## NCS1002A

## Constant Voltage / Constant Current Secondary-Side Controller

## Description

The NCS1002A is a performance upgrade from the NCS1002 focused on reducing power consumption in applications that require more efficient operation. It is a highly integrated solution for Switching Mode Power Supply (SMPS) applications requiring a dual control loop to perform Constant Voltage (CV) and Constant Current (CC) regulation. The NCS1002A integrates a 2.5 V voltage reference and two precision op amps. The voltage reference, along with Op Amp 1 , is the core of the voltage control-loop. Op Amp 2 is an independent, uncommitted amplifier specifically designed for the current control. Key external components needed to complete the two control loops are: (a) A resistor divider that senses the output of the power supply (battery charger) and fixes the voltage regulation set point at the specified value. (b) A sense resistor that feeds the current sensing circuit with a voltage proportional to the DC output current. This resistor determines the current regulation set point and must be adequately rated in terms of power dissipation. The NCS1002A comes in a small 8-pin SOIC package and is ideal for space-shrunk applications such as battery chargers.

## Features

- Low Input Offset Voltage: 0.5 mV , Typ
- Input Common-Mode Range includes Ground
- Low Quiescent Current: $150 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ per Op Amp at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$
- Large Output Voltage Swing
- Wide Power Supply Range: 3 V to 32 V
- High ESD Protection: 2 kV
- These are $\mathrm{Pb}-$ Free Devices


## Typical Applications

- Battery Chargers
- Switch Mode Power Supplies

ON Semiconductor ${ }^{\circledR}$
http://onsemi.com

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)


See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 8 of this data sheet

MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage (V $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ to GND) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | 36 | V |
| Differential Input Voltage | $V_{\text {id }}$ | 36 | V |
| Input Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | -0.3 to +36 | V |
| ESD Protection Voltage at Pin Human Body Model | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ESD }}$ | 2000 | V |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Specification Temperature Range ( $\mathrm{T}_{\text {min }}$ to $\mathrm{T}_{\text {max }}$ ) | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | -40 to +105 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating Free-Air Temperature Range | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {oper }}$ | -55 to +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature Range | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | -55 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

|  | Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Thermal Resistance | Junction-to-Ambient | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {ӨJA }}$ | 175 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Characteristics | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Total Supply Current, excluding current in the Voltage Reference $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{no}$ <br> load; $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0.15 | 0.25 | mA |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Total Supply Current, excluding Current in the Voltage Reference $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=30 \mathrm{~V}$, no <br> load; $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 0.2 | 0.3 | mA |  |

OP AMP 1 (OP AMP WITH NONINVERTING INPUT CONNECTED TO THE INTERNAL $V_{\text {ref }}$ )
( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| $\mathrm{V}_{10}$ | Input Offset Voltage | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 2.0 | mV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 3.0 | mV |
| DV ${ }_{\text {IO }}$ | Input Offset Voltage Drift ( $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  | 7.0 | $\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}$ | Input Bias Current (Inverting Input Only) |  |  | 20 | 150 | nA |
| AVD | Large Signal Voltage Gain ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$,$\left.\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ICM}}=0 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ |  |  | 100 |  | V/mV |
| PSRR | Power Supply Rejection ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $30 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ ) |  | 80 | 100 |  | dB |
| Isource | Output Source Current ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{id}}=1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) |  | 20 | 40 |  | mA |
| 10 | Short Circuit to GND ( $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ |  |  | 40 | 60 | mA |
| ISINK | Output Current Sink ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {id }}=-1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=+15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=0.2 \mathrm{~V} \\ (\text { Note 1) } \end{gathered}$ | 1 | 10 |  | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=+15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 10 | 20 |  | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output Voltage Swing, High ( $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=30 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 26 | 27 |  | V |
|  |  | $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 26 |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 27 | 28 |  |  |
|  |  | $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 27 |  |  |  |
| VoL | Output Voltage Swing, Low | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 5.0 | 50 | mV |
| SR | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Slew Rate }\left(A V=+1, V_{i}=0.5 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}\right. \text {, } \\ & \left.\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.2 | 0.4 |  | V/us |
| GBP | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gain Bandwidth Product }\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=30 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{AV}=+1\right. \text {, (Note 1) } \\ & \left.R_{L}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=10 \mathrm{mV} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{PP}}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.5 | 0.9 |  | MHz |
| THD | Total Harmonic Distortion ( $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{AV}=10$, $\left.\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=30 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}=2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{PP}}\right)$ |  |  | 0.08 |  | \% |

OP AMP 2 (INDEPENDENT OP AMP) ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| $\mathrm{V}_{10}$ | Input Offset Voltage | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 0.5 | 2.0 | mV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 3.0 |  |
| DV10 | Input Offset Voltage Drift ( $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  | 7.0 | $\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{10}$ | Input Offset Current | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 2.0 | 75 | nA |
|  |  | $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 150 |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}$ | Input Bias Current | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 20 | 150 | nA |
|  |  | $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 200 |  |
| AVD | Large Signal Voltage Gain $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}\right.$, $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ to 11.4 V ) | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 50 | 100 |  | V/mV |
|  |  | $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 25 |  |  |  |
| PSRR | Power Supply Rejection (VCC $=5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 30 V ) |  | 80 | 100 |  | dB |

1. Guaranteed by design and/or characterization.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

| Symbol | Characteristics | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

OP AMP 2 (INDEPENDENT OP AMP) (continued) ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| VICM | Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 2)$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=+30 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}- \\ 1.5 \end{gathered}$ | V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 0 |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}- \\ 2.0 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| CMRR | Common Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 4) | $\begin{gathered} 0 \text { to } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-1.7 \mathrm{~V}, \\ \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | 70 | 85 |  | dB |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 0 \text { to } V_{C C}-2.2 \mathrm{~V} \\ -40 \leq T_{A} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | 60 |  |  |  |
| Isource | Output Current Source ( $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {ID }}=+1 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ |  | 20 | 40 |  | mA |
| Io | Short-Circuit to GND ( $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ |  |  | 40 | 60 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SINK }}$ | Output Current Sink ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ID }}=-1 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=+15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1 | 10 |  | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=+15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ | 10 | 20 |  | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output Voltage Swing, High ( $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=30 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 26 | 27 |  | V |
|  |  | $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 26 |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 27 | 28 |  |  |
|  |  | $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 27 |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Output Voltage Swing, Low | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 5.0 | 50 | mV |
| SR | Slew Rate ( $\mathrm{AV}=+1, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{i}}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=15 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF}$ ) |  | 0.2 | 0.4 |  | V/us |
| GBP | Gain Bandwidth Product $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=30 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{AV}=+1\right.$, <br> $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=10 \mathrm{mV} \mathrm{PP}$ ) (Note 4) |  | 0.5 | 0.9 |  | MHz |
| THD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total Harmonic Distortion ( } \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{AV}=10 \text {, } \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=30 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}=2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{PP}} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 0.08 |  | \% |
| $\mathrm{e}_{\text {noise }}$ | Equivalent Input Noise Voltage ( $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}=100 \Omega, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=30 \mathrm{~V}$ ) |  |  | 50 |  | $\mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ |

VOLTAGE REFERENCE

| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{K}}$ | Cathode Current |  | 0.05 |  | 100 | mA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ref }}$ | Reference Voltage ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{K}}=1 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.49 | 2.5 | 2.51 | V |
|  |  | $-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.48 | 2.5 | 2.52 |  |
| $\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\text {ref }}$ | Reference Deviation over Temperature ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{KA}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {ref }}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{K}}=10 \mathrm{~mA},-40 \leq \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq$ $+105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) (Note 4) |  |  | 7.0 | 30 | mV |
| $I_{\text {min }}$ | Minimum Cathode Current for Regulation ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{KA}} \geq 2.45 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{f}}$ ) |  |  | 10 | 50 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| I ZKA I | Dynamic Impedance (Note 3)$\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{KA}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {ref }}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{K}}=1 \mathrm{~mA} \text { to } 100 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{f}<1 \mathrm{kHz}\right)$ |  |  | 0.2 | 0.5 | $\Omega$ |

2. The input common-mode voltage of either input signal should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V . The upper end of the common-mode range is $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-1.5 \mathrm{~V}$. Both inputs can go to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ without damage.
3. The Dynamic Impedance is defined as $\operatorname{ZKA} I=\Delta \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{KA}} / \Delta \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{K}}$.
4. Guaranteed by design and/or characterization.


Figure 1. Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature

Figure 3. Vref as a Function of IK


Figure 2. IB vs. Temperature


Figure 4. Vref Over Temperature


Figure 5. Ref Dynamic Impedance vs.
Temperature


Figure 6. NCS1002A PSRR vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 7. NCS1002A CMRR vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 8. Distortion vs. Frequency

Figure 1. AC Adapter Application

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device | Package | Shipping $^{\dagger}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NCS1002ADR2G | SOIC-8 | (Pb-Free) |

$\dagger$ For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOIC-8 NB
CASE 751-07
ISSUE AK


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 ( 0.006 ) PER SIDE.
5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 ( 0.005 ) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
6. 751-01 THRU 751-06 ARE OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 751-07.

|  | MILLIMETERS |  | INCHES |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 4.80 | 5.00 | 0.189 | 0.197 |
| B | 3.80 | 4.00 | 0.150 | 0.157 |
| C | 1.35 | 1.75 | 0.053 | 0.069 |
| D | 0.33 | 0.51 | 0.013 | 0.020 |
| G | 1.27 | BSC | 0.050 BSC |  |
| H | 0.10 | 0.25 | 0.004 | 0.010 |
| J | 0.19 | 0.25 | 0.007 | 0.010 |
| K | 0.40 | 1.27 | 0.016 | 0.050 |
| M | 0 | $8^{\circ}$ | 0 | 0 |
| N | 0.25 | 0.50 | 0.010 | $8^{\circ}$ |
| S | 5.80 | 6.20 | 0.228 | 0.244 |

## SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*


*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

[^0]
## PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

## LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:

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Email: orderlit@onsemi.com
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