

## AM / FM - PLL

### Description

The U4289BM is an integrated circuit in BICMOS technology for frequency synthesizers. It performs all the functions of a PLL radio tuning system and is controlled

by an I<sup>2</sup>C bus. The device is designed for all frequency synthesizer applications in radio receivers, as well as RDS ( **R**adio **D**ata **S**ystem ) applications.

### Features

- Reference oscillator up to 15 MHz
- Two programmable 16 bit dividers adjustable from 2 to 65535
- High signal/noise ratio
- Fine tuning steps:  
AM  $\geq$  1 kHz  
FM  $\geq$  2 kHz
- Few external component required due to integrated loop-push-pull stage for AM/FM

### Ordering and Package Information

| Extended Type Number | Package      | Remarks                       |
|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| U4289BM-AFP          | SO16 plastic |                               |
| U4289BM-AFPG3        | SO16 plastic | Taping according to IEC-286-3 |

### Block Diagram

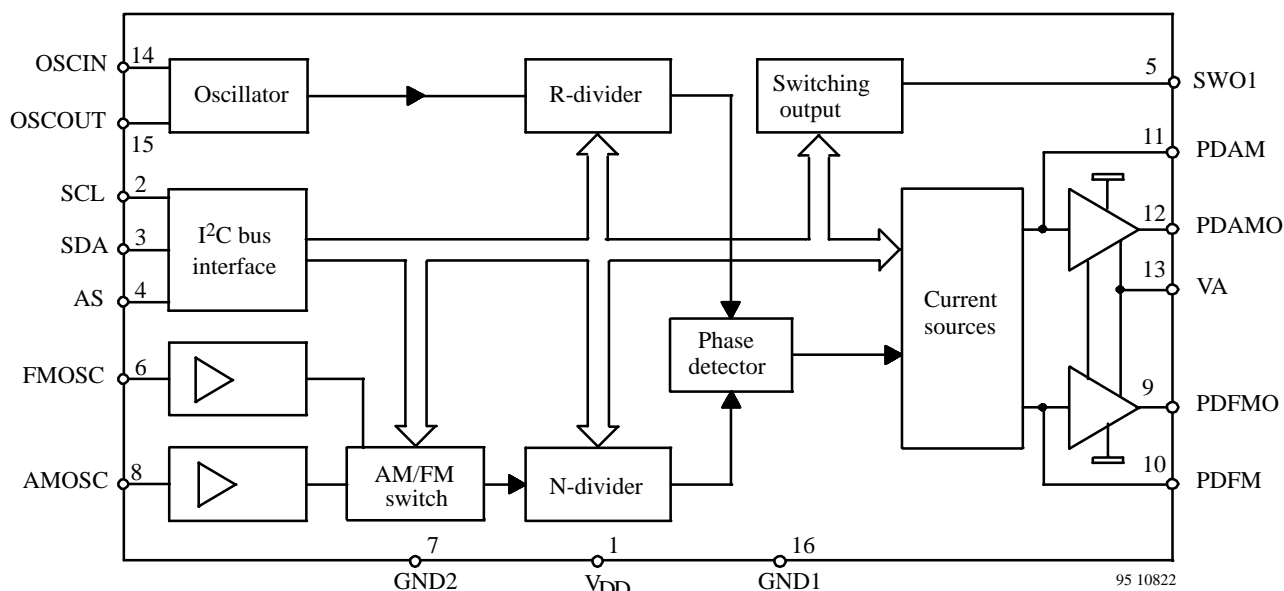
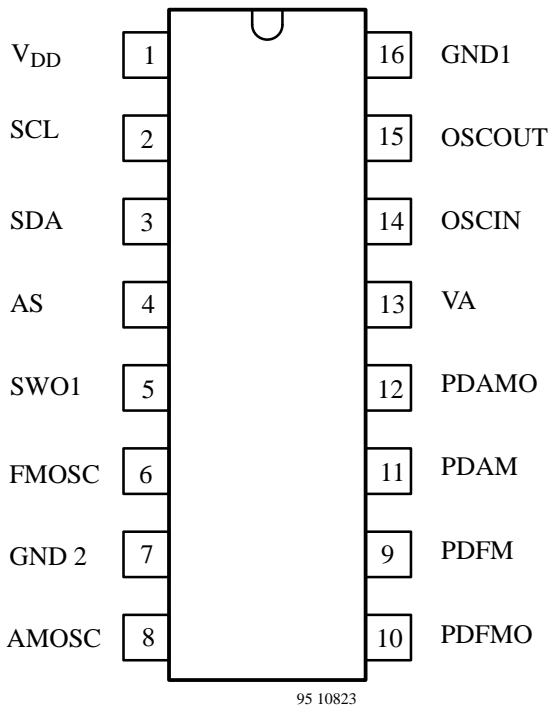


Figure 1.

## Pin Description



| Pin | Symbol          | Function                   |
|-----|-----------------|----------------------------|
| 1   | V <sub>DD</sub> | Supply voltage             |
| 2   | SCL             | I <sup>2</sup> C bus clock |
| 3   | SDA             | I <sup>2</sup> C bus data  |
| 4   | AS              | Address selection          |
| 5   | SWO1            | Switching output           |
| 6   | FMOSC           | FM oscillator input        |
| 7   | GND 2           | Ground 2 (analogue)        |
| 8   | AMOSC           | AM oscillator input        |
| 9   | PDFMO           | FM analogue output         |
| 10  | PDFM            | FM current output          |
| 11  | PDAM            | AM current output          |
| 12  | PDAMO           | AM analogue output         |
| 13  | VA              | Analogue supply voltage    |
| 14  | OSCIN           | Oscillator input           |
| 15  | OSCOU           | Oscillator output          |
| 16  | GND1            | Ground 1 (digital)         |

## Functional Description

The U4289BM is controlled via the 2-wire I<sup>2</sup>C bus. For programming there are one module address byte, two sub-address bytes and five data bytes.

The module address contains a programmable address bit A 1 which with address select input AS (Pin 4) makes it possible to operate two U4289BM in one system. If bit A 1 is identical with the status of the address select input AS, the chip is selected .

The subaddress determines which one of the data bytes is transmitted first. If subaddress of R-divider is transmitted, the sequence of the next data bytes is DB 0 (Status), DB 1 and DB 2.

If subaddress of N-divider is transmitted, the sequence of the next data bytes is DB 3 and DB 4. The bit organisation

of the module address, subaddress and 5 data bytes are shown in figure 2.

Each transmission on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus begins with the "START"- condition and has to be ended by the "STOP"-condition (see figure 3).

The integrated circuit U4289BM has two separate inputs for AM and FM oscillator. Pre-amplified AM and FM signals are fed to the 16 bit N-divider via AM/FM switch. AM/FM switch is controlled by software. Tuning steps can be selected by 16 bit R-divider. Further there is a digital memory phase detector. There are two separate current sources for AM and FM amplifier (charge pump) as given in electrical characteristics. It allows independent adjustment of gain, whereby providing high current for high speed tuning and low current for stable tuning.

**Bit Organization**

|                |     |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |
|----------------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|
|                | MSB |    |    |    |    |    |     | LSB |
| Module address | 1   | 1  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0/1 | 0   |
|                | A7  | A6 | A5 | A4 | A3 | A2 | A1  | A0  |

|                        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Subaddress (R-divider) | X | X | X | 0 | 0 | 1 | X | X |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

|                        |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Subaddress (N-divider) | X | X | X | X | 1 | 1 | X | X |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

|                      |      |    |    |    |           |           |           |           |
|----------------------|------|----|----|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                      | MSB  |    |    |    |           |           |           | LSB       |
| Data byte 0 (Status) | SWO1 |    |    |    | AM/<br>FM | PD<br>ANA | PD<br>POL | PD<br>CUR |
|                      | D7   | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3        | D2        | D1        | D0        |

|             |          |           |  |  |  |  |  |       |
|-------------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|-------|
| Data byte 1 | $2^{15}$ | R-divider |  |  |  |  |  | $2^8$ |
|-------------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|-------|

|             |       |           |  |  |  |  |  |       |
|-------------|-------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|-------|
| Data byte 2 | $2^7$ | R-divider |  |  |  |  |  | $2^0$ |
|-------------|-------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|-------|

|             |          |           |  |  |  |  |  |       |
|-------------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|-------|
| Data byte 3 | $2^{15}$ | N-divider |  |  |  |  |  | $2^8$ |
|-------------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|-------|

|             |       |           |  |  |  |  |  |       |
|-------------|-------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|-------|
| Data byte 4 | $2^7$ | N-divider |  |  |  |  |  | $2^0$ |
|-------------|-------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|-------|

|          | <b>LOW</b>        | <b>HIGH</b>       |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| AM/FM    | FM-operation      | AM-operation      |
| PD – ANA | PD analogue       | TEST              |
| PD – POL | Negative polarity | Positive polarity |
| PD – CUR | Output current 2  | Output current 1  |

Figure 2.

## Transmission Protocol

|   |         |     |   |            |   |        |   |        |   |        |   |   |
|---|---------|-----|---|------------|---|--------|---|--------|---|--------|---|---|
|   | MSB     | LSB |   |            |   |        |   |        |   |        |   |   |
| S | Address |     | A | Subaddress | A | Data 0 | A | Data 1 | A | Data 2 | A | P |
|   | A7      | A0  |   | R-divider  |   |        |   |        |   |        |   |   |

|   |         |     |   |            |   |        |   |        |   |   |
|---|---------|-----|---|------------|---|--------|---|--------|---|---|
|   | MSB     | LSB |   |            |   |        |   |        |   |   |
| S | Address |     | A | Subaddress | A | Data 3 | A | Data 4 | A | P |
|   | A7      | A0  |   | N-divider  |   |        |   | A      |   |   |

S = Start    P = Stop    A = Acknowledge

Figure 3.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameters  | Symbol        | Value                  | Unit        |
|---|---------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Supply voltage                      Pin 1   | $V_{DD}$      | -0.3 to +6             | V           |
| Input voltage                      Pins 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 14 and 15  | $V_I$         | -0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V           |
| Output current                      Pins 3 and 5  | $I_O$         | -1 to +5               | mA          |
| Output drain voltage              Pin 5   | $V_{OD}$      | 15                     | V           |
| Analogue supply voltage              Pin 13<br>with 220 $\Omega$ seriell resistance 2 minutes <sup>1)</sup> | $V_A$         | 6 to 15                | V           |
|   | $V_A$         | 24                     | V           |
| Output current                      Pins 9 and 12   | $I_{AO}$      | -1 to +20              | mA          |
| Ambient temperature range   | $T_{amb}$     | -30 to +85             | $^{\circ}C$ |
| Storage temperature range   | $T_{stg}$     | -40 to +125            | $^{\circ}C$ |
| Junction temperature  | $T_j$         | 125                    | $^{\circ}C$ |
| Electrostatic handling (modified MIL STD 883 D<br>method 3015.7: all supply pins connected together)        | $\pm V_{ESD}$ | 1000                   | V           |

<sup>1)</sup> corresponding our application circuit (page 7)

## Thermal Resistance

| Parameters       | Symbol     | Value | Unit |
|------------------|------------|-------|------|
| Junction ambient | $R_{thJA}$ | 160   | K/W  |

## Electrical Characteristics

$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_A = 10\text{ V}$ ,  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

| Parameters   | Test conditions / Pin               | Symbol  | Min.                     | Typ.        | Max.            | Unit  |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------|---|
| Supply voltage   | Pin 1                               | $V_{DD}$  | 4.5                      | 5.0         | 5.5             | V   |
| Quiescent supply current   | AM-mode<br>FM-mode                  | Pin 1<br>$I_{DD}$                                     |                          | 4.0<br>4.0  | 7.0<br>7.0      | mA  |
| <b>FM input sensitivity, <math>R_G = 50\ \Omega</math> FMOSC</b>         |                                     |   |                          |             |                 |   |
| $f_i = 70$ to $120\text{ MHz}$   | Pin 6                               | $V_{SFM}$   | 40                       |             |                 | mV <sub>rms</sub>                                     |
| $f_i = 160\text{ MHz}$   | Pin 6                               | $V_{SFM}$   | 150                      |             |                 | mV <sub>rms</sub>                                     |
| <b>AM input sensitivity, <math>R_G = 50\ \Omega</math> AMOSC</b>         |                                     |   |                          |             |                 |   |
| $f_i = 0.6$ to $35\text{ MHz}$   | Pin 8                               | $V_{SAM}$   | 40                       |             |                 | mV <sub>rms</sub>                                     |
| <b>Oscillator input sensitivity, <math>R_G = 50\ \Omega</math> OSCIN</b> |                                     |   |                          |             |                 |   |
| $f_i = 0.1$ to $15\text{ MHz}$   | Pin 14                              | $V_{SOSC}$  | 100                      |             |                 | mV <sub>rms</sub>                                     |
| <b>Phase detector PDFM</b>   |                                     |   |                          |             |                 |   |
| Output current 1   | Pin 10                              | $\pm I_{PDFM}$  | 1600                     | 2000        | 2400            | $\mu\text{A}$   |
| Output current 2   | Pin 10                              | $\pm I_{PDFM}$  | 400                      | 500         | 600             | $\mu\text{A}$   |
| Leakage current  | Pin 10                              | $\pm I_{PDFML}$                                       |                          |             | 20              | nA  |
| <b>Phase detector PDAM</b>   |                                     |   |                          |             |                 |   |
| Output current 1   | Pin 11                              | $\pm I_{PDAM}$  | 160                      | 200         | 240             | $\mu\text{A}$   |
| Output current 2   | Pin 11                              | $\pm I_{PDAM}$  | 40                       | 50          | 60              | $\mu\text{A}$   |
| Leakage current  | Pin 11                              | $\pm I_{PDAML}$                                       |                          |             | 20              | nA  |
| <b>Analogue output PDFMO, PDAMO</b>                                      |                                     |   |                          |             |                 |   |
| Saturation voltage<br>LOW<br>HIGH  | Pins 9 and 12<br>$I = 15\text{ mA}$ | $V_{satL}$<br>$V_{satH}$                              | 9.5                      | 200<br>9.95 | 400             | mV<br>V   |
| <b>I<sup>2</sup>C bus SCL, SDA, AS</b>                                   |                                     |   |                          |             |                 |   |
| Input voltage<br>HIGH<br>LOW   | Pins 2, 3 and 4                     | $V_{iBUS}$  | 3.0<br>0                 |             | $V_{DD}$<br>1.5 | V<br>V  |
| Output voltage<br>Acknowledge LOW  | Pin 3<br>$I_{SDA} = 3\text{ mA}$    | $V_O$   |                          |             | 0.4             | V   |
| Clock frequency  | Pin 2                               | $f_{SCL}$   |                          |             | 100             | kHz   |
| Rise time SDA, SCL   | Pins 2 and 3                        | $t_r$   |                          |             | 1               | $\mu\text{s}$   |
| Fall time SDA, SCL   | Pins 2 and 3                        | $t_f$   |                          |             | 300             | ns  |
| Period of SCL<br>HIGH<br>LOW   | Pin 2<br>HIGH<br>LOW                | $t_H$<br>$t_L$  | 4.0<br>4.7               |             |                 | $\mu\text{s}$<br>$\mu\text{s}$                        |
| <b>Setup time</b>  |                                     |   |                          |             |                 |   |
| Start condition<br>Data<br>Stop condition<br>Time space <sup>1)</sup>    |                                     | $t_{sSTA}$<br>$t_{sDAT}$<br>$t_{sSTOP}$<br>$t_{wSTA}$ | 4.7<br>250<br>4.7<br>4.7 |             |                 | $\mu\text{s}$<br>ns<br>$\mu\text{s}$<br>$\mu\text{s}$ |
| <b>Hold time</b>   |                                     |   |                          |             |                 |   |
| Start condition<br>DATA  |                                     | $t_{hSTA}$<br>$t_{hDAT}$                              | 4.0<br>0                 |             |                 | $\mu\text{s}$<br>$\mu\text{s}$                        |

<sup>1)</sup> This is a space of time where the bus must be free from data transmission and before a new transmission can be started.

## Bus Timing

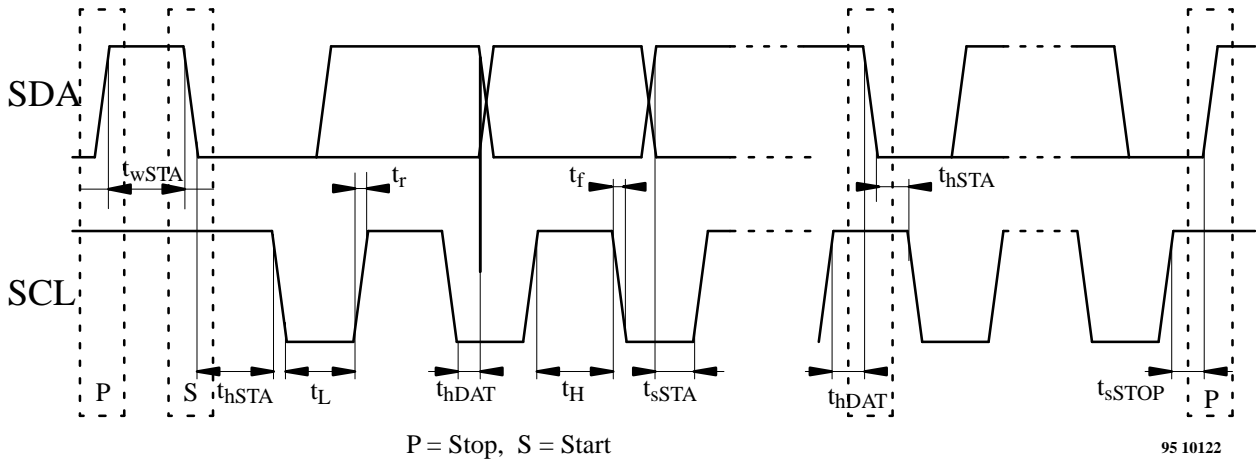


Figure 4.

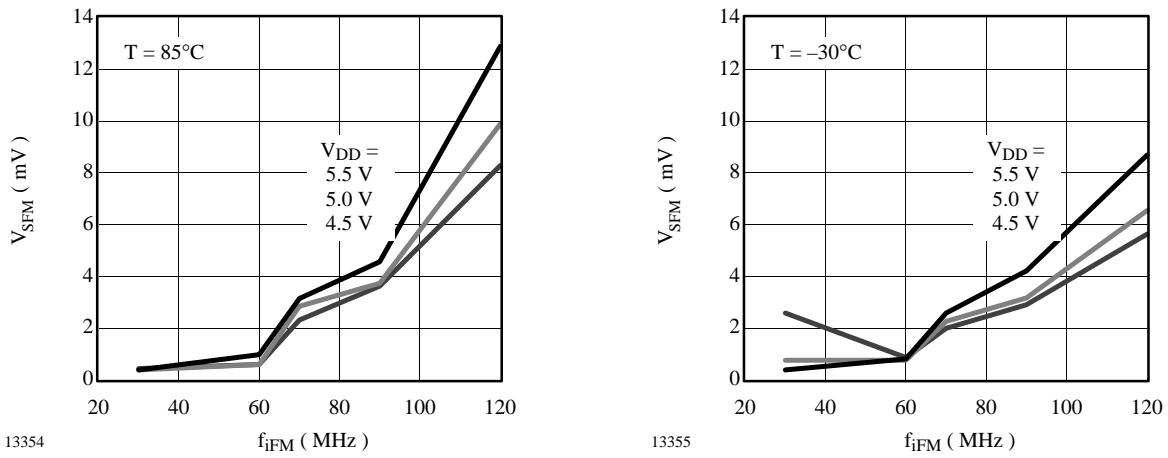


Figure 5. FM input sensitivity

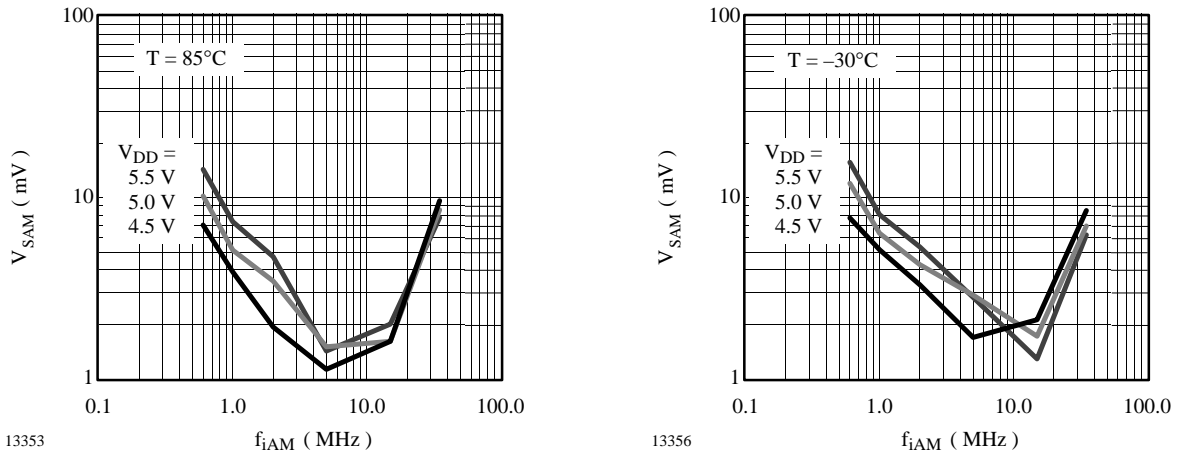


Figure 6. AM input sensitivity

**Application Circuit**

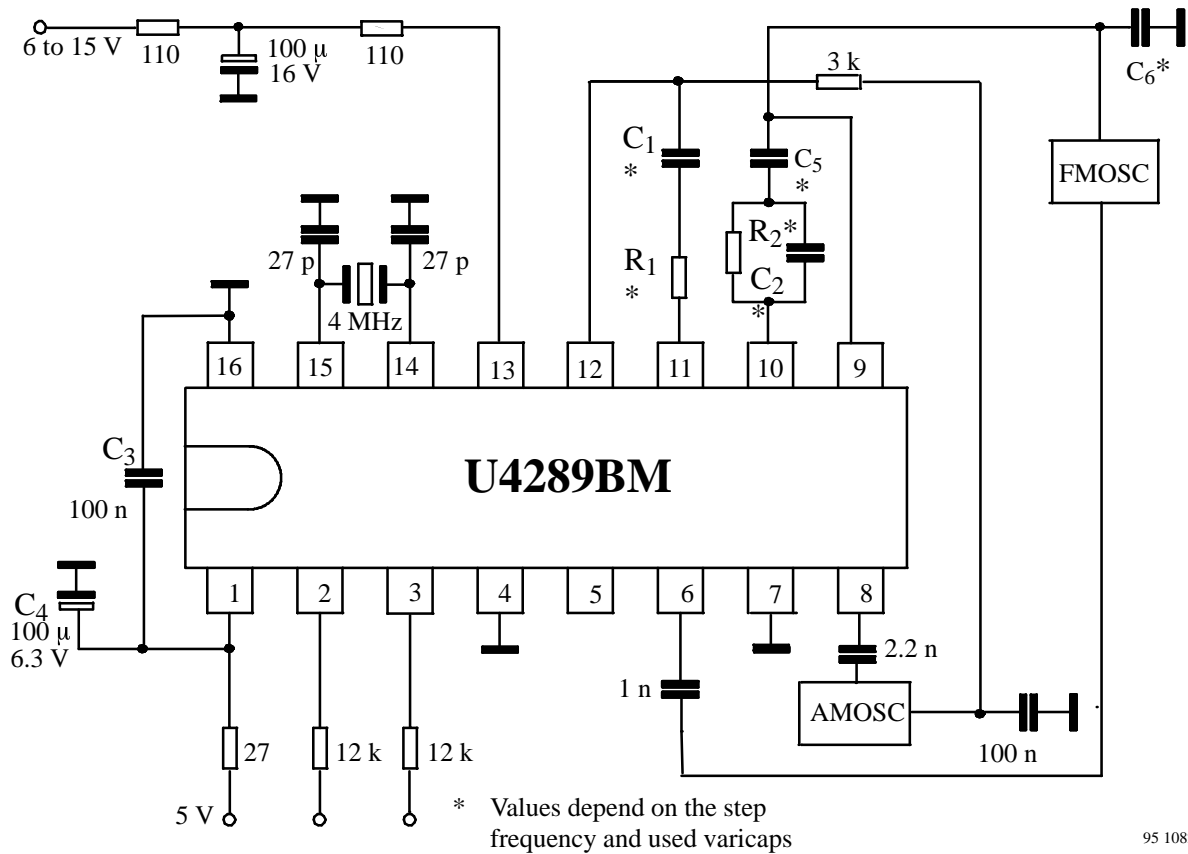


Figure 7.

## Recommendations for Applications

- $C_3 = 100 \text{ nF}$  should be very close to Pin 1 ( $V_{DD}$ ) and Pin 16 (GND 1)
- GND 2 (Pin 7 – analog ground) and GND 1 (Pin 16 – digital ground) must be connected according to figure 8
- 4 MHz crystal must be very close to Pin 14 and Pin 15
- Components of the charge pump ( $C_1/R_1$  for AM and  $C_2/R_2$  for FM) should be very close to Pin 11 with respect to Pin 10.

## PCB-Layout

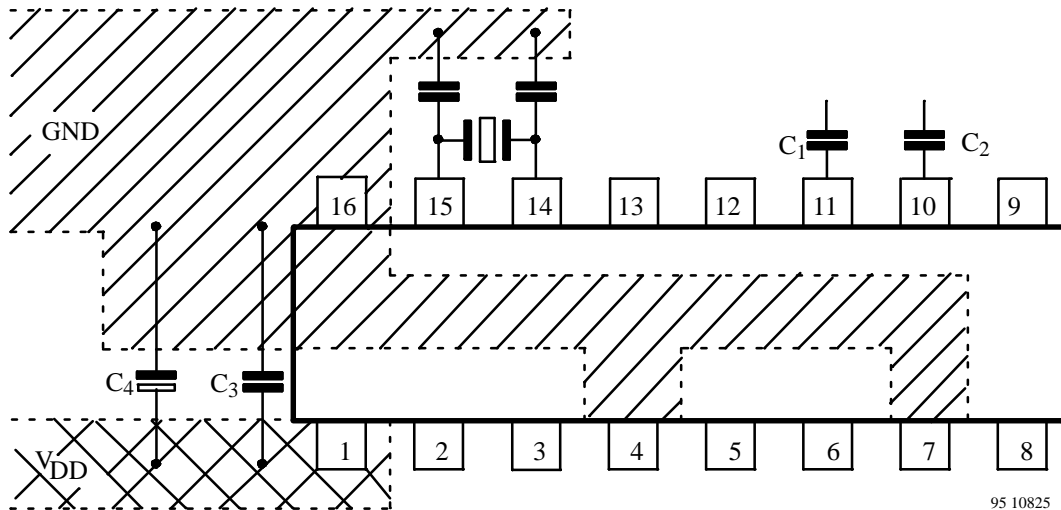


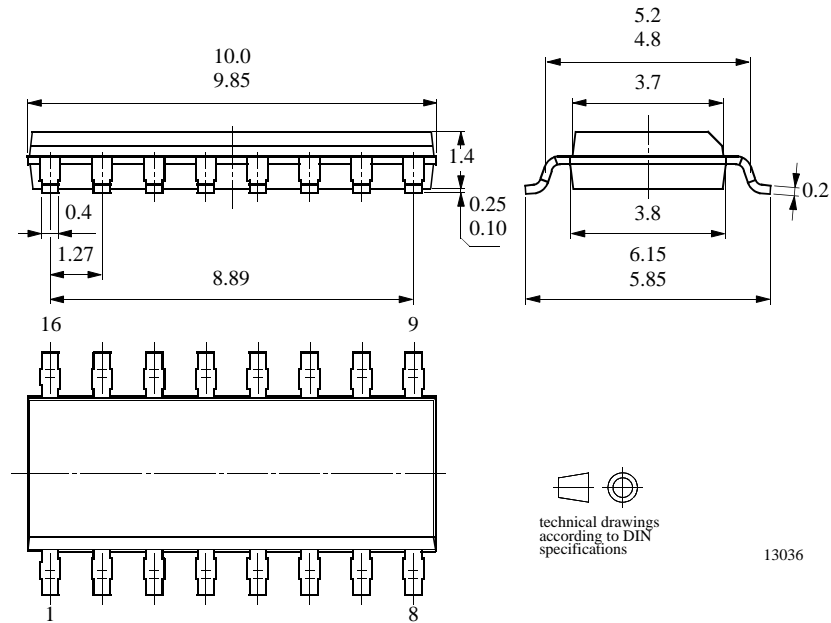
Figure 8.



**Package Information**

Package SO16

Dimensions in mm



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