Product Preview

Intelligent Dynamic Clock Switch (IDCS) PLL Clock Driver

The MPC9892 is a PLL clock driver designed specifically for redundant clock tree designs. The device receives two differential LVPECL clock signals from which it generates 5 new differential LVPECL clock outputs. Two of the output pairs regenerate the input signals frequency and phase while the other three pairs generate 4x, phase aligned clock outputs. External PLL feedback is used to also provide zero delay buffer performance.

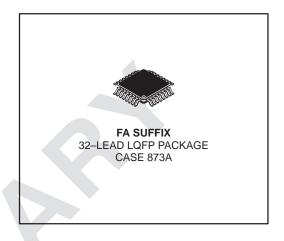
Features:

- Fully Integrated PLL
- Intelligent Dynamic Clock Switch
- LVPECL Clock Outputs
- LVCMOS Control I/O
- 3.3V Operation
- 32-Lead LQFP Packaging
- SiGe technology supports near-zero output skew

MPC9892

Order Number: MPC9892/D

Rev 0, 12/2002



Functional Description

The MPC9892 Intelligent Dynamic Clock Switch (IDCS) circuit continuously monitors both input CLK signals. Upon detection of a failure (CLK stuck HIGH or LOW for at least 1 period), the INP_BAD for that CLK will be latched (H). If that CLK is the primary clock, the IDCS will switch to the good secondary clock and phase/frequency alignment will occur with minimal output phase disturbance. The typical phase bump caused by a failed clock is eliminated. (See Application Information section).

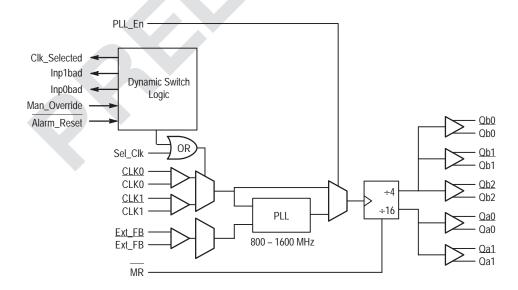


Figure 1. Block Diagram

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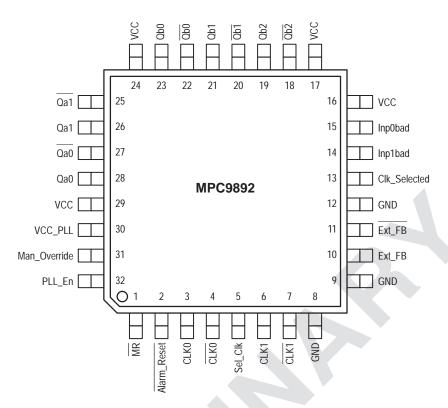


Figure 2. 32-Lead Pinout (Top View)

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| Pin Name | I/O | Pin Definition |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CLK0, <u>CLK0</u> CLK1, CLK1 | LVPECL Input LVPECL Input | Differential PLL clock reference (CLK0 pulldown, CLK0 pullup) Differential PLL clock reference (CLK1 pulldown, CLK1 pullup) |
| Ext_FB, Ext_FB | LVPECL Input | Differential PLL feedback clock (Ext_FB pulldown, Ext_FB pullup) |
| Qa0:1, Qa0:1 | LVPECL Output | Differential 1x output pairs |
| Qb0:2, Qb0:2 | LVPECL Output | Differential 4x output pairs |
| Inp0bad | LVCMOS Output | Indicates detection of a bad input reference clock 0 with respect to the feedback signal. The output is active HIGH and will remain HIGH until the alarm reset is asserted |
| Inp1bad | LVCMOS Output | Indicates detection of a bad input reference clock 1 with respect to the feedback signal. The output is active HIGH and will remain HIGH until the alarm reset is asserted |
| Clk_Selected | LVCMOS Output | '0' if clock 0 is selected, '1' if clock 1 is selected |
| Alarm_Reset | LVCMOS Input | '0' will reset the input bad flags and align Clk_Selected with Sel_Clk. The input is "one–shotted" (50kΩ pullup) |
| Sel_Clk | LVCMOS Input | '0' selects CLK0, '1' selects CLK1 (50kΩ pulldown) |
| Manual_Override | LVCMOS Input | '1' disables internal clock switch circuitry (50kΩ pulldown) |
| PLL_En | LVCMOS Input | '0' bypasses selected input reference around the phase–locked loop (50k Ω pullup) |
| MR | LVCMOS Input | '0' resets the internal dividers forcing Q outputs LOW. Asynchronous to the clock (50kΩ pullup) |
| VCCA | Power Supply | PLL power supply |
| VCC | Power Supply | Digital power supply |
| GNDA | Power Supply | PLL ground |
| GND | Power Supply | Digital ground |

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGSa

| Symbol | Characteristics | Min | Max | Unit | Condition |
|--------|---------------------|------|----------------------|------|-----------|
| Vcc | Supply Voltage | -0.3 | 3.9 | V | |
| VIN | DC Input Voltage | -0.3 | V _{CC} +0.3 | V | |
| Vout | DC Output Voltage | -0.3 | V _{CC} +0.3 | V | |
| IIN | DC Input Current | | ±20 | mA | |
| lout | DC Output Current | | ±50 | mA | |
| TS | Storage temperature | -65 | 125 | °C | |

a. Absolute maximum continuous ratings are those maximum values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation at absolute-maximum-rated conditions is not implied.

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Symbol | Characteristics | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Condition |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| VTT | Output termination voltage | | V _{CC} - 2 | | V | |
| MM | ESD Protection (Machine model) | TBD | | | V | |
| HBM | ESD Protection (Human body model) | TBD | | | V | |
| CDM | ESD Protection (Charged device model | TBD | | | V | |
| LU | Latch-up immunity | 200 | | | mA | |
| C _{IN} | Input Capacitance | 4 | 4.0 | | pF | Inputs |
| θЈΑ | Thermal resistance junction to ambient JESD 51-3, single layer test board JESD 51-6, 2S2P multilayer test board | | 83.1 73.3 68.9 63.8 57.4 59.0 54.4 52.5 50.4 47.8 | 86.0 75.4 70.9 65.3 59.6 60.6 55.7 53.8 51.5 48.8 | °C/W °C/W °C/W °C/W °C/W °C/W °C/W °C/W | Natural convection 100 ft/min 200 ft/min 400 ft/min 800 ft/min Natural convection 100 ft/min 200 ft/min 400 ft/min 800 ft/min |
| θЈС | Thermal resistance junction to case | | 23.0 | 26.3 | °C/W | MIL-SPEC 883E Method 1012.1 |
| | Operating junction temperature ^a (continuous operation) MTBF = 9.1 years | | | 110 | °C | |

a. Operating junction temperature impacts device life time. Maximum continuous operating junction temperature should be selected according to the application life time requirements (See application note AN1545 for more information). The device AC and DC parameters are specified up to 110°C junction temperature allowing the MC100ES6226 to be used in applications requiring industrial temperature range. It is recommended that users of the MC100ES6226 employ thermal modeling analysis to assist in applying the junction temperature specifications to their particular application.

DC CHARACTERISTICS $(V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%, T_A = -40^{\circ} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C})^2$

| Symbol | Characteristics | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Condition | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----|------------------------|----------------------|------|-------------------------------------|--|
| LVCMOS | LVCMOS control inputs (OE, FSEL0, FSEL1, MR) | | | | | | |
| VIL | Input voltage low | | | 0.8 | V | | |
| VIH | Input voltage high | 2.0 | | | V | | |
| I _{IN} | Input Current ^b | | | ±TBD | μΑ | $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{IN} = GND$ | |
| LVPECL | clock inputs (CLK, CLK) ^c | | | | | | |
| VPP | AC differential input voltage ^d | 0.1 | | 1.3 | V | Differential operation | |
| VCMR | Differential cross point voltage ^e | 1.0 | | V _{CC} -0.3 | V | Differential operation | |
| ٧ _{IH} | Input high voltage | TBD | | TBD | | 1 | |
| VIL | Input low voltage | TBD | | TBD | 1 | | |
| I _{IN} | Input Current | | | ±TBD | μΑ | V_{IN} = TBD or V_{IN} = TBD | |
| LVPECL | LVPECL clock outputs (QA0-4, QA0-4, QB0-4, QB0-4) | | | | | | |
| Vон | Output High Voltage | TBD | V _{CC} -1.005 | TBD | V | Termination 50Ω to V _{TT} | |
| VOL | Output Low Voltage | TBD | V _{CC} -1.705 | TBD | V | Termination 50Ω to V _{TT} | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Icc | Maximum Power Supply VCC pins | | | TBD | mA | | |
| ICCA | Maximum PLL Power Supply VCC_PLL pin | | | TBD | mA | | |

- a. AC characterisitics are design targets and pending characterization.
- b. Input have internal pullup/pulldown resistors which affect the input current.
- c. Clock inputs driven by LVPECL compatible signals.
- d. Vpp is the minimum differential input voltage swing required to maintain AC characteristic.
- e. V_{CMR} (DC) is the crosspoint of the differential input signal. Functional operation is obtained when the crosspoint is within the V_{CMR} (DC) range and the input swing lies within the V_{PP} (DC) specification.

AC CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$) (Note 5.)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| fvco | PLL VCO Lock Range | 800 | | 1600 | MHz |
| t _{pwi} | | 25 | | 75 | % |
| ^t pd | Propagation Delay (Note 1.) CLKn to Q (Bypass) CLKn to Ext_FB (Locked (Note 2.)) | | | TBD TBD | ns ps |
| V _{PP} | Differential input voltage (peak-to-peak) | | 0.3 | 1.3 | V |
| VCMR | Differential input crosspoint voltage | | | V _{CC} -0.3 | V |
| t _r /t _f | Output Rise/Fall Time | | | TBD | ps |
| ^t skew | Output Skew Within Bank All Outputs | | | 35 50 | ps |
| Δ_{pe} | Maximum Phase Error Deviation | | | TBD (Note 3.) TBD (Note 4.) | ps |
| Δ per/cycle | Rate of Change of Periods 75MHz Output (Note 1., 3.) 300MHz Output (Note 1., 4.) 75MHz Output (Note 1., 4.) 300MHz Output (Note 1., 4.) | | 20 10 200 100 | 50 25 400 200 | ps/cycle |
| t _{pw} | Output Duty Cycle | 45 | | 55 | % |
| ^t jitter | Cycle–to–Cycle Jitter, Standard Deviation (RMS) (Note 1.) | | | 20 | ps |
| tlock | Maximum PLL Lock Time | | | 10 | ms |

- 1. Guaranteed, not production tested.
- 2. Static phase offset between the selected reference clock and the feedback signal.
- Specification holds for a clock switch between two signals no greater than 400ps out of phase. Delta period change per cycle is averaged over the clock switch excursion. (See Applications Information section on page 5 for more detail)
- Specification holds for a clock switch between two signals no greater than ±π out of phase. Delta period change per cycle is averaged over the clock switch excursion.
- 5. PECL output termination is 50 ohms to V_{CC} 2.0V.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The MPC9892 is a dual clock PLL with on-chip Intelligent Dynamic Clock Switch (IDCS) circuitry.

Definitions

primary clock: The input CLK selected by Sel_Clk. secondary clock: The input CLK NOT selected by Sel_Clk. PLL reference signal: The CLK selected as the PLL reference signal by Sel_Clk or IDCS. (IDCS can override Sel_Clk).

Status Functions

CIk_Selected: CIk_Selected (L) indicates CLK0 is selected as the PLL reference signal. CIk_Selected (H) indicates CLK1 is selected as the PLL reference signal.

INP_BAD: Latched (H) when it's CLK is stuck (H) or (L) for at least one Ext_FB period (Pos to Pos or Neg to Neg). Cleared (L) on assertion of Alarm_Reset.

Control Functions

Sel_Clk: Sel_Clk (L) selects CLK0 as the primary clock. Sel_Clk (H) selects CLK1 as the primary clock.

Alarm_Reset: Asserted by a negative edge. Generates a one–shot reset pulse that clears INPUT_BAD latches and Clk Selected latch.

PLL_En: While (L), the PLL reference signal is substituted for the VCO output.

MR: While (L), internal dividers are held in reset which holds all Q outputs LOW.

Man Override (H)

(IDCS is disabled, PLL functions normally). PLL reference signal (as indicated by Clk_Selected) will always be the CLK selected by Sel_Clk. The status function INP_BAD is active in Man Override (H) and (L).

Man Override (L)

(IDCS is enabled, PLL functions enhanced). The first CLK to fail will latch it's INP_BAD (H) status flag and select the other input as the Clk_Selected for the PLL reference clock. Once latched, the Clk_Selected and INP_BAD remain latched until assertion of Alarm_Reset which clears all latches (INP_BADs are cleared and Clk_Selected = Sel_Clk). NOTE: If both CLKs are bad when Alarm_Reset is asserted, both INP_BADs will be latched (H) after one

Ext_FB period and Clk_Selected will be latched (L) indicating CLK0 is the PLL reference signal. While neither INP_BAD is latched (H), the Clk_Selected can be freely changed with Sel_Clk. Whenever a CLK switch occurs, (manually or by IDCS), following the next negative edge of the newly selected PLL reference signal, the next positive edge pair of Ext_FB and the newly selected PLL reference signal will slew to alignment.

To calculate the overall uncertainty between the input CLKs and the outputs from multiple MPC9892's, the following procedure should be used. Assuming that the input CLKs to all MPC9892's are exactly in phase, the total uncertainty will be the sum of the static phase offset, max I/O jitter, and output to output skew.

During a dynamic switch, the output phase between two devices may be increased for a short period of time. If the two input CLKs are 400ps out of phase, a dynamic switch of an MPC9892 will result in an instantaneous phase change of 400ps to the PLL reference signal without a corresponding change in the output phase (due to the limited response of the PLL). As a result, the I/O phase of a device, undergoing this switch, will initially be 400ps and diminish as the PLL slews to its new phase alignment. This transient timing issue should be considered when analyzing the overall skew budget of a system.

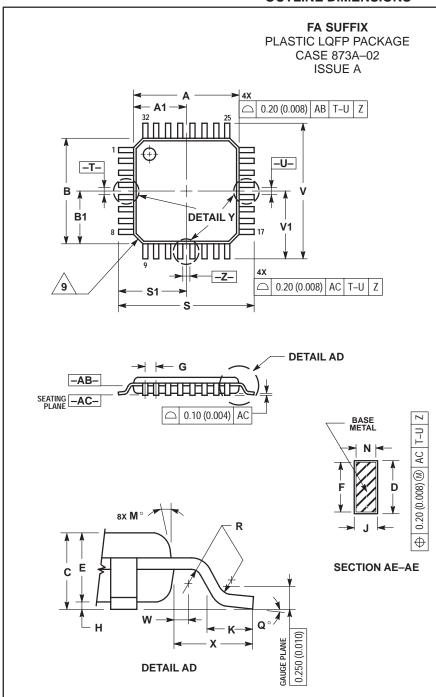
Hot insertion and withdrawal

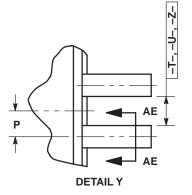
In PECL applications, a powered up driver will experience a low impedance path through an MPC9892 input to its powered down VCC pins. In this case, a 100 ohm series resistance should be used in front of the input pins to limit the driver current. The resistor will have minimal impact on the rise and fall times of the input signals.

Acquiring Frequency Lock

- 1. While the MPC9892 is receiving a valid CLK signal, assert Man Override HIGH.
- 2. The PLL will phase and frequency lock within the specified lock time.
- 3. Apply a HIGH to LOW transition to Alarm_Reset to reset Input Bad flags.
- 4. De-assert Man_Override LOW to enable Intelligent Dynamic Clock Switch mode.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS





NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- Y14.5M, 1982.

 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.

 3. DATUM PLANE AB- IS LOCATED AT BOTTOM OF LEAD AND IS COINCIDENT WITH THE LEAD WHERE THE LEAD EXITS THE PLASTIC BODY AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PARTING LINE.

 4. DATUMS -T., -U., AND -Z.- TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE AB-.

 5. DIMENSIONS S AND V TO BE DETERMINED AT SEATING PLANE AC-.

 6. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION IS 0.250 (0.010) PER SIDE. DIMENSIONS A AND B

- PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION IS
 0.250 (0.010) PER SIDE. DIMENSIONS A AND B
 DO INCLUDE MOLD MISMATCH AND ARE
 DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -AB-.
 7. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR
- PROTRUSION. DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT CAUSE THE D DIMENSION TO EXCEED 0.520 (0.020).
- 0.520 (0.020).
 MINIMUM SOLDER PLATE THICKNESS SHALL BE 0.0076 (0.0003).
 EXACT SHAPE OF EACH CORNER MAY VARY FROM DEPICTION.

| | MILLIN | METERS | INC | HES | |
|-----|--------|--------|-----------|-------|--|
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| Α | 7.000 | BSC | 0.276 BSC | | |
| A1 | 3.500 | BSC | 0.138 | BSC | |
| В | 7.000 | BSC | 0.276 | BSC | |
| B1 | 3.500 | BSC | 0.138 | BSC | |
| С | 1.400 | 1.600 | 0.055 | 0.063 | |
| D | 0.300 | 0.450 | 0.012 | 0.018 | |
| Ε | 1.350 | 1.450 | 0.053 | 0.057 | |
| F | 0.300 | 0.400 | 0.012 | 0.016 | |
| G | 0.800 | BSC | 0.031 | BSC | |
| Н | 0.050 | 0.150 | 0.002 | 0.006 | |
| J | 0.090 | 0.200 | 0.004 | 0.008 | |
| K | 0.500 | 0.700 | 0.020 | 0.028 | |
| M | 12° | REF | 12° REF | | |
| N | 0.090 | 0.160 | 0.004 | 0.006 | |
| P | 0.400 | BSC | 0.016 BSC | | |
| Q | 1° | 5° | 1° | 5° | |
| R | 0.150 | 0.250 | 0.006 | 0.010 | |
| S | 9.000 | BSC | 0.354 BSC | | |
| S1 | 4.500 | BSC | 0.177 BSC | | |
| V | 9.000 | BSC | 0.354 BSC | | |
| V1 | 4.500 | BSC | 0.177 BSC | | |
| W | 0.200 | REF | 0.008 REF | | |
| Х | 1.000 | REF | 0.039 REF | | |

NOTES

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