

**IF AMPLIFIER** 

SEMICONDUCTOR

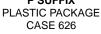
**TECHNICAL DATA** 

# **Monolithic IF Amplifier**

The MC1350 is an integrated circuit featuring wide range AGC for use as an IF amplifier in radio and TV over an operating temperature range of  $0^{\circ}$  to +75°C.

- Power Gain: 50 dB Typ at 45 MHZ 50 dB Typ at 58 MHZ
- AGC Range: 60 dB Min, DC to 45 MHz
- Nearly Constant Input & Output Admittance over the Entire AGC Range
- Y21 Constant ( -3.0 dB) to 90 MHz
- Low Reverse Transfer Admittance: < < 1.0 μmho Typ
- 12 V Operation, Single–Polarity Power Supply

# P SUFFIX

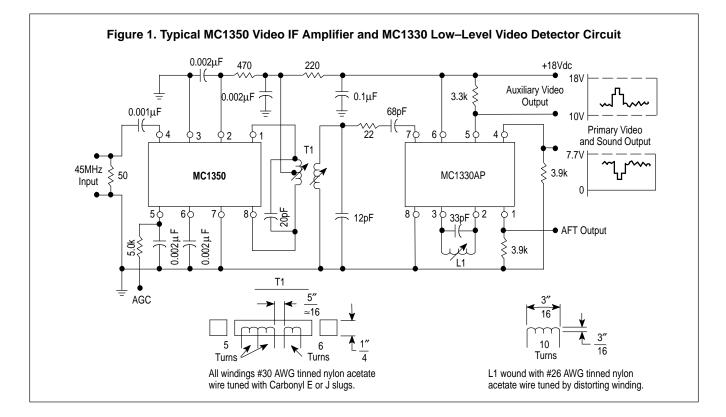


D SUFFIX PLASTIC PACKAGE CASE 751 (SO-8)



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Operating Temperature Range	Package
MC1350P	T <sub>A</sub> = 0° to +75°C	Plastic DIP
MC1350D	$I_{A} = 0.00 + 75 C$	SO–8



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#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol Value Unit Rating V+ Vdc Power Supply Voltage +18 **Output Supply Voltage** V<sub>1</sub>, V<sub>8</sub> +18 Vdc AGC Supply Voltage V+ Vdc VAGC **Differential Input Voltage** 5.0 Vdc Vin Power Dissipation (Package Limitation)  $P_{D}$ 625 Plastic Package mW Derate above 25°C 5.0 mW/°C **Operating Temperature Range** TA 0 to +75 °C

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (V<sup>+</sup> = +12 Vdc, $T_A$ = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
AGC Range, 45 MHz (5.0 V to 7.0 V) (Figure 1)		60	68	-	dB
Power Gain (Pin 5 grounded via a 5.1 k $\Omega$ resistor)f = 58 MHz, BW = 4.5 MHzSee Figure 6(a)f = 45 MHz, BW = 4.5 MHzSee Figure 6(a), (b)f = 10.7 MHz, BW = 350 kHzSee Figure 7f = 455 kHz, BW = 20 kHzSee Figure 7	Ap	_ 46 _ _	48 50 58 62	- - - -	dB
Maximum Differential Voltage Swing 0 dB AGC –30 dB AGC	VO		20 8.0		V <sub>pp</sub>
Output Stage Current (Pins 1 and 8)	l <sub>1</sub> + l <sub>8</sub>	-	5.6	-	mA
Total Supply Current (Pins 1, 2 and 8)	IS	-	14	17	mAdc
Power Dissipation	PD	-	168	204	mW

DESIGN PARAMETERS, Typical Values (V<sup>+</sup> = +12 Vdc, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

		Frequency				
Parameter	Symbol	455 kHz	10.7 MHz	45 MHz	58 MHz	Unit
Single–Ended Input Admittance	911 <sup>b</sup> 11	0.31 0.022	0.36 0.50	0.39 2.30	0.5 2.75	mmho
Input Admittance Variations with AGC (0 dB to 60 dB)	∆g11 ∆b <sub>11</sub>			60 0		μmho
Differential Output Admittance	922 b <sub>22</sub>	4.0 3.0	4.4 110	30 390	60 510	μmho
Output Admittance Variations with AGC (0 dB to 60 dB)	Δg <sub>22</sub> Δb <sub>22</sub>			4.0 90		μmho
Reverse Transfer Admittance (Magnitude)	ly12l	< < 1.0	< < 1.0	< < 1.0	< < 1.0	μmho
Forward Transfer Admittance Magnitude Angle (0 dB AGC) Angle (–30 dB AGC)	У21  < У21 < У21	160 -5.0 -3.0	160 -20 -18	200 80 69	180 105 90	mmho Degrees Degrees
Single-Ended Input Capacitance	C <sub>in</sub>	7.2	7.2	7.4	7.6	pF
Differential Output Capacitance	с <sub>О</sub>	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.6	pF



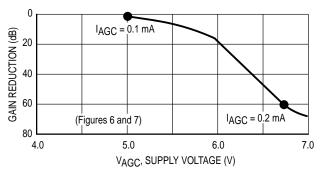
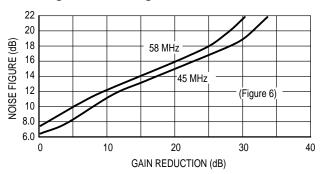


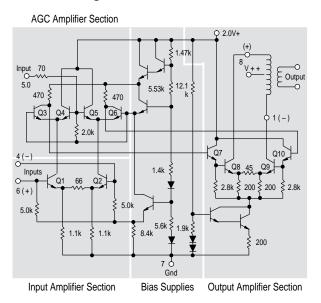
Figure 3. Noise Figure versus Gain Reduction



#### **GENERAL OPERATING INFORMATION**

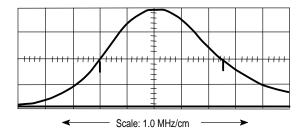
The input amplifiers (Q1 and Q2) operate at constant emitter currents so that input impedance remains independent of AGC action. Input signals may be applied single–ended or differentially (for ac) with identical results. Terminals 4 and 6 may be driven from a transformer, but a dc path from either terminal to ground is not permitted.

**Figure 4. Circuit Schematic** 

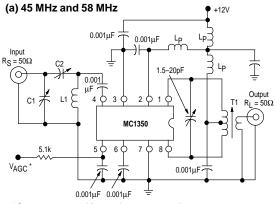


AGC action occurs as a result of an increasing voltage on the base of Q4 and Q5 causing these transistors to conduct more heavily thereby shunting signal current from the interstage amplifiers Q3 and Q6. The output amplifiers are supplied from an active current source to maintain constant quiescent bias thereby holding output admittance nearly constant. Collector voltage for the output amplifier must be supplied through a center–tapped tuning coil to Pins 1 and 8. The 12 V supply (V<sup>+</sup>) at Pin 2 may be used for this purpose, but output admittance remains more nearly constant if a separate 15 V supply (V<sup>+</sup> <sup>+</sup>) is used, because the base voltage on the output amplifier varies with AGC bias.

# Figure 5. Frequency Response Curve (45 MHz and 58 MHz)



#### Figure 6. Power Gain, AGC and Noise Figure Test Circuits



\*Connect to ground for maximum power gain test. All power supply chokes (Lp), are self–resonant at input frequency. Lp  $\geq$  20 k $\Omega$ . See Figure 5 for Frequency Response Curve.

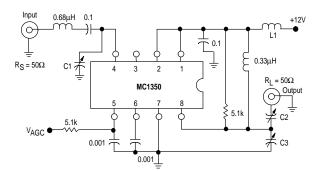
L1 @ 45 MHz = 7 1/4 Turns on a 1/4" coil form @ 58 MHz = 6 Turns on a 1/4" coil form

@ 58 MHZ = 6 Turns on a 1/4 coll form

T1 Primary Winding = 18 Turns on a 1/4" coil form, center–tapped, #25 AWG Secondary Winding = 2 Turns centered over Primary Winding @ 45 MHz = 1 Turn @ 58 MHz

Slug = Carbonyl E or J

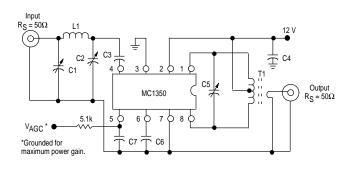
#### (b) Alternate 45 MHz



L1	Ferrite Core 14 Turns 28 S.W.G.	
C1	5–25 pF	
C2	5–25 pF	
C3	5–25 pF	

	45 MHz		58 MHz		
L1	0.4 μH	Q ≥ 100	0.3 μΗ	$Q \ge 100$	
T1	1.3 μH to 3.4 μH	$Q \geq 100 ~@~ 2.0~\mu H$	1.2 μH to 3.8 μH	$Q \geq 100 ~@~ 2.0~\mu H$	
C1	50 pF to160 pF		8.0 p	F to 60 pF	
C2	8.0 pF to 60 pF		3.0 p	F to 35 pF	

#### Figure 7. Power Gain and AGC Test Circuit (455 kHz and 10.7 MHz)



	Frequency		
Component	455 kHz	10.7 MHz	
C1	-	80–450 pF	
C2	-	5.0–80 pF	
C3	0.05 μF	0.001 µF	
C4	0.05 µF	0.05 μF	
C5	0.001 μF	36 pF	
C8	0.05 µF	0.05 μF	
C7	0.05 µF	0.05 µF	
L1		4.6 μF	
T1	Note 1	Note 2	

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{NOTES: 1. Primary: } 120 \ \mu H \ (center-tapped) \\ Q_{U} = 140 \ at \ 455 \ kHz \\ Primary: Secondary \ turns \ ratio \ \approx \ 13 \\ \textbf{2. Primary: } 6.0 \ \mu H \\ Primary \ winding = 24 \ turns \ \#36 \ AWG \\ (close-wound \ on \ 1/4'' \ dia. \ form) \\ Core = Carbonyl \ E \ or \ J \\ Secondary \ winding = 1-1/2 \ turns \ \#36 \ AWG, \ 1/4'' \ dia. \ (wound \ over \ center-tap) \end{array}$ 

Figure 8. Single–Ended Input Admittance

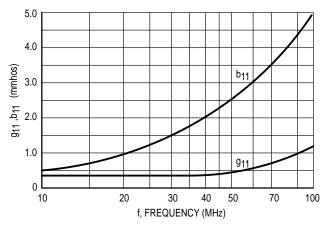


Figure 10. Differential Output Admittance

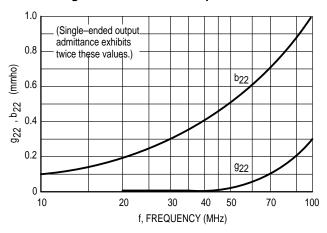
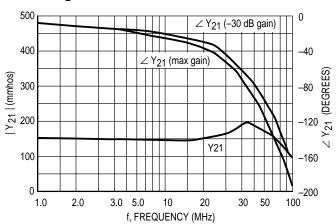
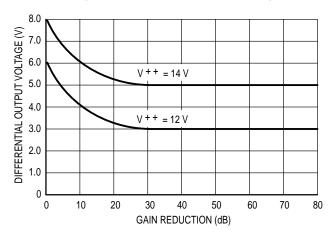


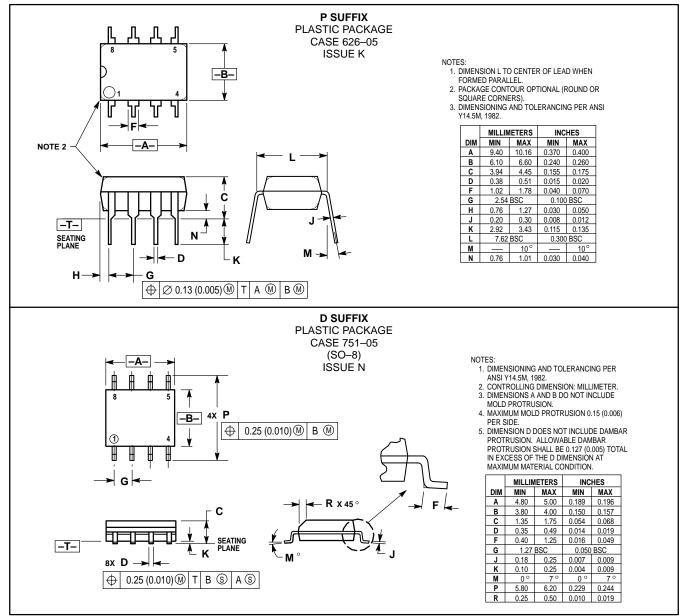
Figure 9. Forward Transfer Admittance







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