also used for 8-bit PWM output)		P72/TI50
TO51		8-bit timer/event counter 51 output (also used for 8-bit PWM output)		P73/TI51
PCL	Output	Clock output (for trimming of main system clock and subsystem clock)	Input	P74
BUZ	Output	Buzzer output	Input	P75
AD0 to AD7	I/O	Lower address/data bus for expanding memory externally	Input	P40 to P47
A8 to A15	Output	Higher address bus for expanding memory externally	Input	P50 to P57
RD	Output	Strobe signal output for reading from external memory	Input	P64
WR		Strobe signal output for writing to external memory		P65
WAIT	Input	Wait insertion at external memory access	Input	P66
ASTB	Output	Strobe output that externally latches address information output to ports 4 and 5 to access external memory	Input	P67

- Notes**
- SI31, SO31, SCK31 are incorporated only in the μPD780024A Subseries.
 - SDA0 and SCL0 are incorporated only in the μPD780024AY Subseries.

3.2 Non-Port Pins (2/2)

Pin Name	I/O	Function	After Reset	Alternate Function
ANI0 to ANI7	Input	A/D converter analog input	Input	P10 to P17
ADTRG	Input	A/D converter trigger signal input	Input	P03/INTP3
AVREF	Input	A/D converter reference voltage input	—	—
AVDD	—	A/D converter analog power supply. Set potential to that of V _{DD0} or V _{DD1}	—	—
AVSS	—	A/D converter ground potential. Set potential to that of V _{SS0} or V _{SS1}	—	—
RESET	Input	System reset input	—	—
X1	Input	Connecting crystal resonator for main system clock oscillation	—	—
X2	—		—	—
XT1	Input	Connecting crystal resonator for subsystem clock oscillation	—	—
XT2	—		—	—
VDD0	—	Positive power supply for ports	—	—
VSS0	—	Ground potential of ports	—	—
VDD1	—	Positive power supply (except ports)	—	—
VSS1	—	Ground potential (except ports)	—	—
IC	—	Internally connected. Connect directly to V _{SS0} or V _{SS1} .	—	—

3.3 Pin I/O Circuits and Recommended Connection of Unused Pins

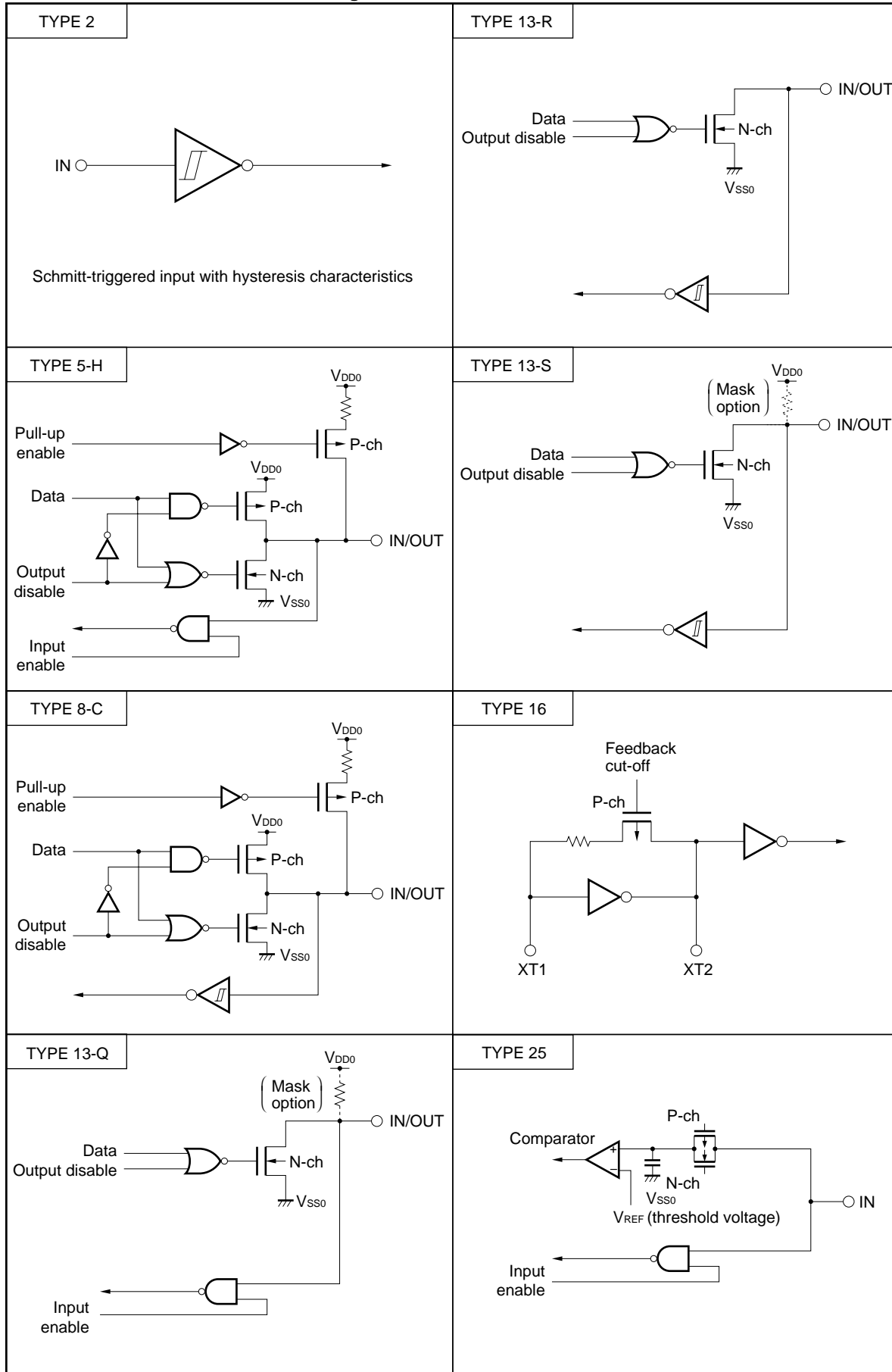
The input/output circuit type of each pin and recommended connection of unused pins are shown in Table 3-1. For the input/output circuit configuration of each type, see Figure 3-1.

Table 3-1. Types of Pin I/O Circuits

Pin Name	I/O Circuit Type	I/O	Recommended Connection of Unused Pins		
P00/INTP0 to P02/INTP2	8-C	I/O	Input: Independently connect to V _{SS0} via a resistor.		
P03/INTP3/ADTRG			Output: Leave open.		
P10/ANI0 to P17/ANI7	25	Input	Connect to V _{DD0} or V _{SS0} via a resistor.		
P20/S130	8-C	I/O	Input: Independently connect to V _{DD0} or V _{SS0} via a resistor. Output: Leave open.		
P21/SO30	5-H				
P22/SCK30	8-C				
P23/RxD0					
P24/TxD0	5-H				
P25/ASCK0	8-C				
P30, P31	13-Q			I/O	Input: Independently connect to V _{DD0} via resistor. Output: Leave open.
P32, P33 (μPD780024A Subseries only)	13-S				
P32/SDA0 (μPD780024AY Subseries only)	13-R				
P33/SCL0 (μPD780024AY Subseries only)					
P34/SI31 ^{Note}		8-C			
P35/SO31 ^{Note}	5-H	I/O	Input: Independently connect to V _{DD0} or V _{SS0} via a resistor. Output: Leave open.		
P36/SCK31 ^{Note}	8-C				
P40/AD0 to P47/AD7	5-H	I/O	Input: Independently connect to V _{DD0} via a resistor. Output: Leave open.		
P50/A8 to P57/A15		I/O	Input: Independently connect to V _{DD0} or V _{SS0} via a resistor.		
P64/RD		I/O	Output: Leave open.		
P65/WR					
P66/WAIT					
P67/ASTB					
P70/TI00/TO0				8-C	
P71/TI01					
P72/TI50/TO50					
P73/TI51/TO51					
P74/PCL	5-H	I/O	Output: Leave open.		
P75/BUZ					
RESET	2	Input	—		
XT1	16		—	Connect to V _{DD0} .	
XT2		—	Leave open.		
AV _{DD}	—	—	Connect to V _{DD0} or V _{DD1} .		
AV _{REF}			Connect to V _{SS0} or V _{SS1} .		
AV _{SS}					
IC			Connect directly to V _{SS0} or V _{SS1} .		

Note SI31, SO31, and SCK31 are incorporated only in the μPD780024A Subseries.

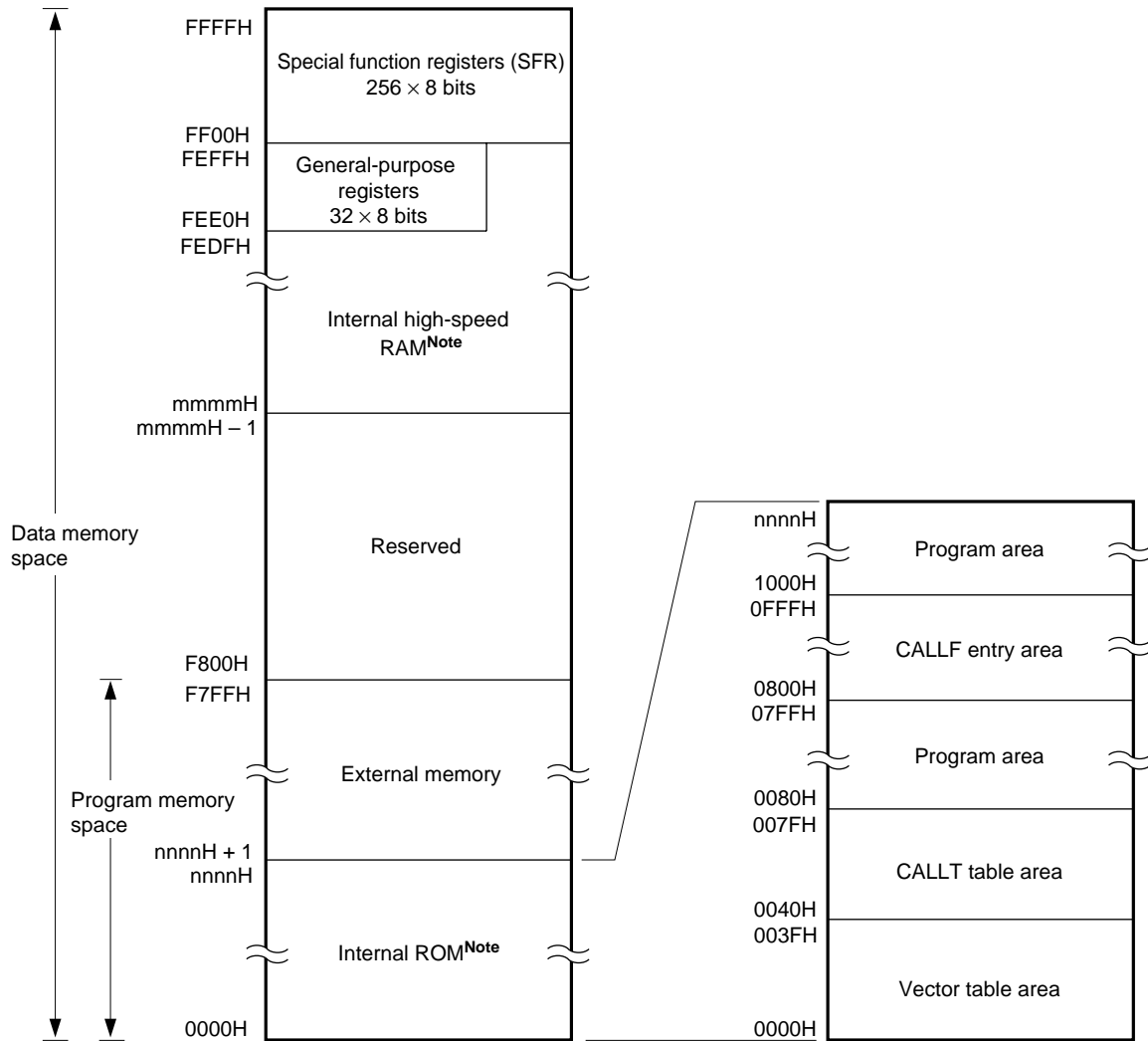
Figure 3-1. Pin I/O Circuits



4. MEMORY SPACE

Figure 4-1 shows the memory map of the μPD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, 780024A, 780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, and 780024AY.

Figure 4-1. Memory Map



Note The internal ROM and internal high-speed RAM capacities vary depending on the products (see the following table).

Part Number	Last Address of Internal ROM nnnnH	Start Address of Internal High-Speed RAM mmmmH
μPD780021A, 780021AY	1FFFH	FD00H
μPD780022A, 780022AY	3FFFH	
μPD780023A, 780023AY	5FFFH	FB00H
μPD780024A, 780024AY	7FFFH	

5. PERIPHERAL HARDWARE FUNCTION FEATURES

5.1 Ports

The following 3 types of I/O ports are available.

• CMOS input (Port 1):	8
• CMOS I/O (Ports 0, 2, 4 to 7, P34 to P36):	39
• N-channel open-drain I/O (P30 to P33):	4
Total:	51

Table 5-1. Port Functions

Name	Pin Name	Function
Port 0	P00 to P03	I/O port. Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by means of software.
Port 1	P10 to P17	Input-only port.
Port 2	P20 to P25	I/O port. Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by means of software.
Port 3	P30 to P33	N-channel open-drain I/O port. Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. A pull-up resistor can be specified by mask option. LEDs can be driven directly.
	P34 to P36	I/O port. Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by means of software.
Port 4	P40 to P47	I/O port. Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by means of software. The interrupt request flag (KRIF) is set to 1 by falling edge detection.
Port 5	P50 to P57	I/O port. Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by means of software. LEDs can be driven directly.
Port 6	P64 to P67	I/O port. Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by means of software.
Port 7	P70 to P75	I/O port. Input/output can be specified in 1-bit units. An on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified by means of software.

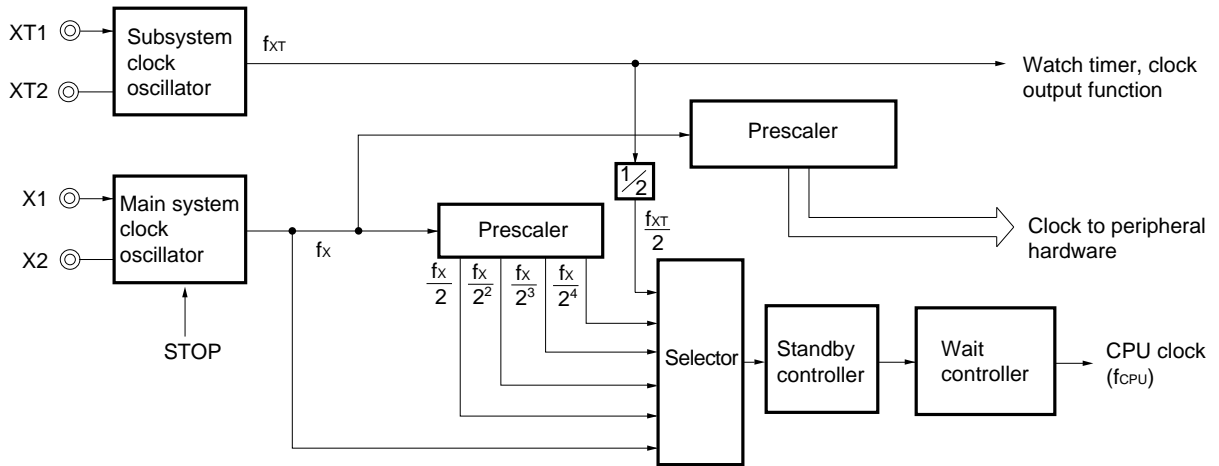
5.2 Clock Generator

A system clock generator is incorporated.

The minimum instruction execution time can be changed.

- 0.24 μ s/0.48 μ s/0.95 μ s/1.91 μ s/3.81 μ s (@ 8.38 MHz operation with main system clock)
- 122 μ s (@ 32.768 kHz operation with subsystem clock)

Figure 5-1. Clock Generator Block Diagram



5.3 Timer/Counter

Five timer/counter channels are incorporated.

- 16-bit timer/event counter: 1 channel
- 8-bit timer/event counter: 2 channels
- Watch timer: 1 channel
- Watchdog timer: 1 channel



Table 5-2. Operations of Timer/Event Counter

	16-Bit Timer/ Event Counter 0	8-Bit Timer/ Event Counters 50, 51	Watch Timer	Watchdog Timer
Operation mode				
Interval timer	1 channel	2 channels	1 channel ^{Note 1}	1 channel ^{Note 2}
External event counter	1 channel	2 channels	—	—
Function				
Timer outputs	1	2	—	—
PPG outputs	1	—	—	—
PWM output	—	2	—	—
Pulse width measurement	2 inputs	—	—	—
Square wave outputs	1	2	—	—
Interrupt sources	2	2	2	1

- Notes**
1. The watch timer can perform both watch timer and interval timer functions at the same time.
 2. The watchdog timer has the watchdog timer and interval timer functions. However, use the watchdog timer by selecting either the watchdog timer function or the interval timer function.

Figure 5-2. Block Diagram of 16-Bit Timer/Event Counter 0

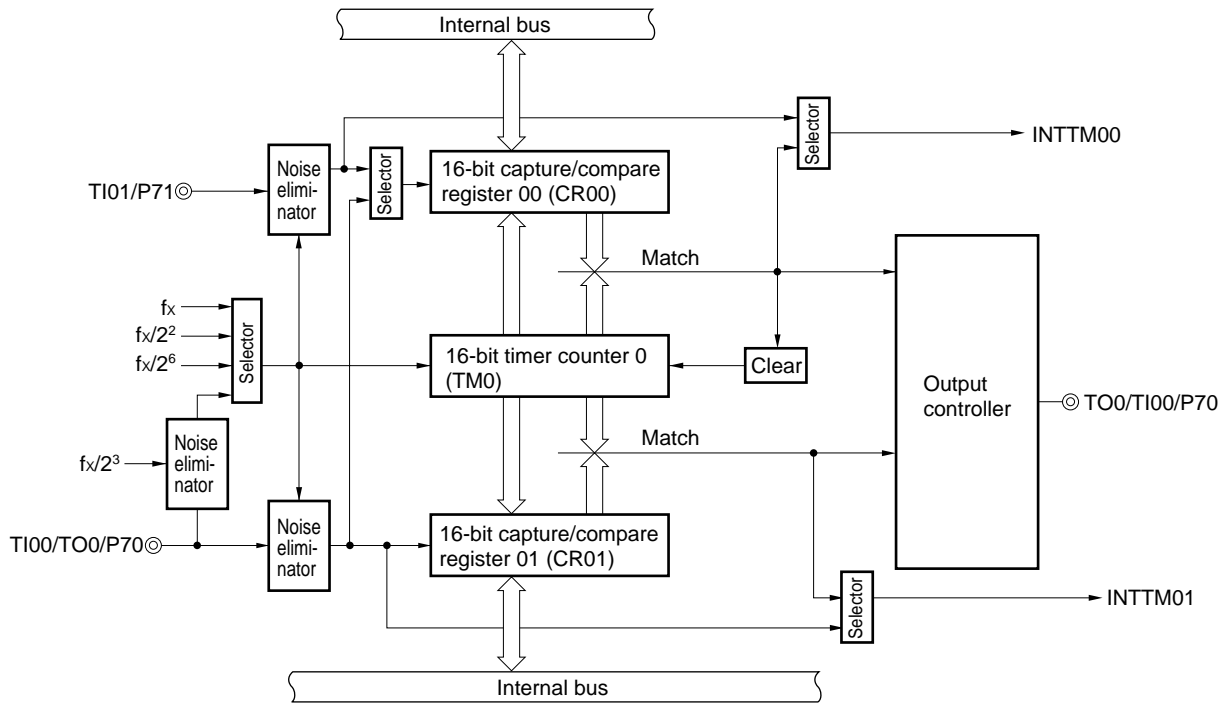


Figure 5-3. Block Diagram of 8-Bit Timer/Event Counter 50

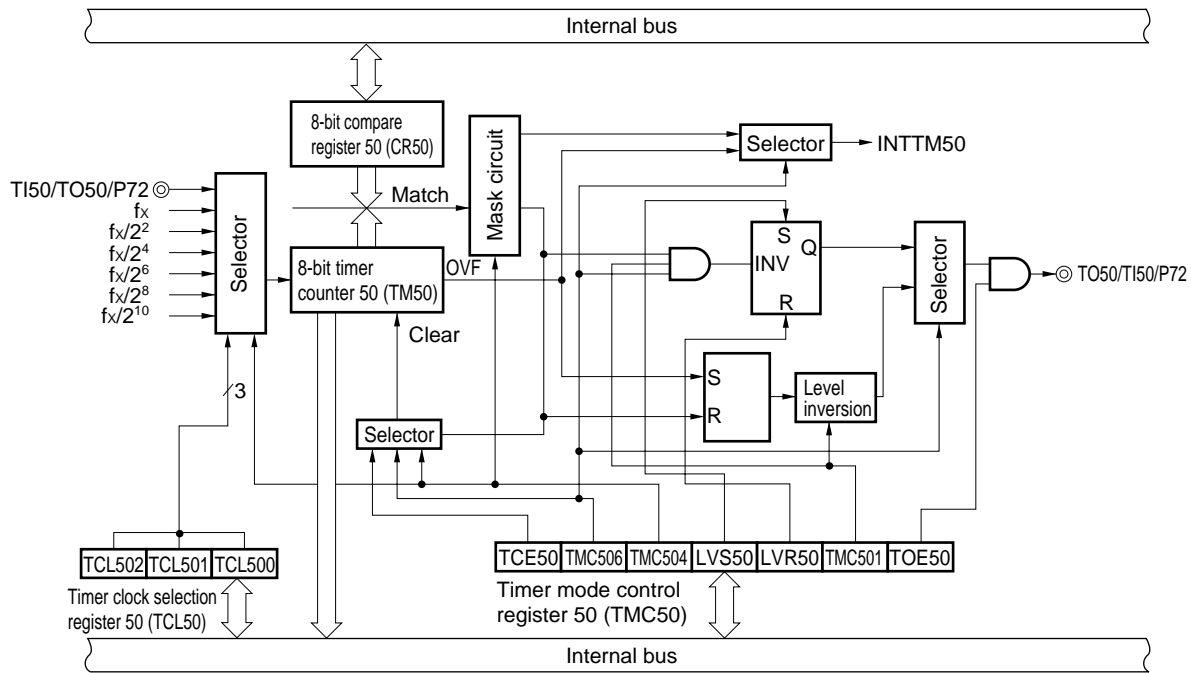


Figure 5-4. Block Diagram of 8-Bit Timer/Event Counter 51

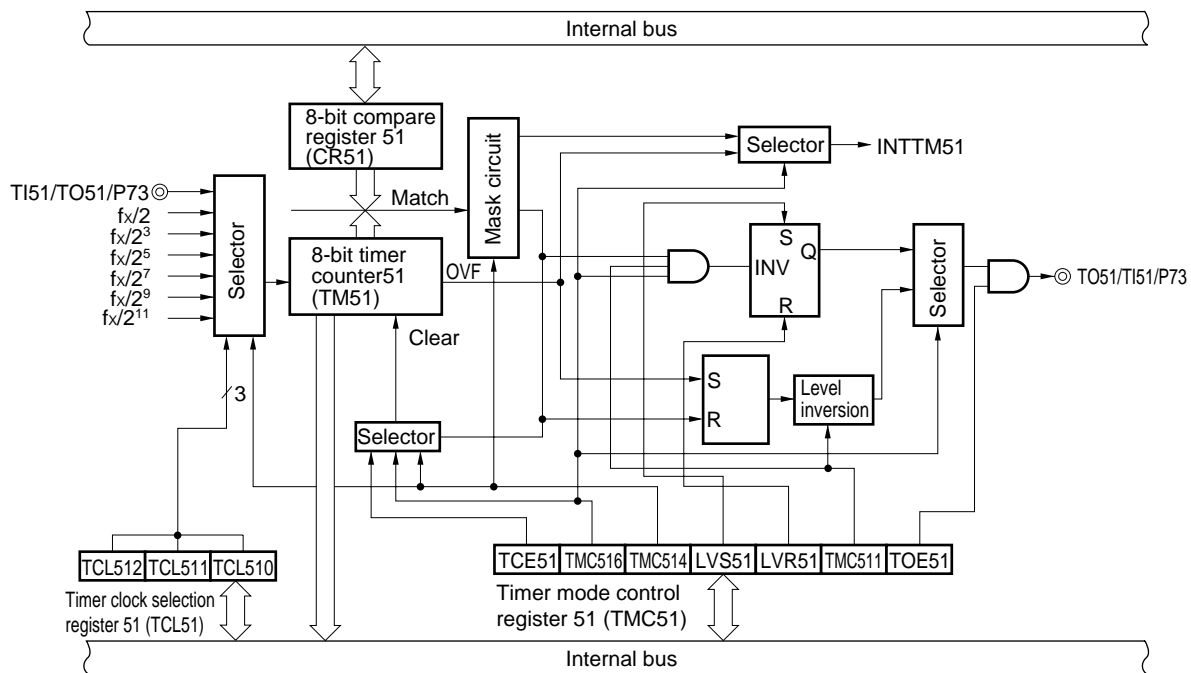


Figure 5-5. Watch Timer Block Diagram

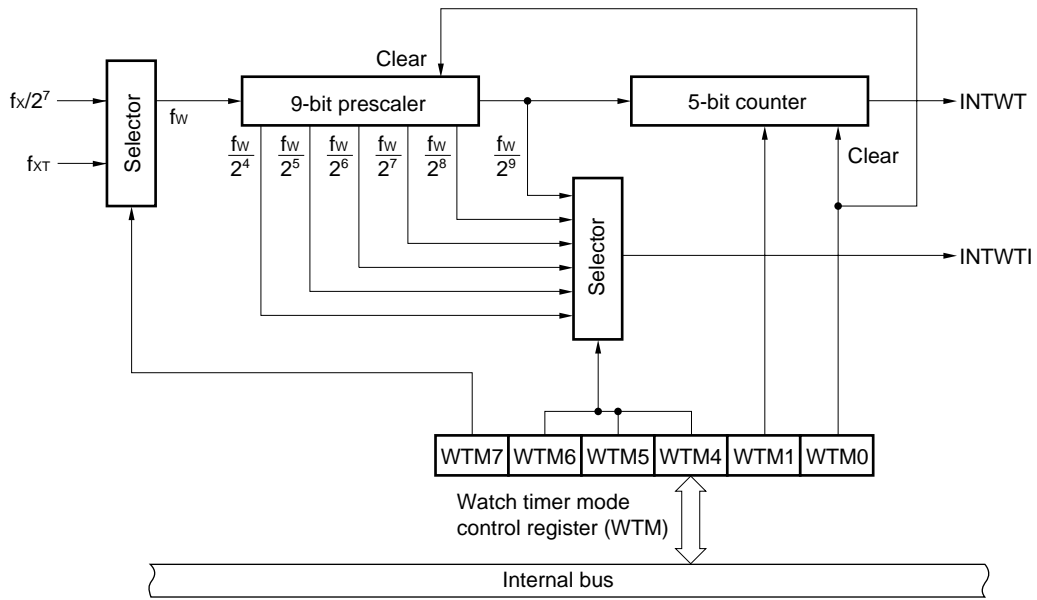
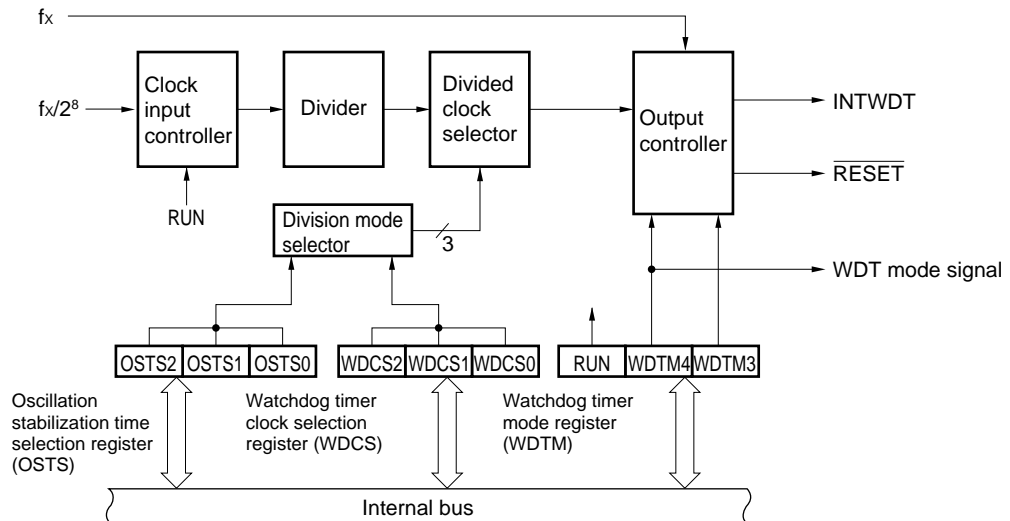


Figure 5-6. Watchdog Timer Block Diagram



5.4 Clock Output/Buzzer Output Controller

A clock output/buzzer output controller (CKU) is incorporated.

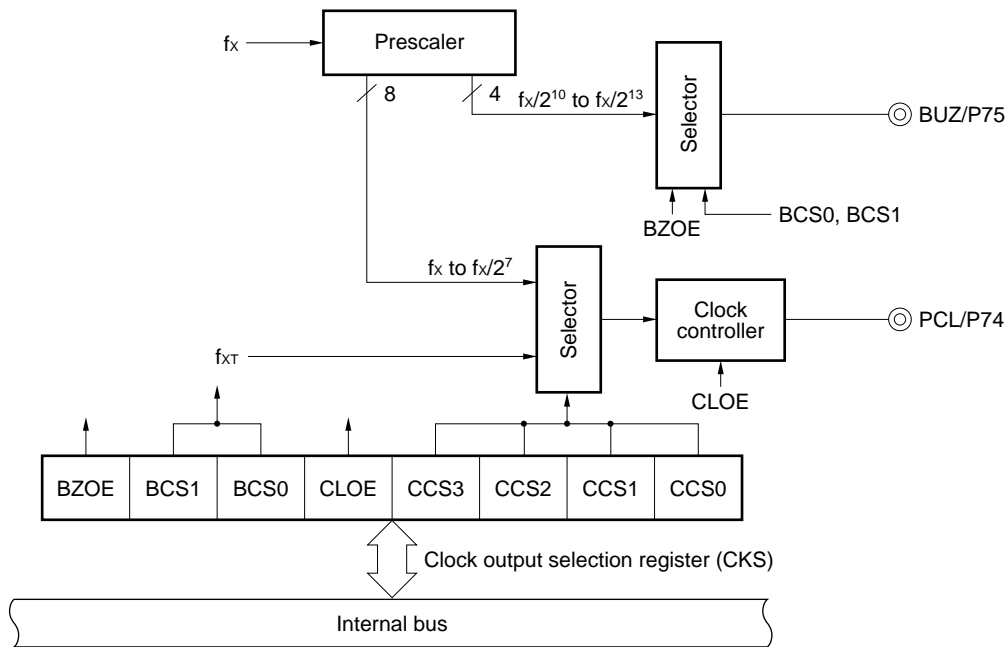
Clocks with the following frequencies can be output as clock output.

- 65.5 kHz/131 kHz/262 kHz/524 kHz/1.05 MHz/2.10 MHz/4.19 MHz/8.38 MHz (@ 8.38 MHz operation with main system clock)
- 32.768 kHz (@ 32.768 kHz operation with subsystem clock)

Clocks with the following frequencies can be output as buzzer output.

- 1.02 kHz/2.05 kHz/4.10 kHz/8.19 kHz (@ 8.38 MHz operation with main system clock)

Figure 5-7. Block Diagram of Clock Output/Buzzer Output Control Circuit CKU



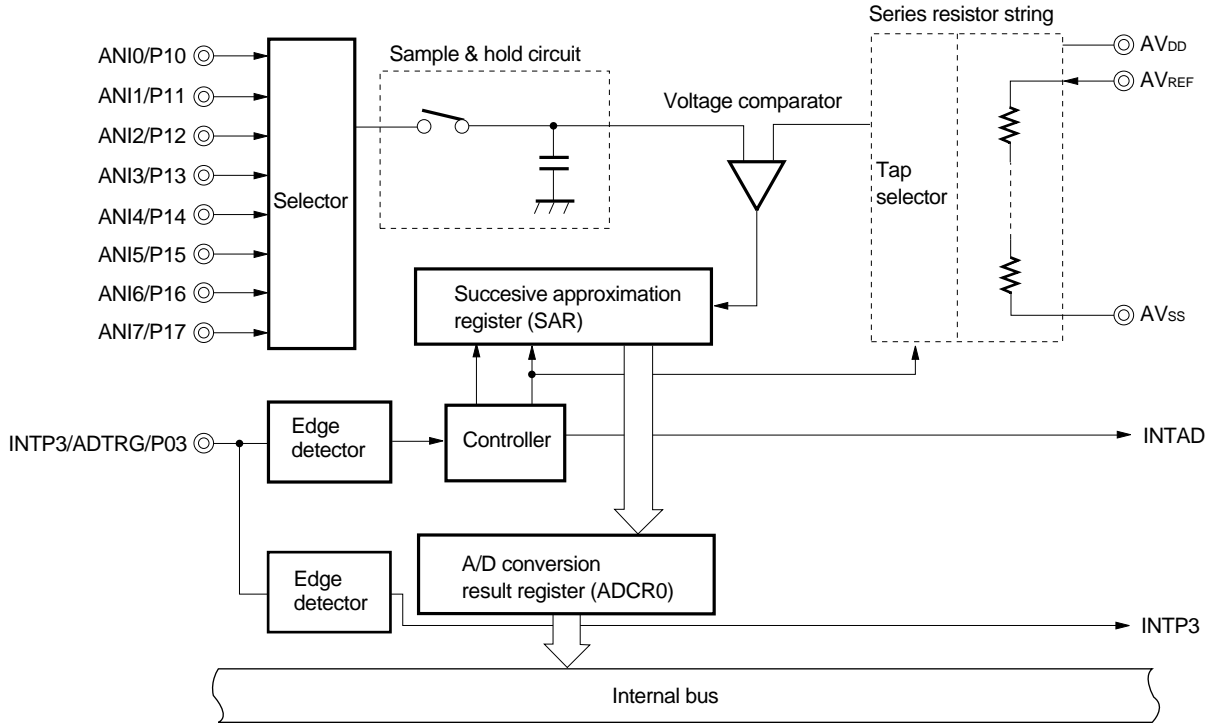
5.5 A/D Converter

An A/D converter consisting of eight 8-bit resolution channels is incorporated.

The following two A/D conversion operation startup methods are available.

- Hardware start
- Software start

Figure 5-8. A/D Converter Block Diagram



5.6 Serial Interface

Three serial interface channels are incorporated.

- μPD780024A Subseries
 - Serial interface UART0: 1 channel
 - Serial interface 30, 31: 2 channels
- μPD780024AY Subseries
 - Serial interface UART0: 1 channel
 - Serial interface 30: 1 channel
 - Serial interface IIC0 1 channel

(1) Serial interface UART0

Serial interface UART0 has two modes: asynchronous serial interface (UART) mode and infrared data transfer mode.

- **Asynchronous serial interface (UART) mode**

This mode enables full-duplex operation wherein one byte of data starting from the start bit is transmitted and received.

The on-chip UART-dedicated baud-rate generator enables communication using a wide range of selectable baud rates. In addition, a baud rate can be also defined by dividing the clock input to the ASCK0 pin.

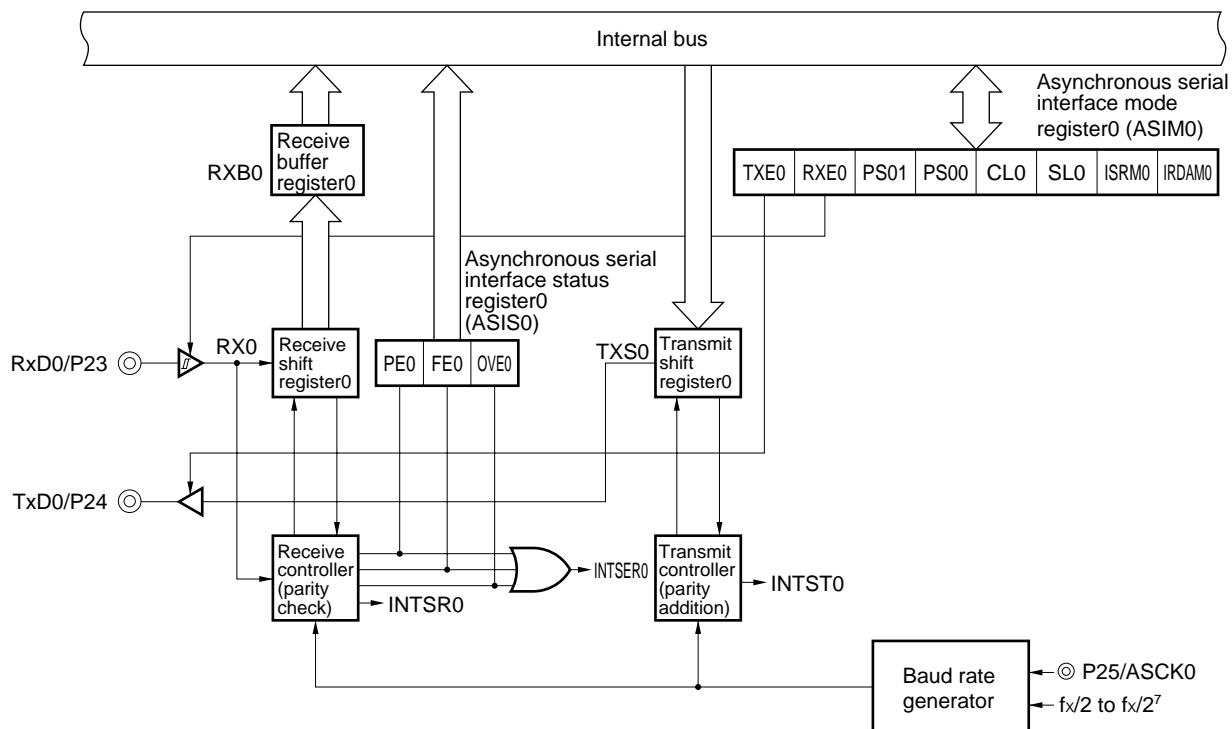
The UART-dedicated baud-rate generator can also be used to generate a MIDI-standard baud rate (31.25 kbps).

- **Infrared data transfer mode**

This mode enables pulse output and pulse reception in data format.

This mode can be used for office equipment applications such as personal computers.

Figure 5-9. Block Diagram of Serial Interface UART0



(2) **Serial interface 3n**^{Note}

Serial interface 3n has one mode: 3-wire serial I/O mode.

- **3-wire serial I/O mode (fixed as MSB first)**

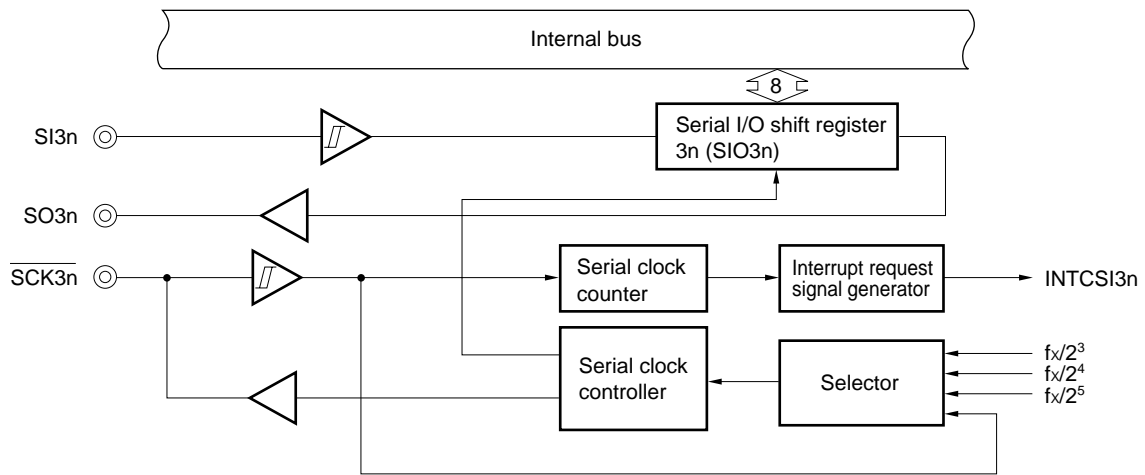
This is an 8-bit data transfer mode using three lines: a serial clock line ($\overline{SCK3n}$), serial output line (SO3n), and serial input line (SI3n).

Since simultaneous transmit and receive operations are enabled in the 3-wire serial I/O mode, the processing time for data transfer is reduced.

The first bit in 8-bit data in the serial transfer is fixed as MSB.

The 3-wire serial I/O mode is useful for connection to a peripheral I/O devices, and display controllers, etc., that include a clocked serial interface.

Figure 5-10. Block Diagram of Serial Interface 3n



Remark μ PD780024A Subseries: n = 0, 1
 μ PD780024AY Subseries: n = 0

(3) Serial interface IIC0 (μPD780024AY Subseries only)

Serial interface IIC0 has one mode: I²C (Inter IC) bus mode (supporting multimaster).

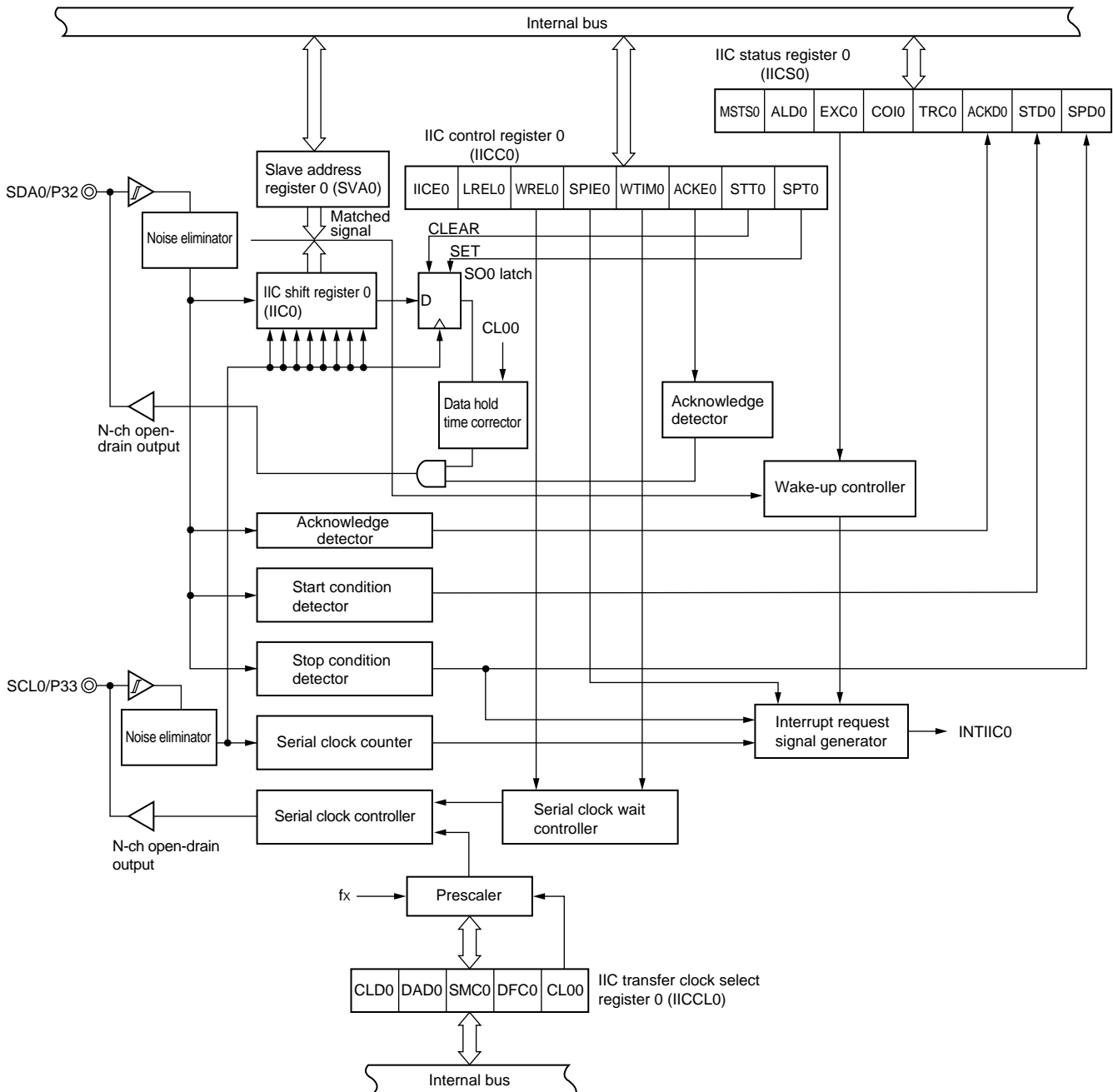
• **I²C bus mode (supporting multimaster)**

This is an 8-bit data transfer mode using two lines: a serial clock line (SCL0) and a serial data bus line (SDA0).

This mode complies with the I²C bus format, and can output a “start condition”, “data”, and a “stop condition” during transmission via the serial data bus. This data is automatically detected by hardware during reception.

Since SCL0 and SDA0 are open-drain outputs in IIC0, pull-up resistors for the serial clock line and the serial data bus line are required.

Figure 5-11. Block Diagram of Serial Interface IIC0



6. INTERRUPT FUNCTIONS

A total of 20 interrupt sources are provided, divided into the following three types.

- Non-maskable: 1
- Maskable: 18
- Software: 1

Table 6-1. Interrupt Source List

Interrupt Type	Default Priority ^{Note 1}	Interrupt Source		Internal/External	Vector Table Address	Basic Configuration Type ^{Note 2}
		Name	Trigger			
Non-maskable	—	INTWDT	Watchdog timer overflow (with watchdog timer mode 1 selected)	Internal	0004H	(A)
Maskable	0	INTWDT	Watchdog timer overflow (with interval timer mode selected)			
	1	INTP0	Pin input edge detection	External	0006H	(C)
	2	INTP1			0008H	
	3	INTP2			000AH	
	4	INTP3			000CH	
	5	INTSER0	Serial interface UART0 reception error generation	Internal	000EH	(B)
	6	INTSR0	End of serial interface UART0 reception		0010H	
	7	INTST0	End of serial interface UART0 transmission		0012H	
	8	INTCSI30	End of serial interface 30 transfer		0014H	
	9	INTCSI31	End of serial interface 31 transfer [Only for μPD780024A Subseries]		0016H	
	10	INTIIC0	End of serial interface IIC0 transfer [Only for μPD780024AY Subseries]		0018H	
	11	INTWTI	Reference time interval signal from watch timer		001AH	
	12	INTTM00	Match between TM0 and CR00 (when CR00 is specified as compare register) Detection of TI01 valid edge (when CR00 is specified as capture register)		001CH	
	13	INTTM01	Match between TM0 and CR01 (when CR01 is specified as compare register) Detection of TI00 valid edge (when CR01 is specified as capture register)		001EH	
	14	INTTM50	Match between TM50 and CR50		0020H	
	15	INTTM51	Match between TM51 and CR51		0022H	
	16	INTAD0	End of A/D conversion		0024H	
	17	INTWT	Watch timer overflow		0026H	
	18	INTKR	Port 4 falling edge detection	External	0028H	(D)
Software	—	BRK	BRK instruction execution	—	003EH	(E)

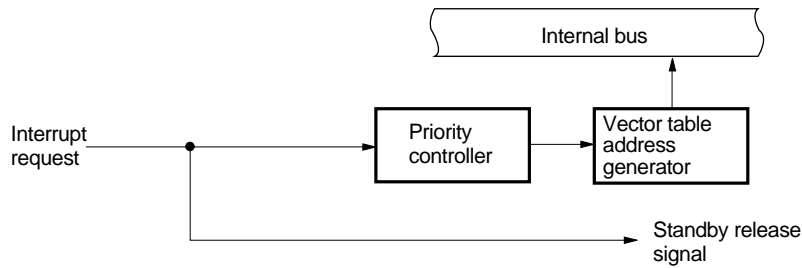
Notes 1. The default priority is the priority when several maskable interrupt requests are generated at the same time. 0 is the highest order, and 18 is the lowest.

2. Basic configuration types (A) to (E) correspond to (A) to (E) in Figure 6-1.

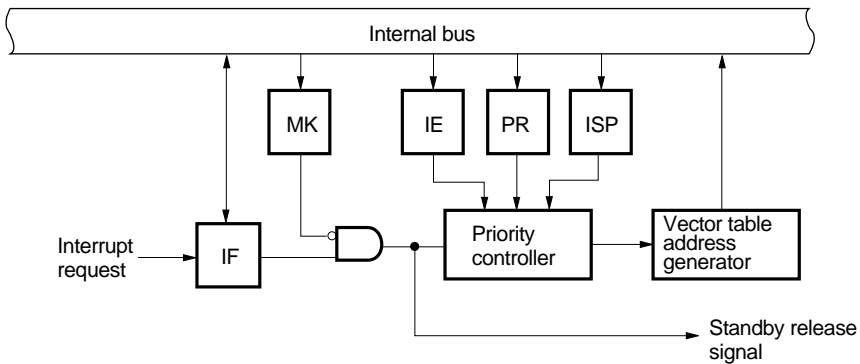
Remark Two watchdog timer interrupt sources (INTWDT): a non-maskable interrupt and a maskable interrupt (internal), are available, either of which can be selected.

Figure 6-1. Basic Configuration of Interrupt Function (1/2)

(A) Internal non-maskable interrupt



(B) Internal maskable interrupt



(C) External maskable interrupt (INTP0 to INTP3)

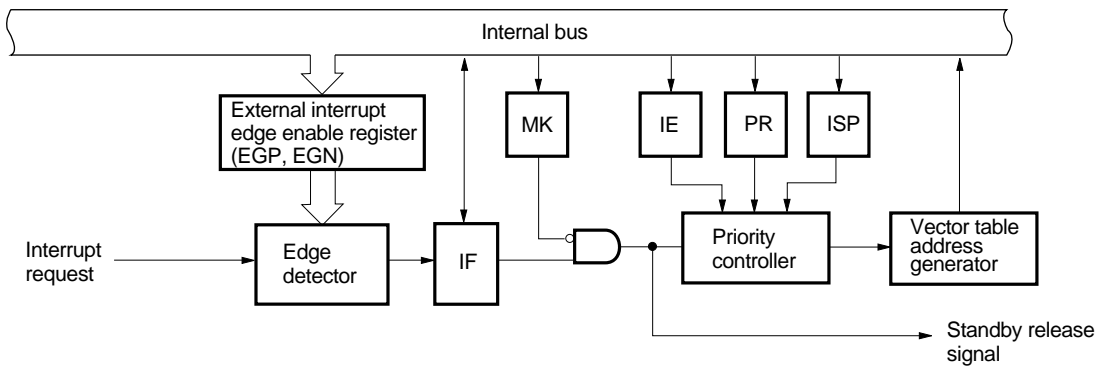
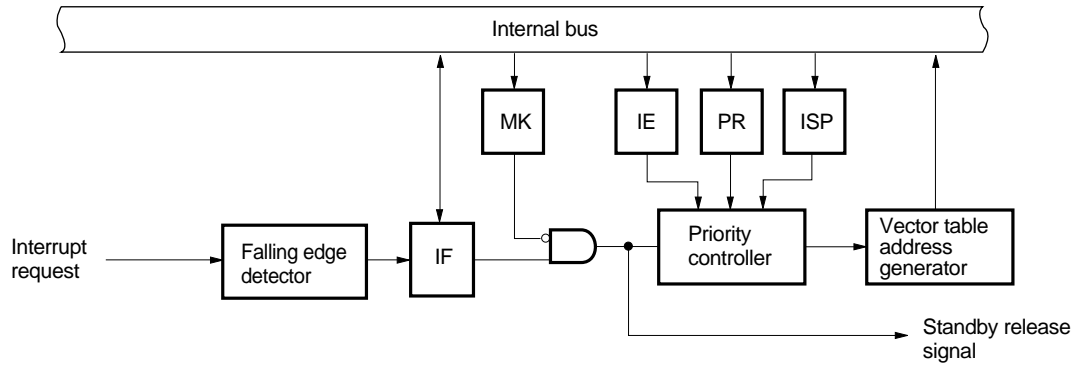
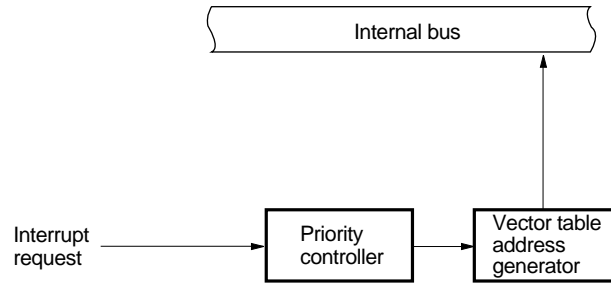


Figure 6-1. Basic Configuration of Interrupt Function (2/2)

(D) External maskable interrupt (INTKR)



(E) Software interrupt



- IF: Interrupt request flag
- IE: Interrupt enable flag
- ISP: In-service priority flag
- MK: Interrupt mask flag
- PR: Priority specification flag

7. EXTERNAL DEVICE EXPANSION FUNCTION

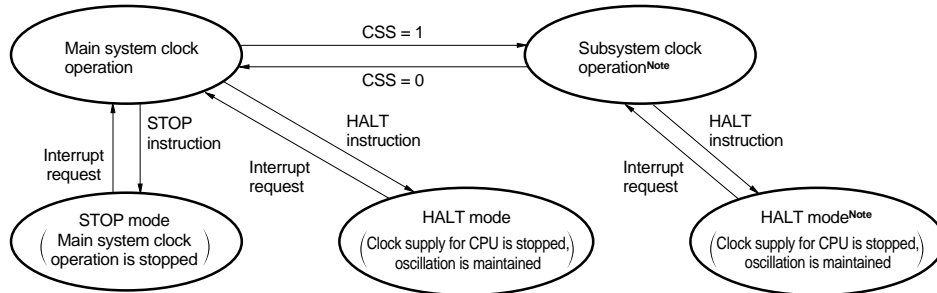
The external device expansion function is for connecting external devices to areas other than the internal ROM, RAM, and SFR. Ports 4 to 6 are used for external device connection.

8. STANDBY FUNCTION

The following two standby modes are available for further reduction of system current consumption.

- HALT mode: In this mode, the CPU operation clock is stopped. The average current consumption can be reduced by intermittent operation by combining this mode with the normal operation mode.
- STOP mode: In this mode, oscillation of the main system clock is stopped. All the operations performed on the main system clock are suspended, and only the subsystem clock is used, resulting in extremely small power consumption. This can be used only when the main system clock is operating (the subsystem clock oscillation cannot be stopped).

Figure 8-1. Standby Function



Note The current consumption can be reduced by stopping the main system clock. When the CPU is operating on the subsystem clock, set bit 7 (MCC) of the processor clock control register (PCC). The STOP instruction cannot be used.

Caution When the main system clock is stopped and the device is operating on the subsystem clock, wait until the oscillation stabilization time has been secured by the program before switching back to the main system clock.

9. RESET FUNCTION

The following two reset methods are available.

- External reset by $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ signal input
- Internal reset by watchdog timer runaway time detection

10. MASK OPTION

Table 10.1 Pin Mask Option Selection

Subseries Name	Pins	Mask Option
μPD780024A Subseries	P30 to P33	An on-chip pull-up resistor can be specified in 1-bit units.
μPD780024AY Subseries	P30 and P33	

The mask option can be used to specify the connection of an on-chip pull-up resistor to P30 to P33^{Note}, in 1-bit units.

Note The μPD780024AY Subseries has P30 and P31 only.

11. INSTRUCTION SET

(1) 8-bit instructions

MOV, XCH, ADD, ADDC, SUB, SUBC, AND, OR, XOR, CMP, MULU, DIVUW, INC, DEC, ROR, ROL, RORC, ROLC, ROR4, ROL4, PUSH, POP, DBNZ

2nd Operand 1st Operand	#byte	A	r ^{Note}	sfr	saddr	!addr16	PSW	[DE]	[HL]	[HL + byte] [HL + B] [HL + C]	\$addr16	1	None
A	ADD ADDC SUB SUBC AND OR XOR CMP		MOV XCH ADD ADDC SUB SUBC AND OR XOR CMP	MOV XCH	MOV XCH ADD ADDC SUB SUBC AND OR XOR CMP	MOV XCH ADD ADDC SUB SUBC AND OR XOR CMP	MOV	MOV XCH	MOV XCH ADD ADDC SUB SUBC AND OR XOR CMP	MOV XCH ADD ADDC SUB SUBC AND OR XOR CMP		ROR ROL RORC ROLC	
r	MOV	MOV ADD ADDC SUB SUBC AND OR XOR CMP											INC DEC
B, C											DBNZ		
sfr	MOV	MOV											
saddr	MOV ADD ADDC SUB SUBC AND OR XOR CMP	MOV									DBNZ		INC DEC
!addr16		MOV											
PSW	MOV	MOV											PUSH POP
[DE]		MOV											
[HL]		MOV											ROR4 ROL4
[HL + byte] [HL + B] [HL + C]		MOV											
X													MULU
C													DIVUW

Note Except r = A

(2) 16-bit instructions

MOVW, XCHW, ADDW, SUBW, CMPW, PUSH, POP, INCW, DECW

2nd Operand 1st Operand	#word	AX	rp ^{Note}	sfrp	saddrp	!addr16	SP	None
AX	ADDW SUBW CMPW		MOVW XCHW	MOVW	MOVW	MOVW	MOVW	
rp	MOVW	MOVW ^{Note}						INCW, DECW PUSH, POP
sfrp	MOVW	MOVW						
saddrp	MOVW	MOVW						
!addr16		MOVW						
SP	MOVW	MOVW						

Note Only when rp = BC, DE or HL

(3) Bit manipulation instructions

MOV1, AND1, OR1, XOR1, SET1, CLR1, NOT1, BT, BF, BTCLR

2nd Operand 1st Operand	A.bit	sfr.bit	saddr.bit	PSW.bit	[HL].bit	CY	\$addr16	None
A.bit						MOV1	BT BF BTCLR	SET1 CLR1
sfr.bit						MOV1	BT BF BTCLR	SET1 CLR1
saddr.bit						MOV1	BT BF BTCLR	SET1 CLR1
PSW.bit						MOV1	BT BF BTCLR	SET1 CLR1
[HL].bit						MOV1	BT BF BTCLR	SET1 CLR1
CY	MOV1 AND1 OR1 XOR1	MOV1 AND1 OR1 XOR1	MOV1 AND1 OR1 XOR1	MOV1 AND1 OR1 XOR1	MOV1 AND1 OR1 XOR1			SET1 CLR1 NOT1

(4) Call instructions/branch instructions

CALL, CALLF, CALLT, BR, BC, BNC, BZ, BNZ, BT, BF, BTCLR, DBNZ

2nd Operand 1st Operand	AX	!addr16	!addr11	[addr5]	\$addr16
Basic instruction	BR	CALL BR	CALLF	CALLT	BR, BC, BNC BZ, BNZ
Compound instruction					BT, BF BTCLR DBNZ

(5) Other instructions

ADJBA, ADJBS, BRK, RET, RETI, RETB, SEL, NOP, EI, DI, HALT, STOP

12. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}			-0.3 to +6.5	V
	AV _{DD}			-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note}	V
	AV _{REF}			-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note}	V
	AV _{SS}			-0.3 to +0.3	V
Input voltage	V _{I1}	P00 to P03, P10 to P17, P20 to P25, P34 to P36, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P75, X1, X2, XT1, XT2, RESET		-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note}	V
	V _{I2}	P30 to P33	N-ch open-drain	Without pull-up resistor With pull-up resistor	-0.3 to + 6.5 -0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note}
Output voltage	V _O			-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note}	V
Analog input voltage	V _{AN}	P10 to P17	Analog input pin	AV _{SS} - 0.3 to AV _{REF0} + 0.3 ^{Note} and -0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 ^{Note}	V
Output current, high	I _{OH}	Per pin		-10	mA
		Total for P00 to P03, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P75		-15	mA
		Total for P20 to P25, P30 to P36		-15	mA
Output current, low	I _{OL}	Per pin for P00 to P03, P20 to P25, P34 to P36, P40 to P47, P64 to P67, P70 to P75		20	mA
		Per pin for P30 to P33, P50 to P57		30	mA
		Total for P00 to P03, P40 to P47, P64 to P67, P70 to P75		50	mA
		Total for P20 to P25		20	mA
		Total for P30 to P36		100	mA
		Total for P50 to P57		100	mA
Operating ambient temperature	T _A			-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}			-65 to +150	°C

Note 6.5 V or below

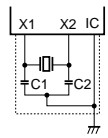
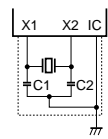
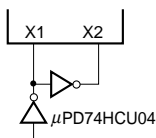
Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Capacitance (T_A = 25°C, V_{DD} = V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	f = 1 MHz Unmeasured pins returned to 0 V.				15	pF
I/O capacitance	C _{IO}	f = 1 MHz Unmeasured pins returned to 0 V.	P00 to P03, P20 to P25, P34 to P36, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P75			15	pF
			P30 to P33			20	pF

Remark Unless otherwise specified, the characteristic of alternate-function pins are the same as those of port pins.

Main System Clock Oscillator Characteristics (T_A = -40 to 85°C, V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V)

Resonator	Recommended Circuit	Parameter	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Ceramic resonator		Oscillation frequency (f _x) ^{Note 1}	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V	1.0		8.38	MHz
				1.0		5.0	
		Oscillation stabilization time ^{Note 2}	After V _{DD} reaches oscillation voltage range MIN.			4	ms
Crystal resonator		Oscillation frequency (f _x) ^{Note 1}	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V	1.0		8.38	MHz
				1.0		5.0	
		Oscillation stabilization time ^{Note 2}	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V			10	ms
						30	
External clock		X1 input frequency (f _x) ^{Note 1}	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V	1.0		8.38	MHz
				1.0		5.0	
		X1 input high-/low-level width (t _{xH} , t _{xL})	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V	50		500	ns
			85		500		

Notes 1. Indicates only oscillator characteristics. Refer to **AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.

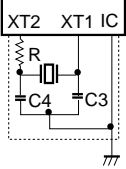
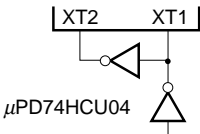
2. Time required to stabilize oscillation after reset or STOP mode release.

Cautions 1. When using the main system clock oscillator, wire as follows in the area enclosed by the broken lines in the above figures to avoid an adverse effect from wiring capacitance.

- Keep the wiring length as short as possible.
- Do not cross the wiring with the other signal lines.
- Do not route the wiring near a signal line through which a high fluctuating current flows.
- Always make the ground point of the oscillator capacitor the same potential as V_{SS1}.
- Do not ground the capacitor to a ground pattern through which a high current flows.
- Do not fetch signals from the oscillator.

2. When the main system clock is stopped and the system is operating on the subsystem clock, wait until the oscillation stabilization time has been secured by the program before switching back to the main system clock.

Subsystem Clock Oscillator Characteristics (T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V)

Resonator	Recommended Circuit	Parameter	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Crystal resonator		Oscillation frequency (f _{XT}) ^{Note 1}		32	32.768	35	kHz
		Oscillation stabilization time ^{Note 2}	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V		1.2	2	s
External clock		XT1 input frequency (f _{XT}) ^{Note 1}		32		38.5	kHz
		XT1 input high-/low-level width (t _{XTH} , t _{XTL})		5		15	μs

- Notes**
1. Indicates only oscillator characteristics. Refer to **AC Characteristics** for instruction execution time.
 2. Time required to stabilize oscillation after V_{DD} reaches oscillation voltage range MIN.

Cautions

1. When using the subsystem clock oscillator, wire as follows in the area enclosed by the broken lines in the above figures to avoid an adverse effect from wiring capacitance.

- Keep the wiring length as short as possible.
- Do not cross the wiring with the other signal lines.
- Do not route the wiring near a signal line through which a high fluctuating current flows.
- Always make the ground point of the oscillator capacitor the same potential as V_{SS1}.
- Do not ground the capacitor to a ground pattern through which a high current flows.
- Do not fetch signals from the oscillator.

2. The subsystem clock oscillator is designed as a low-amplitude circuit for reducing current consumption, and is more prone to malfunction due to noise than the main system clock oscillator. Particular care is therefore required with the wiring method when the subsystem clock is used.

Recommended Oscillator Constant

Main system clock: Ceramic resonator (T_A = -40 to +85°C)

Manufacturer	Part Number	Frequency (MHz)	Recommended Circuit Constant		Oscillation Voltage Range	
			C1 (pF)	C2 (pF)	MIN. (V)	MAX. (V)
Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd.	CSB1000J	1.00	100	100	1.8	5.5
	CSA2.00MG040	2.00	100	100	1.8	5.5
	CST2.00MG040	2.00	On-chip	On-chip	1.8	5.5
	CSA3.58MG	3.58	30	30	1.8	5.5
	CST3.58MGW	3.58	On-chip	On-chip	1.8	5.5
	CSA4.19MG	4.19	30	30	1.8	5.5
	CST4.19MGW	4.19	On-chip	On-chip	1.8	5.5
	CSA5.00MG	5.00	30	30	1.8	5.5
	CST5.00MGW	5.00	On-chip	On-chip	1.8	5.5
	CSA8.00MTZ	8.00	30	30	4.0	5.5
	CST8.00MTW	8.00	On-chip	On-chip	4.0	5.5
	CSA8.00MTZ093	8.00	30	30	4.0	5.5
	CST8.00MTW093	8.00	On-chip	On-chip	4.0	5.5
	CSA8.38MTZ	8.38	30	30	4.0	5.5
	CST8.38MTW	8.38	On-chip	On-chip	4.0	5.5
	CSA8.38MTZ093	8.38	30	30	4.0	5.5
CST8.38MTW093	8.38	On-chip	On-chip	4.0	5.5	
TDK	CCR3.58MC3	3.58	On-chip	On-chip	1.8	5.5
	CCR4.19MC3	4.19	On-chip	On-chip	1.8	5.5
	CCR5.0MC3	5.00	On-chip	On-chip	1.8	5.5
	CCR8.0MC5	8.00	On-chip	On-chip	2.0	5.5
	CCR8.38MC5	8.38	On-chip	On-chip	2.0	5.5

Caution The oscillator constant and oscillation voltage range indicate conditions of stable oscillation. Oscillation frequency precision is not guaranteed. For applications requiring oscillation frequency precision, the oscillation frequency must be adjusted on the implementation circuit. For details, contact directly the manufacturer of the resonator used.

DC Characteristics (T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high	I _{OH}	Per pin			-1	mA
		All pins			-15	mA
Output current, low	I _{OL}	Per pin for P00 to P03, P20 to P25, P34 to P36, P40 to P47, P64 to P67, P70 to P75			10	mA
		Per pin for P30 to P33, P50 to P57			15	mA
		Total for P00 to P03, P40 to P47, P64 to P67, P70 to P75			20	mA
		Total for P20 to P25			10	mA
		Total for P30 to P36			70	mA
		Total for P50 to P57			70	mA
Input voltage, high	V _{IH1}	P10 to P17, P21, P24, P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P74, P75	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V	0.7V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V
				0.8V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH2}	P00 to P03, P20, P22, P23, P25, P34, P36, P70 to P73, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V	0.8V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V
				0.85V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH3}	P30 to P33 (N-ch open-drain)	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V	0.7V _{DD}	5.5	V
				0.8V _{DD}	5.5	V
	V _{IH4}	X1, X2	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V	V _{DD} - 0.5	V _{DD}	V
				V _{DD} - 0.2	V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH5}	XT1, XT2	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V	0.8V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V
				0.9V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V
Input voltage, low	V _{IL1}	P10 to P17, P21, P24, P35, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P74, P75	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V	0	0.3V _{DD}	V
				0	0.2V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL2}	P00 to P03, P20, P22, P23, P25, P34, P36, P70 to P73, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V	0	0.2V _{DD}	V
				0	0.15V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL3}	P30 to P33	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0	0.3V _{DD}	V
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V	0	0.2V _{DD}	V
			1.8 V ≤ V _{DD} < 2.7 V	0	0.1V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL4}	X1, X2	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V	0	0.4	V
				0	0.2	V
	V _{IL5}	XT1, XT2	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V	0	0.2V _{DD}	V
			0	0.1V _{DD}	V	
Output voltage, high	V _{OH1}	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V, I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{DD} - 1.0		V _{DD}	V
		I _{OH} = -100 μA	V _{DD} - 0.5		V _{DD}	V
Output voltage, low	V _{OL1}	P30 to P33	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V,		2.0	V
		P50 to P57	I _{OL} = 15 mA	0.4	2.0	V
		P00 to P03, P20 to P25, P34 to P36, P40 to P47, P64 to P67, P70 to P75	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V, I _{OL} = 1.6 mA		0.4	V
	V _{OL2}	I _{OL} = 400 μA			0.5	V

Remark Unless otherwise specified, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of port pins.

DC Characteristics (T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input leakage current, high	I _{LIH1}	V _{IN} = V _{DD}	P00 to P03, P10 to P17, P20 to P25, P34 to P36, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P60 to P67, P70 to P75, <u>RESET</u>			3	μA
	I _{LIH2}		X1, X2, XT1, XT2			20	μA
	I _{LIH3}	V _{IN} = 5.5 V	P30 to P33 ^{Note}			3	μA
Input leakage current, low	I _{LIL1}	V _{IN} = 0 V	P00 to P03, P10 to P17, P20 to P25, P34 to P36, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P75, <u>RESET</u>			-3	μA
	I _{LIL2}		X1, X2, XT1, XT2			-20	μA
	I _{LIL3}		P30 to P33 ^{Note1}			-3	μA
Output leakage current, high	I _{LOH}	V _{OUT} = V _{DD}				3	μA
Output leakage current, low	I _{LOL}	V _{OUT} = 0 V				-3	μA
Mask option pull-up resistance	R ₁	V _{IN} = 0 V, P30, P31, P32 ^{Note2} , P33 ^{Note2}		15	30	90	kΩ
Software pull-up resistance	R ₂	V _{IN} = 0 V, P00 to P03, P20 to P25, P34 to P36, P40 to P47, P50 to P57, P64 to P67, P70 to P75		15	30	90	kΩ

Notes 1. μPD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, 780024A: When pull-up resistors are not connected to P30 to P33 (specified by the mask option).

μPD780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, 780024AY: When pull-up resistors are not connected to P30 and P31 (specified by the mask option).

2. Only for the μPD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, and 780024A.

Remark Unless otherwise specified, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of port pins.

DC Characteristics (T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Power supply current ^{Note 1}	I _{DD1}	8.38 MHz crystal oscillation operating mode	V _{DD} = 5.0 V ±10% ^{Note 2}	When A/D converter is stopped		5.5	11	mA
				When A/D converter is operating		6.5	13	mA
		5.00 MHz crystal oscillation operating mode	V _{DD} = 3.0 V ±10% ^{Note 2}	When A/D converter is stopped		2	4	mA
				When A/D converter is operating		3	6	mA
			V _{DD} = 2.0 V ±10% ^{Note 3}	When A/D converter is stopped		0.4	1.5	mA
				When A/D converter is operating		1.4	4.2	mA
	I _{DD2}	8.38 MHz crystal oscillation HALT mode	V _{DD} = 5.0 V ±10% ^{Note 2}	When peripheral functions are stopped		1.1	2.2	mA
				When peripheral functions are operating			4.7	mA
		5.00 MHz crystal oscillation HALT mode	V _{DD} = 3.0 V ±10% ^{Note 2}	When peripheral functions are stopped		0.35	0.7	mA
				When peripheral functions are operating			1.7	mA
			V _{DD} = 2.0 V ±10% ^{Note 3}	When peripheral functions are stopped		0.15	0.4	mA
				When peripheral functions are operating			1.1	mA
	I _{DD3}	32.768 kHz crystal oscillation operating mode ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V ±10%		40	80	μA	
			V _{DD} = 3.0 V ±10%		20	40	μA	
			V _{DD} = 2.0 V ±10%		10	20	μA	
I _{DD4}	32.768 kHz crystal oscillation HALT mode ^{Note 4}	V _{DD} = 5.0 V ±10%		30	60	μA		
		V _{DD} = 3.0 V ±10%		6	18	μA		
		V _{DD} = 2.0 V ±10%		2	10	μA		
I _{DD5}	XT1 = V _{DD} STOP mode When feedback resistor is not used	V _{DD} = 5.0 V ±10%		0.1	30	μA		
		V _{DD} = 3.0 V ±10%		0.05	10	μA		
		V _{DD} = 2.0 V ±10%		0.05	10	μA		

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Notes 1. Total current through the internal power supply (V_{DD0}, V_{DD1}), including the peripheral operation current (except the current through pull-up resistors of ports and the AV_{REF} pin).

- 2. When the processor clock control register (PCC) is set to 00H.
- 3. When PCC is set to 02H.
- 4. When main system clock operation is stopped.

AC Characteristics

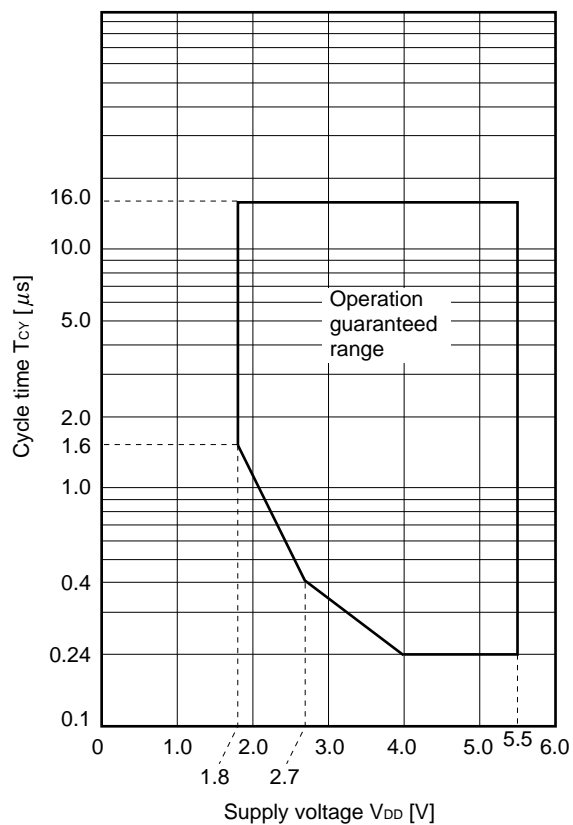
(1) Basic Operation (T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Cycle time (Min. instruction execution time)	T _{CY}	Operating with main system clock	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.24		16	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V	0.4		16	μs
				1.6		16	μs
		Operating with subsystem clock	103.9 ^{Note 1}	122	125	μs	
TI00, TI01 input high-/low-level width	t _{TIH0} , t _{TIL0}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		2/f _{sam} +0.1 ^{Note2}			μs
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V		2/f _{sam} +0.2 ^{Note2}			μs
				2/f _{sam} +0.5 ^{Note2}			μs
TI50, TI51 input frequency	f _{TI5}	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V		0		4	MHz
				0		275	kHz
TI50, TI51 input high-/low-level width	t _{TIH5} , t _{TIL5}	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V		100			ns
				1.8			ns
Interrupt request input high-/low- level width	t _{INTH} , t _{INTL}	INTP0 to INTP3, P40 to P47	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V	1			μs
				2			μs
RESET low-level width	t _{RSL}	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V		10			μs
				20			μs

Notes 1. Value when the external clock is used. When a crystal resonator is used, it is 114 μs (MIN.).

2. Selection of f_{sam} = f_x, f_x/4, f_x/64 is possible using bits 0 and 1 (PRM00, PRM01) of prescaler mode register 0 (PRM0). However, if the TI00 valid edge is selected as the count clock, the value becomes f_{sam} = f_x/8.

T_{CY} vs. V_{DD} (main system clock operation)



(2) Read/Write Operation (T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V)

(1/3)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
ASTB high-level width	t _{ASTH}		0.3t _{cy}		ns
Address setup time	t _{ADS}		20		ns
Address hold time	t _{ADH}		6		ns
Data input time from address	t _{ADD1}			(2 + 2n)t _{cy} - 54	ns
	t _{ADD2}			(3 + 2n)t _{cy} - 60	ns
Address output time from $\overline{RD}\downarrow$	t _{RDAD}		0	100	ns
Data input time from $\overline{RD}\downarrow$	t _{RDD1}			(2 + 2n)t _{cy} - 87	ns
	t _{RDD2}			(3 + 2n)t _{cy} - 93	ns
Read data hold time	t _{RDH}		0		ns
\overline{RD} low-level width	t _{RDL1}		(1.5 + 2n)t _{cy} - 33		ns
	t _{RDL2}		(2.5 + 2n)t _{cy} - 33		ns
Input time from $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ to $\overline{WAIT}\downarrow$	t _{RDWT1}			t _{cy} - 43	ns
	t _{RDWT2}			t _{cy} - 43	ns
Input time from $\overline{WR}\downarrow$ to $\overline{WAIT}\downarrow$	t _{WRWT}			t _{cy} - 25	ns
\overline{WAIT} low-level width	t _{WTL}		(0.5 + n)t _{cy} + 10	(2 + 2n)t _{cy}	ns
Write data setup time	t _{WDS}		60		ns
Write data hold time	t _{WDH}		6		ns
\overline{WR} low-level width	t _{WRL1}		(1.5 + 2n)t _{cy} - 15		ns
Delay time from $\overline{ASTB}\downarrow$ to $\overline{RD}\downarrow$	t _{ASTRD}		6		ns
Delay time from $\overline{ASTB}\downarrow$ to $\overline{WR}\downarrow$	t _{ASTWR}		2t _{cy} - 15		ns
Delay time from $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ to $\overline{ASTB}\uparrow$ at external fetch	t _{RDAST}		0.8t _{cy} - 15	1.2t _{cy}	ns
Address hold time from $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ at external fetch	t _{RDADH}		0.8t _{cy} - 15	1.2t _{cy} + 30	ns
Write data output time from $\overline{RD}\uparrow$	t _{RDWD}		40		ns
Write data output time from $\overline{WR}\downarrow$	t _{WRWD}		10	60	ns
Address hold time from $\overline{WR}\uparrow$	t _{WRADH}		0.8t _{cy} - 15	1.2t _{cy} + 30	ns
Delay time from $\overline{WAIT}\uparrow$ to $\overline{RD}\uparrow$	t _{WTRD}		0.8t _{cy}	2.5t _{cy} + 25	ns
Delay time from $\overline{WAIT}\uparrow$ to $\overline{WR}\uparrow$	t _{WTWR}		0.8t _{cy}	2.5t _{cy} + 25	ns

- Remarks**
1. t_{cy} = T_{cy}/4
 2. n indicates the number of waits.
 3. C_L = 100 pF (C_L indicates the load capacitance of the AD0 to AD7, A8 to A15, \overline{RD} , \overline{WR} , \overline{WAIT} , and \overline{ASTB} pins.)

(2) Read/Write Operation (T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{DD} = 2.7 to 4.0 V)

(2/3)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
ASTB high-level width	t _{ASTH}		0.3t _{cy}		ns
Address setup time	t _{ADS}		30		ns
Address hold time	t _{ADH}		10		ns
Input time from address to data	t _{ADD1}			(2 + 2n)t _{cy} - 108	ns
	t _{ADD2}			(3 + 2n)t _{cy} - 120	ns
Output time from $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ to address	t _{RDAD}		0	200	ns
Input time from $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ to data	t _{RDD1}			(2 + 2n)t _{cy} - 148	ns
	t _{RDD2}			(3 + 2n)t _{cy} - 162	ns
Read data hold time	t _{RDH}		0		ns
\overline{RD} low-level width	t _{RDL1}		(1.5 + 2n)t _{cy} - 40		ns
	t _{RDL2}		(2.5 + 2n)t _{cy} - 40		ns
Input time from $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ to $\overline{WAIT}\downarrow$	t _{RDWT1}			t _{cy} - 75	ns
	t _{RDWT2}			t _{cy} - 60	ns
Input time from $\overline{WR}\downarrow$ to $\overline{WAIT}\downarrow$	t _{WRWT}			t _{cy} - 50	ns
\overline{WAIT} low-level width	t _{WTL}		(0.5 + 2n)t _{cy} + 10	(2 + 2n)t _{cy}	ns
Write data setup time	t _{WDS}		60		ns
Write data hold time	t _{WDH}		10		ns
\overline{WR} low-level width	t _{WRL1}		(1.5 + 2n)t _{cy} - 30		ns
Delay time from ASTB \downarrow to $\overline{RD}\downarrow$	t _{ASTRD}		10		ns
Delay time from ASTB \downarrow to $\overline{WR}\downarrow$	t _{ASTWR}		2t _{cy} - 30		ns
Delay time from $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ to ASTB \uparrow at external fetch	t _{RDAST}		0.8t _{cy} - 30	1.2t _{cy}	ns
Hold time from $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ to address at external fetch	t _{RDADH}		0.8t _{cy} - 30	1.2t _{cy} + 60	ns
Write data output time from $\overline{RD}\uparrow$	t _{RDWD}		40		ns
Write data output time from $\overline{WR}\downarrow$	t _{WRWD}		20	120	ns
Hold time from $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ to address	t _{WRADH}		0.8t _{cy} - 30	1.2t _{cy} + 60	ns
Delay time from $\overline{WAIT}\uparrow$ to $\overline{RD}\uparrow$	t _{WTRD}		0.5t _{cy}	2.5t _{cy} + 50	ns
Delay time from $\overline{WAIT}\uparrow$ to $\overline{WR}\uparrow$	t _{WTWR}		0.5t _{cy}	2.5t _{cy} + 50	ns

- Remarks**
1. t_{cy} = T_{cy}/4
 2. n indicates the number of waits.
 3. C_L = 100 pF (C_L indicates the load capacitance of the AD0 to AD7, AD8 to AD15, \overline{RD} , \overline{WR} , \overline{WAIT} , and ASTB pins.)

(2) Read/Write Operation (T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{DD} = 1.8 to 2.7 V)

(3/3)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
ASTB high-level width	t _{ASTH}		0.3t _{cy}		ns
Address setup time	t _{ADS}		120		ns
Address hold time	t _{ADH}		20		ns
Input time from address to data	t _{ADD1}			(2 + 2n)t _{cy} - 233	ns
	t _{ADD2}			(3 + 2n)t _{cy} - 240	ns
Output time from $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ to address	t _{RDAD}		0	400	ns
Input time from $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ to data	t _{RDD1}			(2 + 2n)t _{cy} - 325	ns
	t _{RDD2}			(3 + 2n)t _{cy} - 332	ns
Read data hold time	t _{RDH}		0		ns
\overline{RD} low-level width	t _{RDL1}		(1.5 + 2n)t _{cy} - 92		ns
	t _{RDL2}		(2.5 + 2n)t _{cy} - 92		ns
Input time from $\overline{RD}\downarrow$ to $\overline{WAIT}\downarrow$	t _{RDWT1}			t _{cy} - 350	ns
	t _{RDWT2}			t _{cy} - 132	ns
Input time from $\overline{WR}\downarrow$ to $\overline{WAIT}\downarrow$	t _{WRWT}			t _{cy} - 100	ns
\overline{WAIT} low-level width	t _{WTL}		(0.5 + 2n)t _{cy} + 10	(2 + 2n)t _{cy}	ns
Write data setup time	t _{WDS}		60		ns
Write data hold time	t _{WDH}		20		ns
\overline{WR} low-level width	t _{WRL1}		(1.5 + 2n)t _{cy} - 60		ns
Delay time from $\overline{ASTB}\downarrow$ to $\overline{RD}\downarrow$	t _{ASTRD}		20		ns
Delay time from $\overline{ASTB}\downarrow$ to $\overline{WR}\downarrow$	t _{ASTWR}		2t _{cy} - 60		ns
Delay time from $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ to $\overline{ASTB}\uparrow$ at external fetch	t _{RDAST}		0.8t _{cy} - 60	1.2t _{cy}	ns
Hold time from $\overline{RD}\uparrow$ to address at external fetch	t _{RDADH}		0.8t _{cy} - 60	1.2t _{cy} + 120	ns
Write data output time from $\overline{RD}\uparrow$	t _{RDWD}		40		ns
Write data output time from $\overline{WR}\downarrow$	t _{WRWD}		40	240	ns
Hold time from $\overline{WR}\uparrow$ to address	t _{WRADH}		0.8t _{cy} - 60	1.2t _{cy} + 120	ns
Delay time from $\overline{WAIT}\uparrow$ to $\overline{RD}\uparrow$	t _{WTRD}		0.5t _{cy}	2.5t _{cy} + 100	ns
Delay time from $\overline{WAIT}\uparrow$ to $\overline{WR}\uparrow$	t _{WTWR}		0.5t _{cy}	2.5t _{cy} + 100	ns

- Remarks**
1. t_{cy} = T_{cy}/4
 2. n indicates the number of waits.
 3. C_L = 100pF (C_L indicates the load capacitance of the AD0 to AD7, AD8 to AD15, \overline{RD} , \overline{WR} , \overline{WAIT} , and \overline{ASTB} pins.)

(3) Serial Interface (T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V)

(a) 3-wire serial I/O mode (SCK3n... Internal clock output)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
SCK3n cycle time	t _{KCY1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	954			ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V	1600			ns
			3200			ns
SCK3n high-/ low-level width	t _{KH1} , t _{KL1}	V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V	t _{KCY1} /2 - 50			ns
			t _{KCY1} /2 - 100			ns
SI3n setup time (to SCK3n↑)	t _{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5V	100			ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0V	150			ns
			300			ns
SI3n hold time (from SCK3n↑)	t _{KS1}		400			ns
Delay time from SCK3n↓ to SO3n output	t _{KSO1}	C = 100 pF ^{Note}			300	ns

Note C is the load to SO3n output capacitance of the SCK3n and SO3n output lines.

(b) 3-wire serial I/O mode (SCK3n... External clock input)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
SCK3n cycle time	t _{KCY2}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	800			ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V	1600			ns
			3200			ns
SCK3n high-/ low-level width	t _{KH2} , t _{KL2}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	400			ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V	800			ns
			1600			ns
SI3n setup time (to SCK3n↑)	t _{SIK2}		100			ns
SI3n hold time (from SCK3n↑)	t _{KS2}		400			ns
Delay time from SCK3n↓ to SO3n output	t _{KSO2}	C = 100 pF ^{Note}			300	ns

Note C is the load capacitance of the SO3n output line.

Remark μPD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, 780024A: n = 0, 1
 μPD780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, 780024AY: n = 0

(c) UART mode (dedicated baud-rate generator output)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate		4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			131031	bps
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V			78125	bps
					39063	bps

(d) UART mode (external clock input)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
ASCK0 cycle time	t _{KCY3}	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	800			ns
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V	1600			ns
			3200			ns
ASCK0 high-/low-level width	t _{KH3} ,	4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	400			ns
	t _{KL3}	2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V	800			ns
			1600			ns
Transfer rate		4.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			39063	bps
		2.7 V ≤ V _{DD} < 4.0 V			19531	bps
					9766	bps

(e) UART mode (infrared data transfer mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate		V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V		131031	bps
Bit rate allowable error		V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V		±0.87	%
Output pulse width		V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V	1.2	0.24/fbr ^{Note}	μs
Input pulse width		V _{DD} = 4.0 to 5.5 V	4/fx		μs

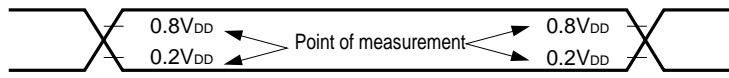
Note fbr: Specified baud rate

(f) I²C bus mode (μPD780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, 780024AY only)

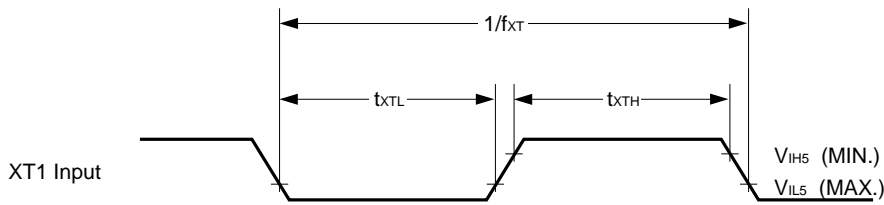
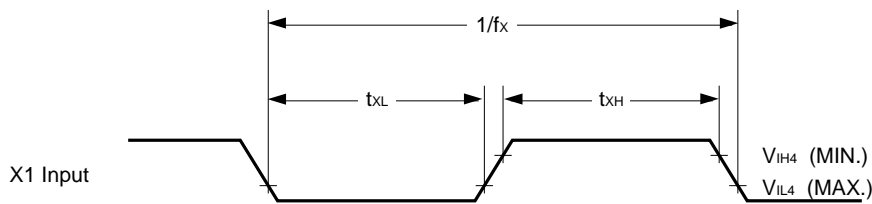
Parameter	Symbol	Standard Mode		High-Speed Mode		Unit
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCL0 clock frequency	f _{CLK}	0	100	0	400	kHz
Bus free time (between stop and start conditions)	t _{BUF}	4.7	—	1.3	—	μs
Hold time ^{Note 1}	t _{HD:STA}	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs
SCL0 clock low-level width	t _{LOW}	4.7	—	1.3	—	μs
SCL0 clock high-level width	t _{HIGH}	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs
Start/restart condition setup time	t _{SU:STA}	4.7	—	0.6	—	μs
Data hold time	CBUS-compatible master	t _{HD:DAT}	5.0	—	—	μs
	I ² C bus	0 ^{Note 2}	—	0 ^{Note 2}	0.9 ^{Note 3}	μs
Data setup time	t _{SU:DAT}	250	—	100 ^{Note 4}	—	ns
SDA0 and SCL0 signal rise time	t _R	—	1000	20 + 0.1Cb ^{Note 5}	300	ns
SDA0 and SCL0 signal fall time	t _F	—	300	20 + 0.1Cb ^{Note 5}	300	ns
Stop condition setup time	t _{SU:STO}	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs
Spike pulse width controlled by input filter	t _{SP}	—	—	0	50	ns
Capacitive load per bus line	C _b	—	400	—	400	pF

- Notes**
- In the start condition, the first clock pulse is generated after this hold time.
 - To fill in the undefined area of the SCL0 falling edge, it is necessary for the device to internally provide at least 300 ns of hold time for the SDA0 signal (which is V_{IHmin.} of the SCL0 signal).
 - If the device does not extend the SCL0 signal low hold time (t_{LOW}), only the maximum data hold time t_{HD:DAT} needs to be fulfilled.
 - The high-speed mode I²C bus is available in a standard mode I²C bus system. At this time, the conditions described below must be satisfied.
 - If the device does not extend the SCL0 signal low state hold time
t_{SU:DAT} ≥ 250 ns
 - If the device extends the SCL0 signal low state hold time
Be sure to transmit the next data bit to the SDA0 line before the SCL0 line is released (t_{Rmax.} + t_{SU:DAT} = 1000 + 250 = 1250 ns by standard mode I²C bus specification).
 - C_b: Total capacitance per bus line (unit: pF)

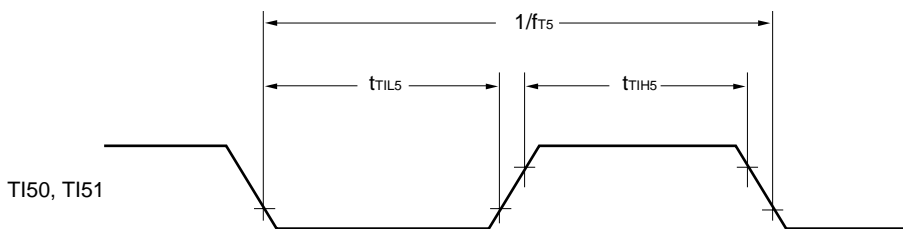
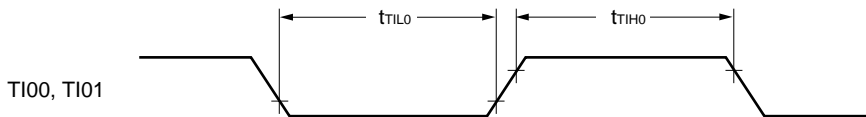
AC Timing Measurement Points (Excluding X1, XT1 Inputs)



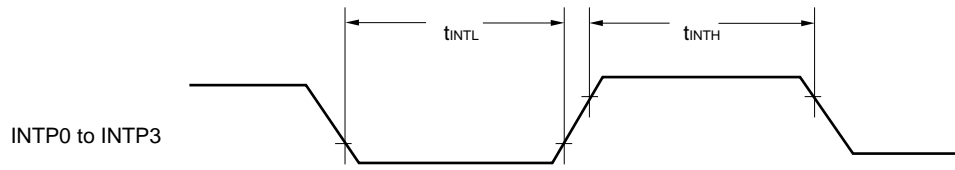
Clock Timing



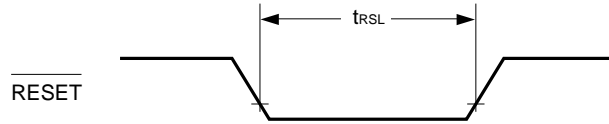
TI Timing



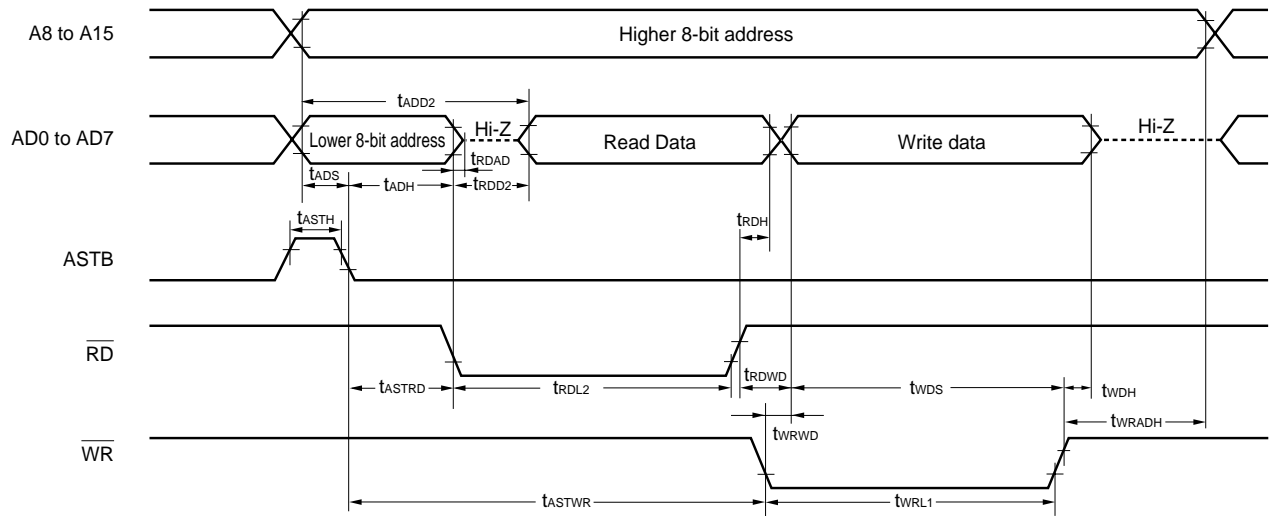
★ Interrupt Request Input Timing



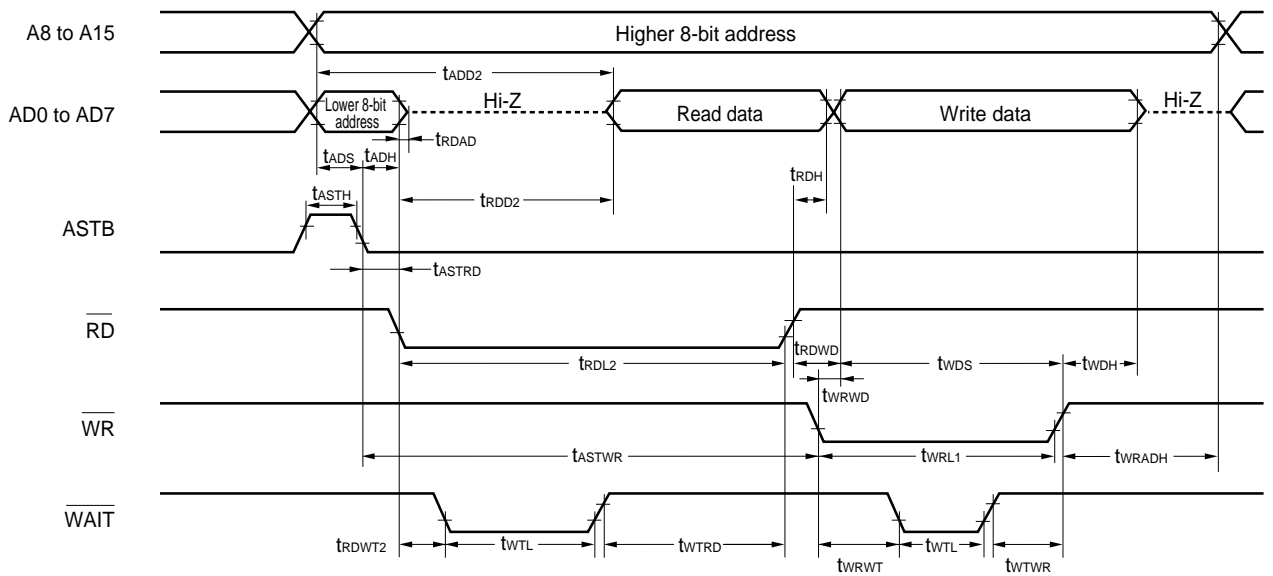
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Input Timing



External data access (no wait):

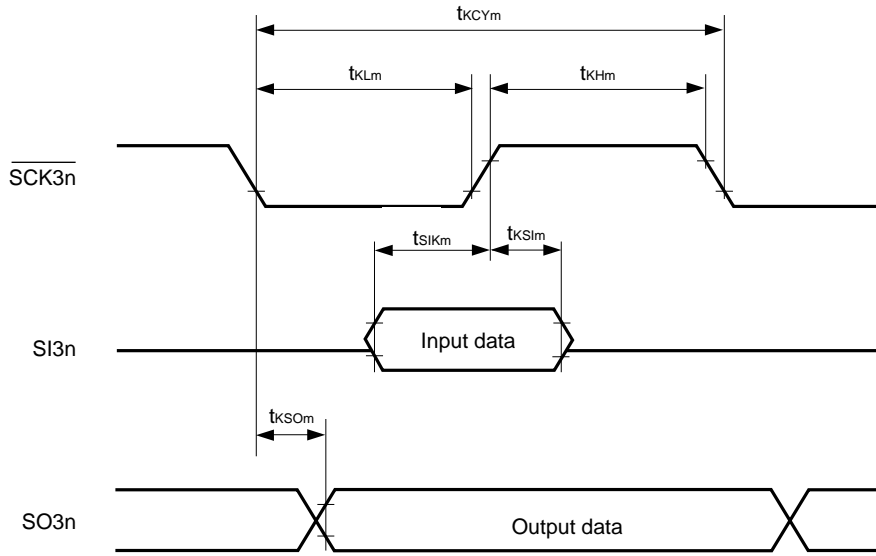


External data access (wait insertion):



Serial Transfer Timing

3-wire serial I/O mode:

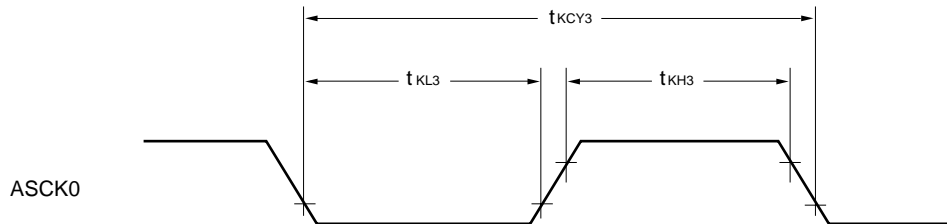


Remarks 1. $m = 1, 2$

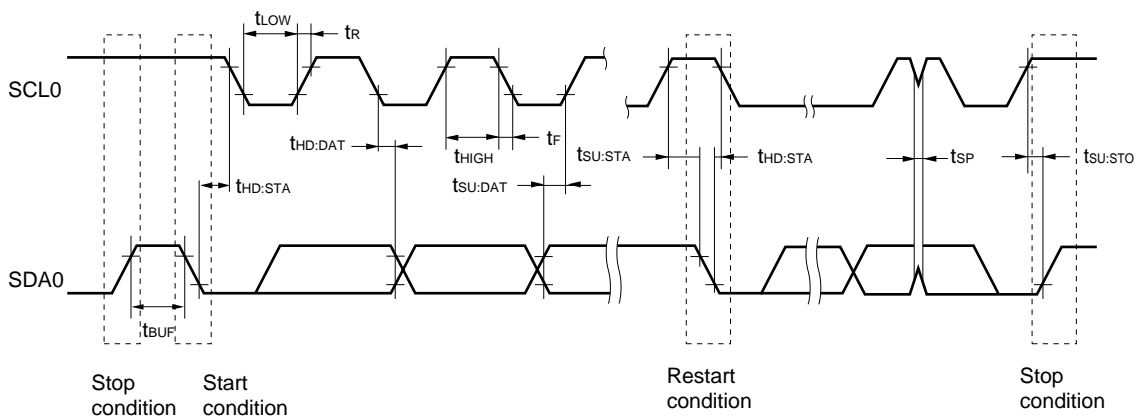
2. μ PD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, 780024A: $n = 0, 1$

μ PD780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, 780024AY: $n = 0$

UART mode (external clock input):



I²C bus mode (μ PD780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, 780024AY only):



A/D Converter Characteristics (T_A = -40 to +85°C, V_{DD} = AV_{DD} = AV_{REF} = 1.8 to 5.5 V, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution			8	8	8	bit
Overall error ^{Note}		4.0 V ≤ AV _{REF} ≤ 5.5 V			±0.4	%FSR
		2.7 V ≤ AV _{REF} < 4.0 V			±0.6	%FSR
		1.8 V ≤ AV _{REF} < 2.7 V			±1.2	%FSR
Conversion time	t _{CONV}	4.0 V ≤ AV _{REF} ≤ 5.5 V	14		96	μs
		2.7 V ≤ AV _{REF} < 4.0 V	19		96	μs
		1.8 V ≤ AV _{REF} < 2.7 V	28		96	μs
Analog input voltage	V _{IAN}		0		AV _{REF}	V
Reference voltage	AV _{REF}		1.8		AV _{DD}	V
Resistance between AV _{REF} and AV _{SS}	R _{REF}	When A/D converter not operating	20	40		kΩ

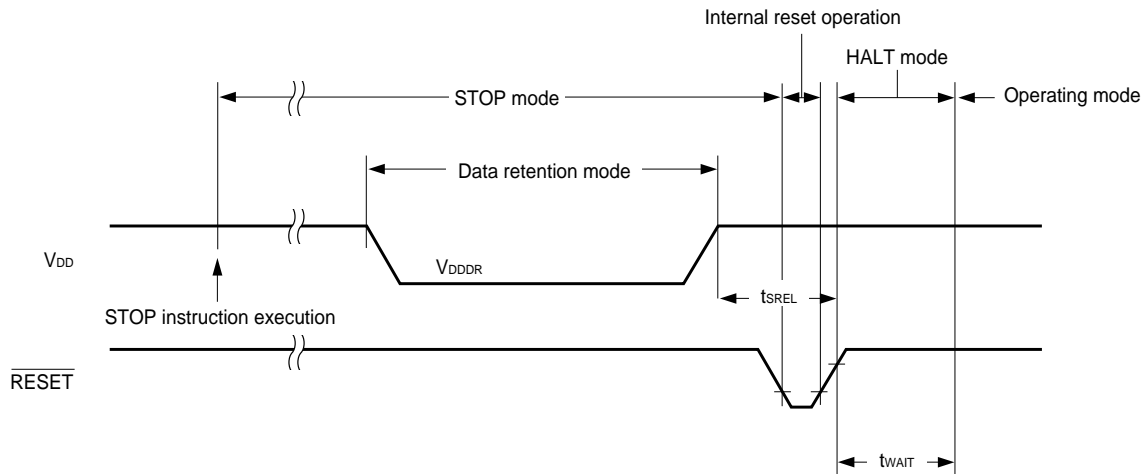
Note Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB). This value is indicated as a ratio to the full-scale value.

Data Memory STOP Mode Low Supply Voltage Data Retention Characteristics (T_A = -40 to +85°C)

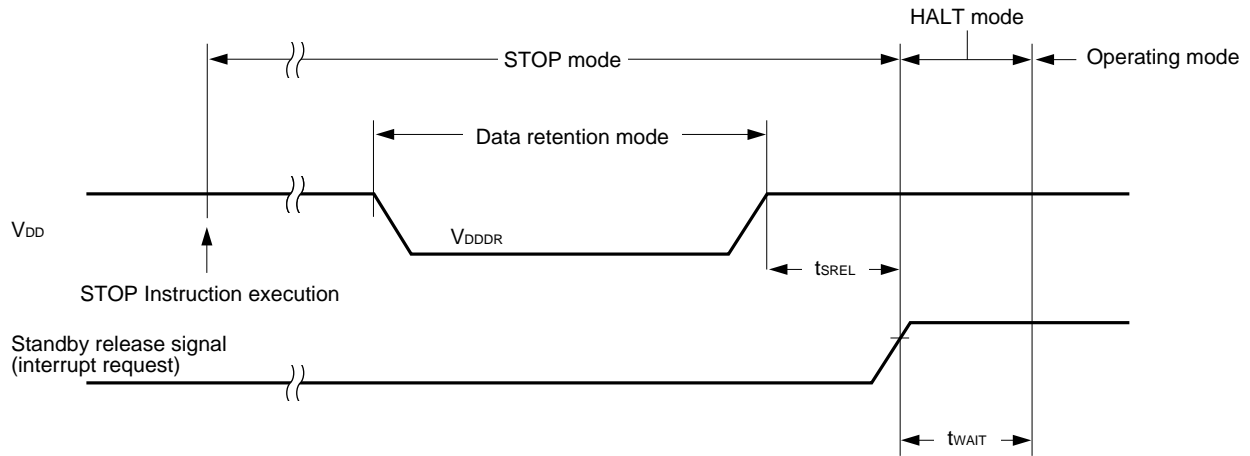
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Data retention power supply voltage	V _{DDDR}		1.6		5.5	V
Data retention power supply current	I _{DDDR}	Subsystem clock stop (XT1 = V _{DD}) and feed-back resistor disconnected		0.1	30	μA
Release signal set time	t _{SREL}		0			μs
Oscillation stabilization time	t _{WAIT}	Release by $\overline{\text{RESET}}$		2 ¹⁷ /f _X		s
		Release by interrupt request		Note		s

Note Selection of 2¹²/f_X and 2¹⁴/f_X to 2¹⁷/f_X is possible using bits 0 to 2 (OSTS0 to OSTS2) of the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS).

Data Retention Timing (STOP Mode Release by $\overline{\text{RESET}}$)

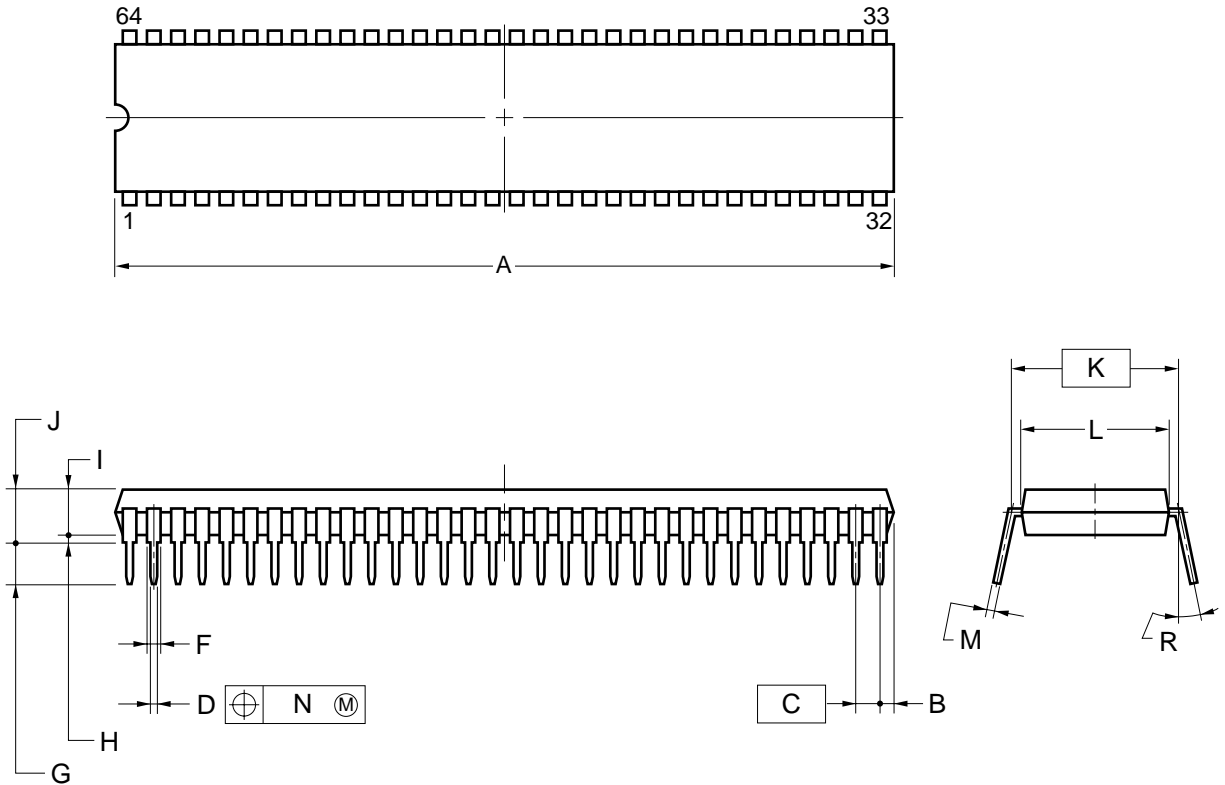


Data Retention Timing (Standby Release Signal: STOP Mode Release by Interrupt Request Signal)



13. PACKAGE DRAWINGS

64-PIN PLASTIC SDIP (19.05mm(750))



NOTES

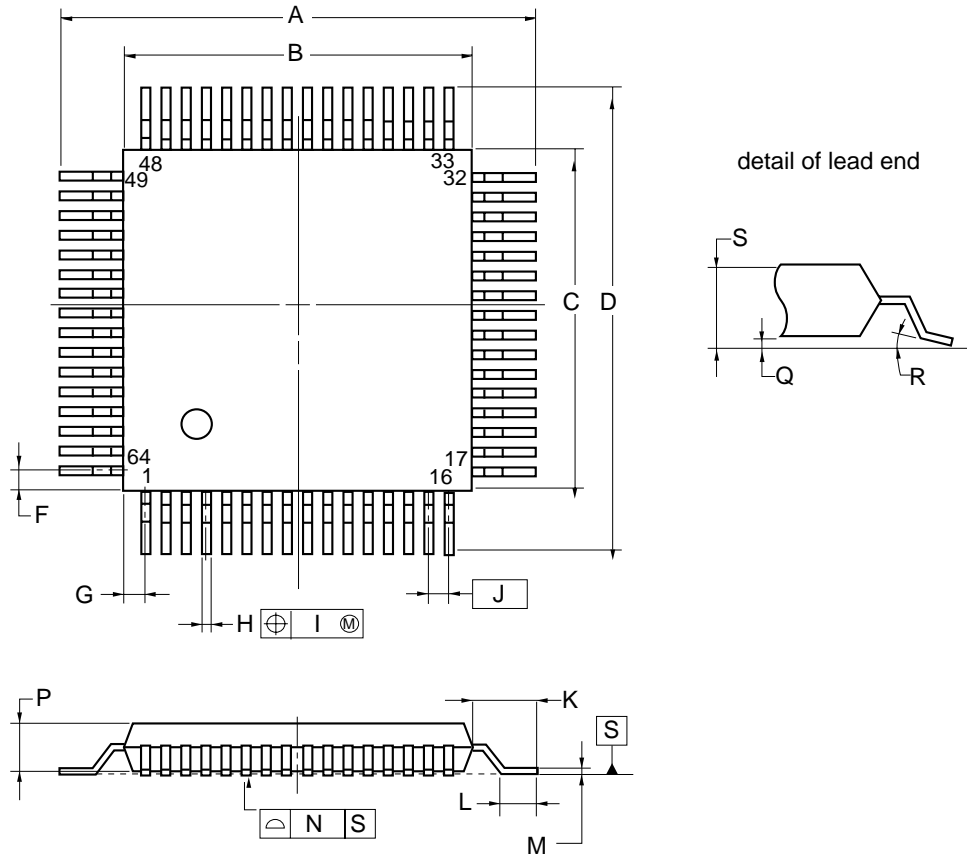
1. Each lead centerline is located within 0.17 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.
2. Item "K" to center of leads when formed parallel.

ITEM	MILLIMETERS
A	58.0 ^{+0.68} _{-0.20}
B	1.78 MAX.
C	1.778 (T.P.)
D	0.50±0.10
F	0.9 MIN.
G	3.2±0.3
H	0.51 MIN.
I	4.05 ^{+0.26} _{-0.20}
J	5.08 MAX.
K	19.05 (T.P.)
L	17.0±0.2
M	0.25 ^{+0.10} _{-0.05}
N	0.17
R	0 ~ 15°

P64C-70-750A,C-4

Remark The external dimensions and materials of the ES version are the same as those of the mass-produced version.

64-PIN PLASTIC QFP (14x14)



NOTE

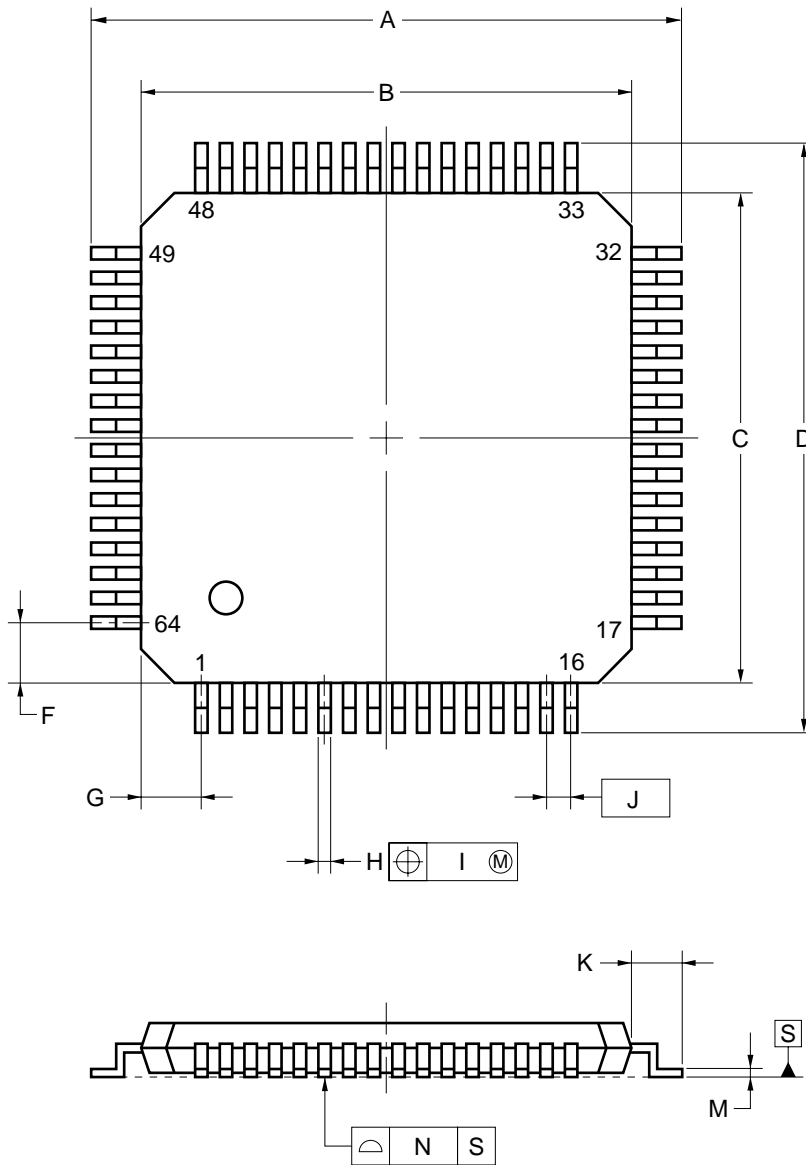
Each lead centerline is located within 0.15 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

ITEM	MILLIMETERS
A	17.6±0.4
B	14.0±0.2
C	14.0±0.2
D	17.6±0.4
F	1.0
G	1.0
H	0.37 ^{+0.08} _{-0.07}
I	0.15
J	0.8 (T.P.)
K	1.8±0.2
L	0.8±0.2
M	0.17 ^{+0.08} _{-0.07}
N	0.10
P	2.55±0.1
Q	0.1±0.1
R	5°± 5°
S	2.85 MAX.

P64GC-80-AB8-5

Remark The external dimensions and materials of the ES version are the same as those of the mass-produced version.

64-PIN PLASTIC TQFP (12x12)



detail of lead end

ITEM	MILLIMETERS
A	14.0±0.2
B	12.0±0.2
C	12.0±0.2
D	14.0±0.2
F	1.125
G	1.125
H	0.32 ^{+0.06} _{-0.10}
I	0.13
J	0.65 (T.P.)
K	1.0±0.2
L	0.5
M	0.17 ^{+0.03} _{-0.07}
N	0.10
P	1.0
Q	0.1±0.05
R	3° ^{+4°} _{-3°}
S	1.1±0.1
T	0.25
U	0.6±0.15

P64GK-65-9ET-3

NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.13 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

Remark The external dimensions and materials of the ES version are the same as those of the mass-produced version.

14. RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

This product should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions.

For details of the recommended soldering conditions, refer to the document **Semiconductor Device Mounting Technology Manual (C10535E)**.

For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, contact your NEC sales representative.

Table 14-1. Surface Mounting Type Soldering Conditions (1/2)

- (1) μPD780021AGC-xxx-AB8: 64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
- μPD780022AGC-xxx-AB8: 64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
- μPD780023AGC-xxx-AB8: 64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
- μPD780024AGC-xxx-AB8: 64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
- μPD780021AYGC-xxx-AB8: 64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
- μPD780022AYGC-xxx-AB8: 64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
- μPD780023AYGC-xxx-AB8: 64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)
- μPD780024AYGC-xxx-AB8: 64-pin plastic QFP (14 × 14)

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions	Recommended Condition Symbol
Infrared reflow	Package peak temperature: 235°C, Time: 30 seconds max. (at 210°C or higher), Count: Three times or less	IR35-00-3
VPS	Package peak temperature: 215°C, Time: 40 seconds max. (at 200°C or higher), Count: Three times or less	VP15-00-3
Wave soldering	Solder bath temperature: 260°C max., Time: 10 seconds max., Count: Once, Preheating temperature: 120°C Max. (package surface temperature)	WS60-00-1
Partial heating	Pin temperature: 300°C max., Time: 3 seconds max. (per pin row)	—

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).

Table 14-1. Surface Mounting Type Soldering Conditions (2/2)

- (2) μPD780021AGK-xxx-9ET: 64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
- μPD780022AGK-xxx-9ET: 64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
- μPD780023AGK-xxx-9ET: 64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
- μPD780024AGK-xxx-9ET: 64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
- μPD780021AYGK-xxx-9ET: 64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
- μPD780022AYGK-xxx-9ET: 64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
- μPD780023AYGK-xxx-9ET: 64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)
- μPD780024AYGK-xxx-9ET: 64-pin plastic TQFP (12 × 12)

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions	Recommended Condition Symbol
Infrared reflow	Package peak temperature: 235°C, Time: 30 seconds max. (at 210°C or higher), Count: Two times or less, Exposure limit: 7 days ^{Note} (after that, prebake at 125°C for 10 hours)	IR35-107-2
VPS	Package peak temperature: 215°C, Time: 40 seconds max. (at 200°C or higher), Count: Two times or less, Exposure limit: 7 days ^{Note} (after that, prebake at 125°C for 10 hours)	VP15-107-2
Partial heating	Pin temperature: 300°C max., Time: 3 seconds max. (per pin row)	—

Note After opening the dry pack, store it at 25°C or less and 65%RH or less for the allowable storage period.

Caution Do not use different soldering methods together (except for partial heating).

Table 14-2. Insertion Type Soldering Conditions

- μPD780021ACW-xxx: 64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
- μPD780022ACW-xxx: 64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
- μPD780023ACW-xxx: 64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
- μPD780024ACW-xxx: 64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
- μPD780021AYCW-xxx: 64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
- μPD780022AYCW-xxx: 64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
- μPD780023AYCW-xxx: 64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))
- μPD780024AYCW-xxx: 64-pin plastic SDIP (19.05 mm (750))

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions
Wave soldering (only for pins)	Solder bath temperature: 260°C max., Time: 10 seconds max.
Partial heating	Pin temperature: 300°C max., Time: 3 seconds max. (per pin row)

Caution Apply wave soldering only to the pins and be careful not to bring solder into direct contact with the package.

APPENDIX A. DEVELOPMENT TOOLS

The following development tools are available for system development using the μ PD780024A, 780024AY Subseries.

Also refer to **(5) Cautions on Using Development Tools.**

(1) Language Processing Software

RA78K0	Assembler package common to 78K/0 Series
CC78K0	C compiler package common to 78K/0 Series
DF780024	Device file for μ PD780024A, 780024AY Subseries
CC78K0-L	C compiler library source file common to 78K/0 Series

(2) Flash Memory Writing Tools

Flashpro II (FL-PR2) Flashpro III (FL-PR3, PG-FP3)	Flash programmer dedicated to microcontrollers with on-chip flash memory
FA-64CW FA-64GC FA-64GK-9ET	Adapter for flash memory writing

(3) Debugging Tools

• When using in-circuit emulator IE-78K0-NS

IE-78K0-NS	In-circuit emulator common to 78K/0 Series
IE-70000-MC-PS-B	Power supply unit for IE-78K0-NS
IE-78K0-NS-PA	Performance board to enhance and expand the functions of IE-78K0-NS
IE-70000-98-IF-C	Adapter required when using PC-9800 series as host machine (excluding notebook PCs) (C bus supported)
IE-70000-CD-IF-A	PC card and interface cable when using notebook PC as host machine (PCMCIA socket supported)
IE-70000-PC-IF-C	Adapter required when using IBM PC/AT™ or compatible as host machine (ISA bus supported)
IE-70000-PCI-IF-A	Adapter required when using PC in which PCI bus is incorporated as host machine
IE-780034-NS-EM1	Emulation board to emulate μ PD780024A, 780024AY Subseries
NP-64CW	Emulation probe for 64-pin plastic SDIP (CW type)
NP-64GC NP-64GC-TQ	Emulation probe for 64-pin plastic QFP (GC-AB8 type)
NP-64GK	Emulation probe for 64-pin plastic TQFP (GK-9ET type)
EV-9200GC-64	Conversion socket to connect the NP64GC and a target system board on which a 64-pin plastic QFP (GC-AB8 type) can be mounted.
TGC-064SAP	Conversion adapter to connect the NP-64GC-TQ and a target system board on which a 64-pin plastic QFP (GK-AB8 type) can be mounted
TGK-064SBP	Conversion adapter to connect the NP-64GK and a target system on which a 64-pin plastic TQFP (GK-9ET type) can be mounted
ID78K0-NS	Integrated debugger for IE-78K0-NS
SM78K0	System simulator common to 78K/0 Series
DF780024	Device file for μ PD780024A, 780024AY Subseries

• **When using in-circuit emulator IE-78001-R-A**

IE-78001-R-A	In-circuit emulator common to 78K/0 Series
IE-70000-98-IF-C	Adapter required when using PC-9800 series as host machine (excluding notebook PCs) (C bus supported)
IE-70000-PC-IF-C	Interface adapter when using IBM PC/AT or compatible as host machine (ISA bus supported)
IE-70000-PCI-IF-A	Adapter required when using PC in which PCI bus is incorporated as host machine
IE-78000-R-SV3	Interface adapter and cable when using EWS as host machine
IE-780034-NS-EM1	Emulation board to emulate μ PD780024A, 780024AY Subseries
IE-78K0-R-EX1	Emulation probe conversion board necessary when using IE-780034-NS-EM1 on IE-78001-R-A
EP-78240CW-R	Emulation probe for 64-pin plastic SDIP (CW type)
EP-78240GC-R	Emulation probe for 64-pin plastic QFP (GC-AB8 type)
EP-78012GK-R	Emulation probe for 64-pin plastic TQFP (GK-9ET type)
EV-9200GC-64	Conversion socket to connect the EP-78240GC-R and a target system board on which a 64-pin plastic QFP (GC-AB8 type) can be mounted
TGK-064SBP	Conversion adapter to connect the EP-78012GK-R and a target system board on which a 64-pin plastic TQFP (GK-9ET type) can be mounted
ID78K0	Integrated debugger for IE-78001-R-A
SM78K0	System simulator common to 78K/0 Series
DF780024	Device file for μ PD780024A, 780024AY Subseries

(4) Real-Time OS

RX78K0	Real-time OS for 78K/0 Series
MX78K0	OS for 78K/0 Series

(5) Cautions on Using Development Tools

- The ID78K0-NS, ID78K0, and SM78K0 are used in combination with the DF780024.
- The CC78K0 and RX78K0 are used in combination with the RA78K0 and the DF780024.
- FL-PR2, FL-PR3, FA-64CW, FA-64GC, FA-64GK-9ET, NP-64CW, NP-64GC, NP-64GC-TQ and NP-64GK are products made by Naito Densai Machida Mfg. Co., Ltd. (+81-44-822-3813).
- The TGC-064SAP, and TGC-064SBP are products made by TOKYO ELETECH CORPORATION.

Refer to: Daimaru Kogyo, Ltd.

Tokyo Electronic Division (+81-3-3820-7112)

Osaka Electronic Division (+81-6-6244-6672)

- For third-party development tools, see the **Single-chip Microcontroller Development Tool Selection Guide (U11069E)**.
- The host machines and OSs supporting each software are as follows.

Host Machine [OS]	PC	EWS
	PC-9800 series [Japanese Windows™] IBM PC/AT and compatibles [Japanese/English Windows]	HP9000 series 700™ [HP-UX™] SPARCstation™ [SunOS™, Solaris™] NEWS™ (RISC) [NEWS-OS™]
Software		
RA78K0	√ Note	√
CC78K0	√ Note	√
ID78K0-NS	√	—
ID78K0	√	√
SM78K0	√	—
RX78K0	√ Note	√
MX78K0	√ Note	√

Note DOS-based software

APPENDIX B. RELATED DOCUMENTS

The related documents indicated in this publication may include preliminary versions. However, preliminary versions are not marked as such.

Documents Related to Devices

Document Name	Document No.
μPD780024A, 780034A, 780024AY, 780034AY Subseries User's Manual	U14046E
μPD780021A, 780022A, 780023A, 780024A, 780021AY, 780022AY, 780023AY, 780024AY Data Sheet	This document
★ μPD780021A(A), 780022A(A), 780023A(A), 780024A(A), 780021AY(A), 780022AY(A), 780023AY(A), 780024AY(A) Data Sheet	U15131E
μPD78F0034A, 78F0034AY Data Sheet	U14040E
78K/0 Series User's Manual Instructions	U12326E

Documents Related to Development Tools (User's Manuals)

Document Name	Document No.	
RA78K0 Assembler Package	Operation	U11802E
	Assembly Language	U11801E
	Structured Assembly Language	U11789E
CC78K0 C Compiler	Operation	U11517E
	Language	U11518E
IE-78K0-NS In-circuit Emulator	U13731E	
IE-780034-NS-EM1 Emulation Board	U14642E	
EP-78240 Emulation Probe	U10332E	
SM78K0S, SM78K0 System Simulator Ver.2.10 or Later Windows based	Operation	U14611E
SM78K Series System Simulator Ver.2.10 or Later	External Part User Open Interface Specifications	To be prepared
ID78K0-NS Integrated Debugger Ver.2.00 Later Windows based	Operation	U14379E
ID78K0-NS, ID78K0S-NS Integrated Debugger Ver.2.20 or Later Windows based	Operation	U14910E
ID78K0 Integrated Debugger Windows based	Reference	U11539E
	Guide	U11649E

Caution The related documents listed above are subject to change without notice. Be sure to use the latest version of each document for designing.

Documents Related to Embedded Software (User's Manuals)

Document Name		Document No.
78K/0 Series Real-time OS	Fundamentals	U11537E
	Installation	U11536E
78K/0 Series OS MX78K0	Fundamental	U12257E

Other Related Documents

Document Name	Document No.
SEMICONDUCTOR SELECTION GUIDE Products & Packages (CD-ROM)	X13769X
Semiconductor Device Mounting Technology Manual	C10535E
Quality Grades on NEC Semiconductor Devices	C11531E
NEC Semiconductor Device Reliability/Quality Control System	C10983E
Guide to Prevent Damage for Semiconductor Devices by Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	C11892E

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[MEMO]

NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES**① PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD FOR SEMICONDUCTORS**

Note:

Strong electric field, when exposed to a MOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work bench and floor should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with semiconductor devices on it.

② HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS FOR CMOS

Note:

No connection for CMOS device inputs can be cause of malfunction. If no connection is provided to the input pins, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., hence causing malfunction. CMOS devices behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using a pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to V_{DD} or GND with a resistor, if it is considered to have a possibility of being an output pin. All handling related to the unused pins must be judged device by device and related specifications governing the devices.

③ STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION OF MOS DEVICES

Note:

Power-on does not necessarily define initial status of MOS device. Production process of MOS does not define the initial operation status of the device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, the devices with reset function have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee out-pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. Device is not initialized until the reset signal is received. Reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for devices having reset function.

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- Product release schedule
- Availability of related technical literature
- Development environment specifications (for example, specifications for third-party tools and components, host computers, power plugs, AC supply voltages, and so forth)
- Network requirements

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