

50 mA AND 100 mA CMOS LDOs WITH SHUTDOWN

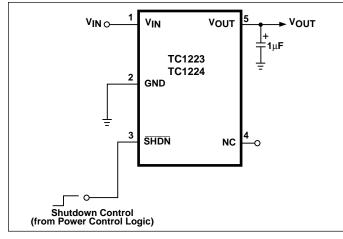
FEATURES

- Zero Ground Current for Longer Battery Life!
- Very Low Dropout Voltage
- Guaranteed 50 mA, 100 mA Output (TC1223, TC1224, Respectively)
- High Output Voltage Accuracy
- Standard or Custom Output Voltages
- Power-Saving Shutdown Mode
- Over-Current and Over-Temperature Protection
- Space-Saving SOT-23A-5 Package
- Pin Compatible Upgrades for Bipolar Regulators

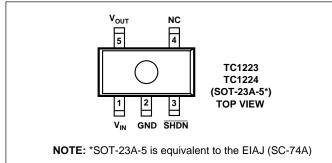
APPLICATIONS

- Battery Operated Systems
- Portable Computers
- Medical Instruments
- Instrumentation
- Cellular / GSM / PHS Phones
- Linear Post-Regulator for SMPS
- Pagers

TYPICAL APPLICATION



PIN CONFIGURATION



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The TC1223 and TC1224 are high accuracy (typically $\pm 0.5\%$) CMOS upgrade for older (bipolar) low dropout regulators such as the LP2980. Designed specifically for battery-operated systems, the devices CMOS construction eliminates wasted ground current, significantly extending battery life. Total supply current is typically 50 μ A at full load (20 to 60 times lower than in bipolar regulators!).

Key features for the TC1223 and TC1224 include ultra low-noise operation; very low dropout voltage (typically 85 mV and 180 mV, respectively, at full load) and fast response to step changes in load. Supply current is reduced to 0.5 μ A (max) and V_{OUT} falls to zero when the shutdown input is low. The devices also incorporate both over-temperature and over-current protection.

The TC1223 and TC1224 are stable with an output capacitor of only 1 μ F and have a maximum output current of 50 mA and 100 mA, respectively. For higher output versions, please see the TC1107, TC1108, and TC1173 (I_{OUT} = 300 mA) data sheets.

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Output Voltage **(V) |) Package | Junction Temp. Range |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| T 2.5 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| T 2.7 | SOT-23A-5* | -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C |
| T 2.8 | SOT-23A-5* | -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C |
| CT 2.85 | SOT-23A-5* | -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C |
| T 3.0 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| T 3.3 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| T 3.6 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| T 4.0 | SOT-23A-5* | - 40°C to +125°C |
| T 5.0 | SOT-23A-5* | - 40°C to +125°C |
| T 2.5 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| T 2.7 | SOT-23A-5* | - 40°C to +125°C |
| T 2.8 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| CT 2.85 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| T 3.0 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| T 3.3 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| T 3.6 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| T 4.0 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| T 5.0 | SOT-23A-5* | – 40°C to +125°C |
| | Voltage **(V) T 2.5 T 2.7 T 2.85 T 3.0 T 3.3 T 3.6 T 4.0 T 2.5 T 2.7 T 2.8 CT 2.85 T 2.7 T 2.8 CT 2.85 T 3.0 T 3.6 T 3.3 T 3.6 T 3.6 T 3.6 T 3.6 T 3.6 | Voltage **(V) Package T 2.5 SOT-23A-5* T 2.7 SOT-23A-5* T 2.8 SOT-23A-5* T 2.85 SOT-23A-5* T 2.85 SOT-23A-5* T 3.0 SOT-23A-5* T 3.0 SOT-23A-5* T 3.0 SOT-23A-5* T 3.6 SOT-23A-5* T 3.6 SOT-23A-5* T 3.6 SOT-23A-5* T 5.0 SOT-23A-5* T 2.5 SOT-23A-5* T 2.5 SOT-23A-5* T 2.7 SOT-23A-5* T 2.8 SOT-23A-5* T 2.8 SOT-23A-5* T 3.0 SOT-23A-5* T 3.0 SOT-23A-5* T 3.0 SOT-23A-5* T 3.3 SOT-23A-5* T 3.6 SOT-23A-5* T |

NOTE: *SOT-23A-5 is equivalent to the EIAJ (SC-74A)

** Other output voltages available. Contact Microchip for details

TC1223 TC1224

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 Sec.) +260°C

| Input Voltage | 6.5V |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Output Voltage | |
| Power Dissipation | Internally Limited |
| Operating Temperature | – 40°C < T _J < 125°C |
| Storage Temperature | – 65°C to +150°C |
| Maximum Voltage On Any Pin | $V_{IN} + 0.3V \text{ to} - 0.3V$ |

*Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$, $I_L = 100 \ \mu$ A, $C_L = 3.3 \ \mu$ F, $\overline{SHDN} > V_{IH}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted. **Boldface** type specifications apply for junction temperatures of -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C.

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|------------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| V _{IN} | Input Operating Voltage | | | _ | 6.0 | V |
| I _{OUTMAX} | Maximum Output Current | TC1223 TC1224 | 50 100 | _ | | mA |
| V _{OUT} | Output Voltage | Note 1 | V _R – 2.5% | V _R ±0.5% | V _R + 2.5% | V |
| TCV _{OUT} | V _{OUT} Temperature Coefficient | Note 2 | _ | 20 40 | _ | ppm/°C |
| $\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta V_{IN}$ | Line Regulation | $(V_R + 1V) \le V_{IN} \le 6V$ | _ | 0.05 | 0.35 | % |
| $\Delta V_{OUT}/V_{OUT}$ | Load Regulation | $I_L = 0.1 \text{ mA to } I_{OUT_{MAX}}$ (Note 3) | _ | 0.5 | 2 | % |
| V _{IN} – V _{OUT} | Dropout Voltage (Note 4) | $I_L = 100 \ \mu A$ $I_L = 20 \ m A$ $I_L = 50 \ m A$ $I_L = 100 \ m A (TC1224)$ (Note 4) | | 2 65 85 180 | 120 250 | mV |
| I _{IN} | Supply Current (Note 7) | $\overline{\text{SHDN}} = V_{\text{IH}}, I_{\text{L}} = 0$ | _ | 50 | 80 | μA |
| IINSD | Shutdown Supply Current | SHDN = 0V | | 0.05 | 0.5 | μΑ |
| PSRR | Power Supply Rejection Ratio | F _{RE} ≤ 1 KHz | | 64 | — | dB |
| I _{OUTSC} | Output Short Circuit Current | $V_{OUT} = 0V$ | | 300 | 450 | mA |
| $\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta P_D$ | Thermal Regulation | Note 5, 6 | _ | 0.04 | _ | %/W |
| T _{SD} | Thermal Shutdown Die Temperature | | _ | 160 | — | °C |
| ΔT_{SD} | Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis | | _ | 10 | — | °C |
| eN | Output Noise | I _L = I _{OUTMAX} | _ | 260 | — | nV/√Hz |
| SHDN Input | t | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| VIH | SHDN Input High Threshold | $V_{IN} = 2.5V$ to $6.5V$ | 45 | — | _ | %V _{IN} |
|-----|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----|---|----|------------------|
| VIL | SHDN Input Low Threshold | $V_{IN} = 2.5V \text{ to } 6.5V$ | _ | | 15 | %V _{IN} |

NOTES: 1. V_R is the regulator output voltage setting. $V_R = 2.5V$, 2.7V, 2.85V, 3.0V, 3.3V, 3.6V, 4.0V, 5.0V.

2. TCV_{OUT} = $(V_{OUT_{MAX}} - V_{OUT_{MIN}}) \times 10^{6}$

V_{OUT} χ ΔΤ

3. Regulation is measured at a constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is tested over a load range from 1.0 mA to the maximum specified output current. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.

4. Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value at a 1V differential.

5. Thermal Regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time T after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a current pulse equal to I_{LMAX} at $V_{IN} = 6V$ for T = 10 msec.

6. The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of ambient temperature, the maximum allowable junction temperature and the thermal resistance from junction-to-air (i.e. T_A, T_J, θ_{JA}). Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation causes the device to initiate thermal shutdown. Please see *Thermal Considerations* section of this data sheet for more details.

7. Apply for Junction Temperatures of-40°C to +85°C.

PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin No. (SOT-23A-5) | Symbol | Description |
|------------------------|------------------|---|
| 1 | V _{IN} | Unregulated supply input. |
| 2 | GND | Ground terminal. |
| 3 | SHDN | Shutdown control input. The regulator is fully enabled when a logic high is applied to this input. The regulator enters shutdown when a logic low is applied to this input. During shutdown, output voltage falls to zero, and supply current is reduced to 0.5 μ A (max.). |
| 4 | NC | No connect. |
| 5 | V _{OUT} | Regulated voltage output. |

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The TC1223 and TC1224 are precision fixed output voltage regulators. Unlike the bipolar regulators, the TC1223 and TC1224 supply current does not increase with load current. In addition, V_{OUT} remains stable and within regulation at very low load currents (an important consideration in RTC and CMOS RAM battery back-up applications).

Figure 1 shows a typical application circuit. The regulator is enabled any time the shutdown input (SHDN) is at or above V_{IH}, and shutdown (disabled) when SHDN is at or below V_{IL}. SHDN may be controlled by a CMOS logic gate, or I/O port of a microcontroller. If the SHDN input is not required, it should be connected directly to the input supply. While in shutdown, supply current decreases to 0.05 μ A (typical) and V_{OUT} falls to zero volts.

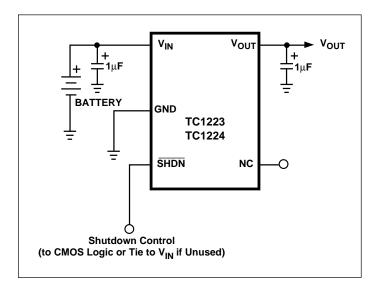


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

Output Capacitor

A 1 μ F (min) capacitor from V_{OUT} to ground is recommended. The output capacitor should have an effective series resistance of 5 Ω or less, and a resonant frequency above 1 MHz. A 1 μ F capacitor should be connected from V_{IN} to GND if there is more than 10 inches of wire between the regulator and the AC filter capacitor, or if a battery is used as the power source. Aluminum electrolytic or tantalum capacitor types can be used. (Since many aluminum electrolytic capacitors freeze at approximately -30°C, solid tantalums are recommended for applications operating below -25°C.) When operating from sources other than batteries, supply-noise rejection and transient response can be improved by increasing the value of the input and output capacitors and employing passive filtering techniques.

Thermal Considerations

Thermal Shutdown

Integrated thermal protection circuitry shuts the regulator off when die temperature exceeds 160°C. The regulator remains off until the die temperature drops to approximately 150°C.

Power Dissipation

The amount of power the regulator dissipates is primarily a function of input and output voltage, and output current. The following equation is used to calculate worst case *actual* power dissipation:

TC1223 TC1224

50 mA AND 100 mA CMOS LDOs WITH SHUTDOWN

TC1223 TC1224

 $P_D \approx (V_{IN_{MAX}} - V_{OUT_{MIN}})I_{LOAD_{MAX}}$

Where:

 $\begin{array}{l} P_{D} = \text{Worst case actual power dissipation} \\ V_{\text{IN}_{MAX}} = \text{Maximum voltage on } V_{\text{IN}} \\ V_{\text{OUT}_{MIN}} = \text{Minimum regulator output voltage} \\ I_{\text{LOAD}_{MAX}} = \text{Maximum output (load) current} \end{array}$

Equation 1.

The maximum *allowable* power dissipation (Equation 2) is a function of the maximum ambient temperature (T_{AMAX}) , the maximum allowable die temperature (125°C) and the thermal resistance from junction-to-air (θ_{JA}). The SOT-23A-5 package has a θ_{JA} of approximately *220°C/Watt* when mounted on a single layer FR4 dielectric copper clad PC board.

$$P_{D_{MAX}} = \frac{(T_{J_{MAX}} - T_{J_{MAX}})}{\theta_{JA}}$$

Where all terms are previously defined.

Equation 2.

Equation 1 can be used in conjunction with Equation 2 to ensure regulator thermal operation is within limits. For example:

Given:

$$V_{IN_{MAX}} = 3.0V \pm 10\%$$

 $V_{OUT_{MIN}} = 2.7V - 2.5\%$
 $I_{LOAD} = 40 \text{ mA}$
 $T_{AMAX} = 55^{\circ}\text{C}$

Find: 1. Actual power dissipation 2. Maximum allowable dissipation

Actual power dissipation:

$$\begin{split} & \mathsf{P}_{D\,\approx}\,(\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{IN}_{\mathsf{MAX}}}-\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{OUT}_{\mathsf{MIN}}})\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{LOAD}_{\mathsf{MAX}}} \\ & = [(3.0 \text{ x } 1.1)-(2.7 \text{ x } .975)]40 \text{ x } 10^{-3} \\ & = 26.7 \text{ mW} \end{split}$$

Maximum allowable power dissipation:

$$P_{D_{MAX}} = (\frac{T_{J_{MAX}} - T_{A_{MAX}}}{\theta_{JA}})$$

= (125 - 55)
220

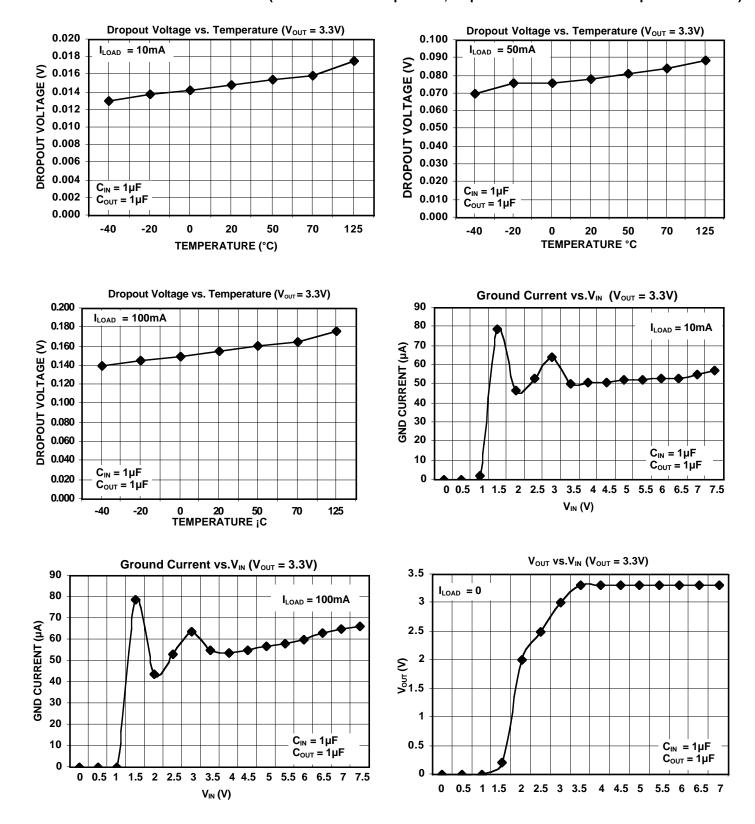
= 318 mW

In this example, the TC1223 dissipates a maximum of only 26.7 mW; far below the allowable limit of 318 mW. In a similar manner, Equation 1 and Equation 2 can be used to calculate maximum current and/or input voltage limits.

Layout Considerations

The primary path of heat conduction out of the package is via the package leads. Therefore, layouts having a ground plane, wide traces at the pads, and wide power supply bus lines combine to lower θ_{JA} and, therefore, increase the maximum allowable power dissipation limit.

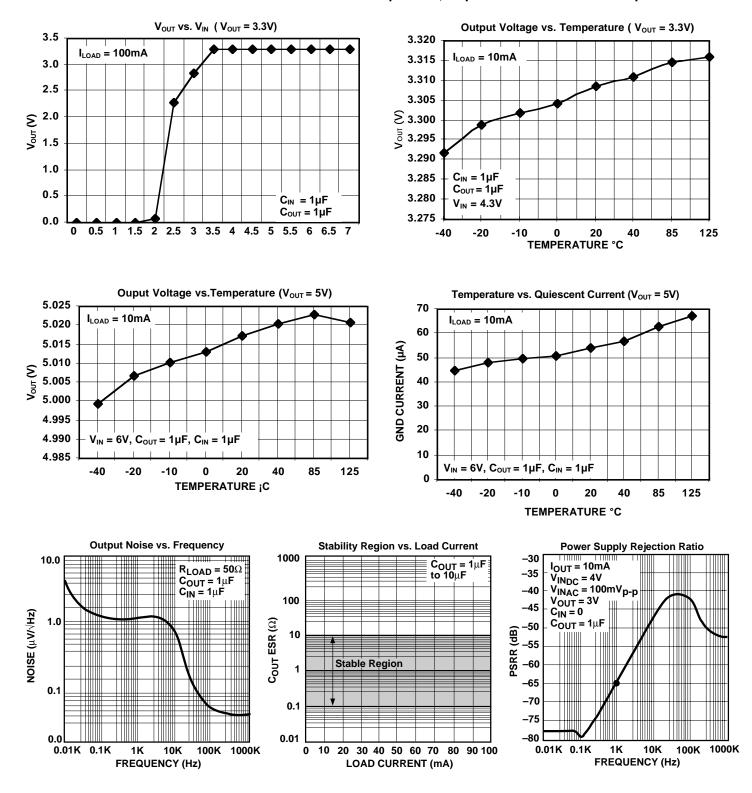
TC1223 TC1224



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: (Unless otherwise specified, all parts are measured at Temperature = 25°C)

50 mA AND 100 mA CMOS LDOs WITH SHUTDOWN

TC1223 TC1224

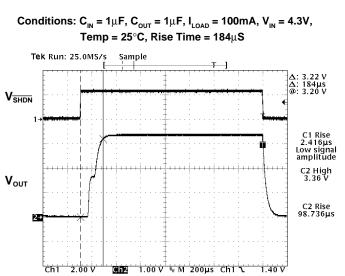


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS: (Unless otherwise specified, all parts are measured at Temperature = 25°C

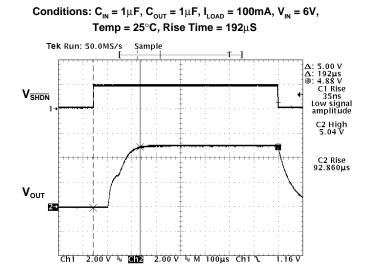
50 mA and 100 mA CMOS LDOs WITH SHUTDOWN

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Measure Rise Time of 3.3V LDO

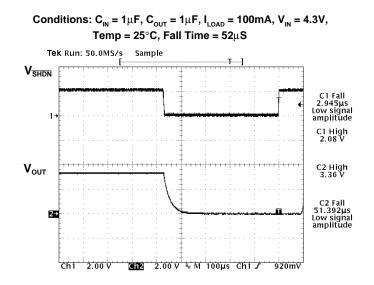


Measure Rise Time of 5.0V LDO



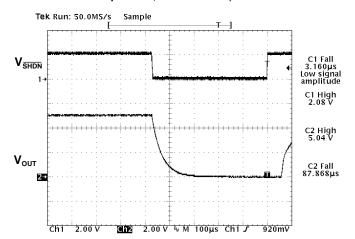
Measure Fall Time of 3.3V LDO

TC1223 TC1224



Measure Fall Time of 5.0V LDO

Conditions: $C_{IN} = 1\mu F$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $I_{LOAD} = 100mA$, $V_{IN} = 6V$, Temp = 25°C, Fall Time = 88µS

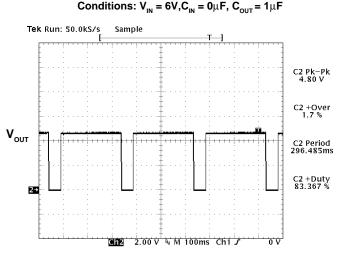


50 mA AND 100 mA CMOS LDOs WITH SHUTDOWN

TC1223 TC1224

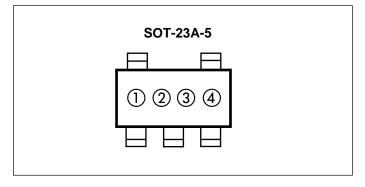
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Thermal Shutdown Response of 5.0V LDO



 ${\rm I}_{\rm LOAD}$ was increased until temperature of die reached about 160°C, at which time integrated thermal protection circuitry shuts the regulator off when die temperature exceeds approximately 160°C. The regulator remains off until die temperature drops to approximately 150°C.

MARKING

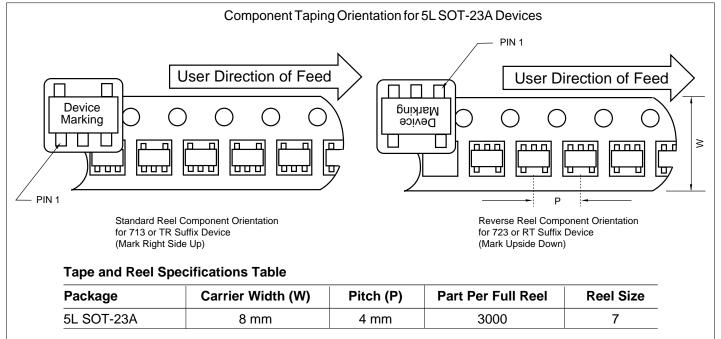


(1) & (2) = part number code + temperature range and voltage

| <u>(V)</u> | TC1223 Code | <u>TC1224 Code</u> |
|------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 2.5 | L1 | M1 |
| 2.7 | L2 | M2 |
| 2.8 | LZ | MZ |
| 2.85 | L8 | M8 |
| 3.0 | L3 | M3 |
| 3.3 | L5 | M5 |
| 3.6 | L9 | M9 |
| 4.0 | LO | MO |
| 5.0 | L7 | M7 |

③ represents year and quarter code

④ represents lot ID number

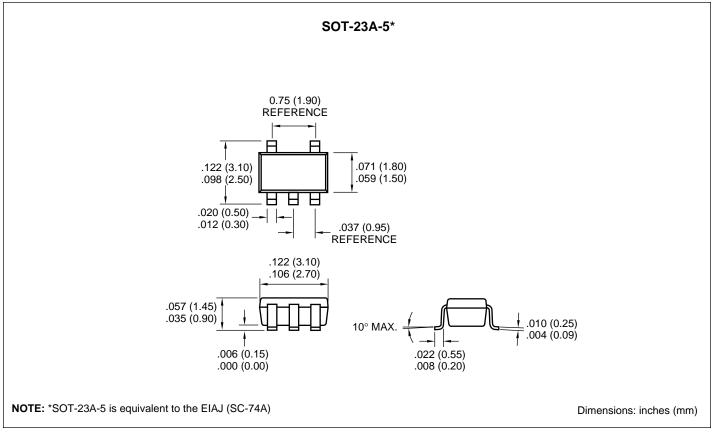


TAPING FORM

50 mA and 100 mA CMOS LDOs WITH SHUTDOWN

TC1223 TC1224

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS





WORLDWIDE SALES AND SERVICE

AMERICAS

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